



Sahara Safety Razor with Blade
12, Creamy Shaves per Blade
5 Annas per Set.

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozezshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi



VOL VI NO. 181

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JULY 30, 1938

PRICE: ONE ANNA.

REIGN OF TERROR IN RANGOON

Military Police Open Fire On Riotous Mob Curfew Order Proclaimed

INCENDIARISM AND LOOTING CONTINUES

RANGOON, July 29.

Tension between Burmans and Moslems which took an ugly turn since yesterday has brought in its train a reign of terror in the City.

Business is at a standstill. All schools and offices are closed. Transport services have been suspended.

INCENDIARISM AND LOOTING

Burmans played havoc in the Indian quarters in the outlying parts of the City, killing men, children and women and looting shops and houses and setting fire to houses and shops and mosques, stealing and robbing wherever they find an opportunity of despoiling Moslem residents in the City.—United Press.

CASUALTIES IN FIRING

RANGOON, July 29.

To-day's order to open fire on riotous mob was carried out at four different places by military and police between 6 p.m. and 11-30 resulting in four being killed and sixteen wounded. All were Indians.

Casualties since morning total 8 killed and 100 injured, the latter including several Burmans. Shooting combined with the presence of soldiers with fixed bayonets in danger zones is apparently having a deterrent effect on rowdy elements, who are not so daring now and the situation is to that extent calmer.—A.P.

Wide Powers For

Police And Military

RANGOON, July 29.

The Commissioner of Police in Rangoon has issued a public notice stating that the army and police have orders to fire on any person of whatever race seen to attack and kill any other person. They have also been ordered to fire on any person seen looting. The public are warned that assembly of more than five persons is prohibited by law and any such gathering is liable to be dispersed by force.—A. P.

40 KILLED AND 200 INJURED

RANGOON, July 29.

The Muslim residents of the city started retaliating on Burmese houses and passersby and stealing from houses deserted by Burmans. In spite of strong and effective measures, since last evening sporadic violence still continues. Casualties till to-day are about 40 killed and over two hundred injured, over 90 per cent being Indians.

Several Europeans had a nasty experience when brickbats were thrown at the cars in which they were travelling, including that of the staff of H. E. the Governor carrying a messenger. The trouble has spread to the suburbs and the districts and the victims are everywhere reported to be Indians.

TROOPS CALLED OUT

Later, as isolated assaults continued since Thursday night and the whole of to-day, the military police and the British troops have been called out to reinforce the local police and are now posted in the best manner to afford protection to the public. Burmans

and Indians were evacuating the whole of to-day quarters suspected to be dangerous and the university students have been giving assistance to people removing.

In spite of all effective measures, stray looting continued and has not yet been effectively checked. As a result the military and the police have been given orders to fire whenever occasion necessitates.

Curfew order has been issued in the afternoon and residents of all localities are warned by the order not to gather in public roads.

Intimation received here shows that Indians have been assaulted in Insein on the border line of Rangoon and other places. Government have issued orders to reinforce the police wherever necessary.

PANICKY RUMOURS.

A false rumour was spread in the city to the effect that the Shwe Dagon Pagoda had been attacked and burnt. This rumour was responsible for considerable unrest and agitation in Burmese quarters and the fact that it was false did not help.

Agitation and disturbances in the wake of this rumour reached such proportions that the police were obliged to open fire this evening. So far a few persons have been injured in the firing. Their number is unascertainable. Effective measures are now being taken to check the disturbance.—United Press.

NEWSPAPERS SUSPEND PUBLICATION

RANGOON, July 29.

Burmese newspapers suspended publication owing to the District Magistrate's order and held consultations. A further meeting has been convened to-morrow to decide the further course of action to be pursued by the papers with reference to the order.

MILITARY OPENS FIRE.

The Military opened fire again and two were injured. The injured men were both from Chittagong. They were coming out together on the public road in a body when they were fired upon.

Public roads and streets are deserted and the whole City is under Military control under curfew order. No stray assaults have been reported in the city since this evening. But disquieting reports are being received from the districts where several cases are reported in which the victims are all Indians.—United Press.

(EARLIER NEWS ON PAGE 14)

Subhas Bose's Bombay Programme

Will Give Send Off To Congress Medical Unit For China On Aug. 16

CALCUTTA, July 29.

As at present arranged Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose reaches Bombay on August 16, to give a send off to the Congress Medical Unit for China.

He informed the "United Press" that if it suited the convenience of all concerned the Conference of Ministers of Industries be held at Bombay on or after August 16.

From Bombay, Mr. Bose proceeds direct to Madras in connection with his promised tour of the Andhra Desa and Kerala which is expected to take fifteen days.—United Press.

VIJAYALAXMI TO JOIN JAWAHAR

LUCKNOW, July 29.

On medical advice and with the permission of Mahatma Gandhi and Premier Pandit Govind Vallabh Pant, Mrs. Vijayalaxmi Pandit, Minister for Local Self-Government and Public Health, United Provinces, is leaving for Europe by air about the middle of August, where she will join her brother Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.—A.P.

JAWAHAR TO TOUR CZECHOSLOVAKIA

To Reach Prague On August 8.

PRAGUE, July 29.

Pandit Nehru is expected at Prague on August 8. He will spend some time touring Czechoslovakia.—Reuter.

PRINCES MEETING AT TAJ MAHAL HOTEL

BOMBAY, July 29.

An informal meeting of Princes was held at the Taj Mahal Hotel to-day.

Their Highnesses of Bansga, Baria, Chota-Udaipur, Dhrol, Limdi, Palitana and Sachin attended.

The ministers or representatives of Bansga, Baria, Cambay, Chota-Udaipur, Danta, Dharampur, Jawhar, Limdi, Malhar, Sachin and Sangli were also present.

His Highness the Maharaja Sahab of Baria presided. Certain matters of common concern were considered. Further discussion was postponed till to-morrow.—A.P.

SEARCH FOR MISSING FLYING BOAT

SAN FRANCISCO, July 29.

The Pan-American Airways flying boat "Hawaii Clipper" with six passengers and a crew of nine aboard is five hours overdue at Manila after a 1,600 mile flight from Guam island in the Pacific.

An intensive search is being made by aeroplane, ship and submarine for the Pan American Airways' flying boat "Hawaii", now many hours overdue on 1,600 mile flight from Guam island to Manila. The Clipper carries six passengers and crew of nine. No news has been received of the plane since 05:00 B.S.T. when the flyingboat was 565 miles from Manila. Seven aeroplanes, eight naval vessels and six submarines are now scouring the Pacific.—Reuter's Special.

Why Copy Germany?

Pope's Attack On Racism

CASTEL GONDALE, July 29. Addressing students, the Pope again attacked Racism and said, "We have to ask ourselves why Italy should have need to copy Germany with such unhappy initiative."

The only way, thinking Catholically, was to regard all humanity as one great universal human race with, of course, many variations, just as in great musical compositions there were great variations wherein, nevertheless, the same general motive returns, resounds and inspires different intonations and expressions.—Reuter.



LATE LOKMANYA TILAK: whose "birthright is Swaraj" SEE PAGE 7

REFUGEES FROM GERMANY & AUSTRIA

Adjournment Motion In Parliament

LONDON, July 29.

The Parliament broke up this afternoon for the summer recess after an unusually strenuous session and will reassemble normally on November 1, though in case of urgency, it may be convoked earlier.

Among the subjects dealt with on the motion of adjournment was the situation with regard to Jewish and other refugees from Germany and Austria.

Captain Cazalet drew a striking picture of the latter's hopeless prospects and referred to their dark outlook in Hungary and Roumania.

Earl Winterton replying emphasised that the question of others unfortunately placed in Germany in addition to the Jewish minority should also not be lost sight of. He said, he understood it was intended, there should be a British chairman for the International Committee, which would meet in London next week in accordance with the Evian Conference decision. In such event the Government had asked him to be the Chairman.—Reuter.

INCIDENCE OF RENT IN BENGAL

CALCUTTA, July 29.

The Government of Bengal have appointed a committee with a member of the Board of Revenue as chairman, to acquire into the incidence of rent in the province and the existing law regarding the reduction of rent and to make recommendations in the matter.—United Press.

Horrors Of Japanese Vandalism

Madras Mayor To Move Protest Resolution In Response To Canton Appeal

MADRAS, July 29.

The horrors caused in Canton by Japanese air raids will form the subject of an important resolution which will be moved by the Mayor of Madras, Mr. J. Sivasanmugam Pillai at the meeting of the Corporation on Tuesday, August 2.

This is a sequel to a letter received by the Mayor of Madras from the Mayor of Canton drawing attention to horrors of Japanese vandalism and "indiscriminate murderous bombing" of civilians.

The Mayor of Madras will move a resolution protesting against the atrocities.—United Press.

JAPANESE WARSHIP SUNK?

Severe Fighting Reported In Kiukiang

HANKOW, July 29.

Chinese planes bombed Japanese warships in the vicinity of Hukou and it is claimed at least one was sunk and several hit.

Very severe fighting is reported in South and South-West of Kiukiang, where the Japanese clashed with the main body of Chinese forces.—Reuter.

CONSERVATIVE WINS IN BY-ELECTION

LONDON, July 29.

Following is the result of the East Willesden by-election caused by the death of Mr. D. G. Somerville. (Conservative):—

Mr. S. S. Hammesley (Conservative) 16,009.

Mr. M. Orbach (Labour) 12,278. Majority 3,731.

Only forty per cent of the electorate voted.—Reuter.

HUQ DENIES PRESS REPORT

CALCUTTA, July 29.

A Press Note issued this evening says:—

"The attention of the Hon. the Chief Minister has been drawn to a report published in certain newspapers that he had a discussion with Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, President of the Indian National Congress, regarding the reshuffling of the Bengal Ministry."

The Hon. the Chief Minister desires to make it known that the report is entirely without any foundation.—A. P.

Bengal Premier's Appeal To Congress High Command

CALCUTTA, July 29.

An appeal to the Congress High Command to see to it that individual Congress leaders in Bengal or the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee do not become instrumental in "causing violent conflicts and riots in this Province", is made by the Hon. Mr. A.K. Fazlul Huq, Chief Minister of Bengal, in the course of a lengthy statement.

Drawing the attention of the public to Congress Opposition to the present Government, Mr. Huq particularly appeals to Mahatma Gandhi, "whose experience", he says, "should tell him that the game which the Congress in Bengal seems bent upon playing is a dangerous one"—A. P.

Huq Cabinet Forfeits Public Confidence BETRAYAL OF BENGAL PEASANTRY

Mass Rally Demands Ministry's Immediate Resignation

CALCUTTA, July 29.

The resignation of the Huq Ministry forthwith as a sequel to its failure to secure the Governor's assent to the Bengal Tenancy Amendment Bill was demanded by a huge meeting of workers, students and citizens of Calcutta held this evening.

The meeting which was held at the Town Hall, was presided over by Babu Subhas Chandra Bose. Over 25,000 people from the city and the suburbs attended the demonstration.

BETRAYAL OF PEASANTRY

The meeting in a strongly worded resolution condemned the present Bengal Ministry for their utter failure to implement their own declarations and promises regarding amelioration of the pitiable condition of the peasants and further declared that the Ministry had altogether betrayed the cause of the peasantry by its failure to secure the assent of the proper authority to the Bengal Tenancy Amendment Bill before May 31, 1938.

The meeting through a further resolution declared that the Cabinet had forfeited their confidence and demanded their immediate resignation.—United Press.

NO COUNTER-DEMONSTRATION

CALCUTTA, July 29.

While the Provincial Congress Committee, the Trade Union and other Labour organisations have issued appeals for a peasants' demonstration at the foot of the Ochterlony Monument at 2 p.m. to-day to express "resentment of the peasantry of the Province for the failure of the Ministry in implementing its election pledges", the supporters of the Ministry are also contemplating holding counter-demonstration at the said peasants' rally. Lest such rival demonstrations should lead to a clash and a serious breach of the peace, the Premier, Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq, has issued an appeal requesting the supporters of the Ministry not to make such a demonstration to-day.

The surroundings of the Monument are, however, being strongly guarded by the police since 12 noon.

LARGE CROWDS AT MONUMENT

By 4-30 p.m. about 5,000 people, including a large number of college and school boys and girls assembled at the foot of the Monument and the entire crowd is now awaiting the arrival of mill workers, who have just commenced coming in small processions shouting slogans and carrying a red flag.

So far no anti-demonstration (in favour of the Ministry) has been evident and it is stated that they have abandoned their plans following the Chief Minister's advice.—A. P.

Students Join Anti-Ministry Demonstration

CALCUTTA, July 29.

Students of several non-Government Colleges in the city, numbering about two-thousand, came out of their classes after midday recess to join the "Anti-Ministry" demonstration organised in observance of the All-Bengal Peasants' Day. They are now proceeding to the Maidan in procession.—A. P.

BENGAL TENANCY BILL

Governor Sends It Back To Legislatures For Amendment

CALCUTTA, July 29.

After question hour in the Bengal Legislative Assembly to-day the Hon. Speaker read a message from H. E. the Governor of Bengal returning to the two Houses of the Legislature the Bengal Tenancy Amendment Bill, which had been passed by both the Houses of the Bengal Legislature in the last session and recommending amendment of the Bill in respect to the commencement clause of the Bill and also as regards the provision regarding suspension of enhancement of rent for a period of ten years. His Excellency has pointed Hon. Sir B. P. Singh Roy, Revenue Minister, to be member-in-charge of the Bill, which will be placed before the House in respect to the above two provisions of the Bill and fixed August 3 as the date for consideration of the Bill.—A.P.

FOUR-YEAR PLAN OF RURAL UPLIFT

CALCUTTA, July 29.

It is understood that the Director of Rural Reconstruction, Bengal Government, has submitted a comprehensive four-year plan for rural reconstruction for the consideration of the Government.

The plan suggests, among other things, that all Government officers in district areas should take up this work as a part of their normal work, and a separate reconstruction department should be created in the districts for assisting such work.

It is understood that Government will ask for a grant of Rs. 1,00,000 in this connection during the present session of the Bengal Legislative Assembly.—United Press.

STOP PRESS

AIRCRAFT APPOINTMENT.

LONDON, July 29.

Consequent on the expansion of anti-aircraft divisions of the Territorial Army, Major-General J. E. Marshall Cornwall is appointed Deputy Chief, Imperial General Staff (Anti-Aircraft Defence) with rank of Lieut.-General.—Reuter.

NEW GOVERNOR OF MALTA

LONDON, July 29.

Mr. John Adams Hunter of the Colonial Administrative Service, Malaya, has been appointed Governor of Malta in succession to Sir Harry Luke.—Reuter.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word—
Minimum Re. 1

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS

are inserted in these columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (upto 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25% on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletters Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE," if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL," will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE

are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—Box No. (—), "The Bombay Chronicle," must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPE-

WRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

26. MATRIMONIAL.

A cultured young man—Hindu—settled in life requires to get in touch with a cultured girl of any community in view of marriage. Reply to Box No. 10572 "Bombay Chronicle" with full details.

Wanted a Hindu widow or a virgin 16 to 20 of age, for a young Gujarati Hindu of 35 years. Apply Box No. 10583 "Bombay Chronicle."

A young Sarawati Businessman wants a suitable match of same caste. Write to the Box No. 10585, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—For two young lady graduates, Brahmin or Khatri youngmen between 32-36 years with European qualifications well settled in life. Apply Box No. 10581, "Bombay Chronicle."

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted clerks, Graduates, Lawyers, Doctors, Teachers, Overseers, Sub-overseers, Engineers and Supervisors to consult Hastings & Co., Fatehpuri, Delhi. (10592)

Wanted Experienced and Influential persons to work as Branch Secretaries. Salary Rs. 75/- per day. Apply stating experience, business put in to the Kurukshetra Insurance Co., Ltd., Delhi. (10589)

Wanted a Gujarati Undergraduate Teacher for an A. V. school in a suburb. Apply stating qualifications, experience, salary expected Box No. 10575 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—Students for D.N.O. to learn the cure of defective eyesight without glasses, Hydropathy, Naturopathy, Dietetics, etc. College opens from Oct., course two years. Apply for prospectus to Dr. Agarwal's Eye Institute, Delhi. (10542)

Wanted an experienced Salesman well conversant with the Bombay City and mofussil markets—medicine line. Apply giving details with copies of testimonials to Box No. 10590 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Technically or practically qualified Spinning Assistant for Night Shift in a Mill in Bengal. Hard working and experienced men, with aptitude and labour organising ability for Ring Frame work will be preferred. Apply with salary expected to Box No. 10526 "Bombay Chronicle."

43. SITUATIONS WANTED

Retired Government Servant, knowing Company matters, can also manage Trust and Charities seeks chiefly as occupation employment in Bombay or responsible post in Native State. Modest remuneration. Apply Box No. 10586 "Bombay Chronicle."

52. TO BE LET.

To Let—At Cambata Building, Churchgate Reclamation, large airy residential and office flats, also special 2-bedroom flats, fully equipped with unique westerly situation and most up-to-date shops. Apply Manager on premises. (10594)

68. FLATS TO LET

To Be Let—Airy Bright flat top floor at "Rama Mansions" No. 3, Tejpal Road Gamdevi, one drawing Room, three bedrooms, one kitchen, four bath rooms and two latrines. For rent, etc. See personally on the premises or Phone No. 41208. (10585)

72. TO LET IN SUBURBS

Andheri, Ghodbunder Road, Bungalow 34, newly painted ground floor two flats for all. Apply Navajbai Maneckshaw Contractor, Nowroji Vakil Street, near Grant Road Post Office. (10591)

91. SUB TENANTS WANTED

Office to Sub Let—Airy, with Chamber Telephone and Fan. Rent from Rs. 20 to 25 Sec. U. H. Kulkarni & Co., 231, Hornby Road Bombay. Tel. 23105. (10578)

141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS.

Rao's Tailoring College (Pioneer and Premier Institution). No Branches. Special "Full Course" (54 garments) for Rs. 205 with practical tailoring. 109, Gaywadi, Girgaum, Bombay. (10588)

MOTOR DRIVING TUITION

Motor Driving Taught Perfectly within fifteen days by expert on our car. Charges moderate. Apply Box No. 10587, "Bombay Chronicle."

191. MEDICAL ADLETS

Hernia—Wonderful cure by outward application. Thousands cured radically. Apply for particulars: H. C. Roy, 118, Upper Circular Road, Calcutta. (10261)

196. MEDICAL SPECIALISTS

England-Germany returned Research Scientist invites four sufferers from Asthma, in the first instance, to try the New Treatment, Free of all charges. Interviews between 3 and 6 only. Please apply—"Asthma", Regent Hotel, Ballard Pier, Bombay. (10576)

41. PROFESSIONAL ADLETS

For realisation of commercial debts and execution of decrees please write to the Commercial Claims Bureau, Paharganj, New Delhi. (10567)

702. MACHINERY FOR SALE

Drawing Presses for utensils; Lathes, Drilling, milling, slotting shaping; Coldstart crude oil engines, 50, 80, 120, 200 B.H.P. Concrete Mixer, Mortar Mill Portable. Post Box 448, Bombay. (10579)

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted experienced paid agents, Chief Agents, Managers on Rs. 50, 100, 150 p.m., plus T.A. for selling Shares and organising Industrial Insurance Schemes. Doaba Assurance Ltd., Gurdaspur. (10593)

Wanted Agents—Why Waste Money in lotteries, puzzles, competitions, bonds, donations etc. prize distributing companies. We take nothing, but distribute 3,00,000. Write for agency, membership terms. P. O. 49, Hyderabad, Sind. (10598)

348. ESTATES & PROPERTIES

Open land in suburban for gardening on long lease, with or without cottage or trees. Post Box 448, Bombay. (10580)

468. FRUITS & VEGETABLES

Advance Essential! Mangoes, Lichis and miscellaneous grafts and flower plants at cheapest cost. Graft catalogue free. Superintendent, Universal Nursery, Laheriasarai, Darbhanga. (10582)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

Per column inch.	
Per insertion.	
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

VISVA-BHARATI.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for a LECTURESHIP in Islamic Studies in the Research Department of Visva-Bharati on a salary of Rs. 100 a month. Only those need apply who are well qualified in Arabic, Persian and Urdu and have had more than 3 years research experience in Islamic Studies in a recognised Institute. Candidates should state age, qualifications, previous career, etc., and must enclose relevant certificates and references to, or copies of their most important research publications. Applications should reach the Secretary, Santiniketan, Bengal before 15th August, 1938. 9078.

No. 332-I (2)/37.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.

Simla, the 14th June 1938.

TAKE NOTICE that it has been brought to the notice of the Governor-General in Council that continual default has been made by the Aryan Life Assurance Society, (formerly known as Aryan Mutual Life Assurance Society, Limited) in complying with the requirements of the Indian Life Assurance Companies Act 1912, in particular, in the failure, although frequently called upon to do so, to deposit with the Reserve Bank of India Government Securities as required by the provisions of the Act for its business transacted during the year ending 31st March, 1938 and that by reason of such defaults the penalties and liabilities prescribed in section 34 of the Act appear to the Government of India to have been incurred by the Company and by the officers of the Company therein named.

The immediate remedy of such default is hereby demanded on behalf of the Governor-General in Council and the Company and you, the Directors, the Managing Agents, and the Secretary of the Company, and all other Officers of the Company, are to take warning of the consequences of such defaults.

DATED this 14th day of June, 1938.

M. SLADE.

Secretary to the Government of India.

- Messrs. The Aryan Life Assurance Society, Limited, Hummam Street, Fort, Bombay.
- Motilal Bawalal, Esquire, B. A. Ex-Director, Aryan Life Assurance Society, Limited, Hummam Street, Fort, Bombay.
- Amratlal K. Doshi, Esquire, B. A. Ex-Director, Aryan Life Assurance Society, Limited, Hummam Street, Fort, Bombay.
- Nanlal C. Mehta, Esquire, Ex-Director, Aryan Life Assurance Society, Limited, Hummam Street, Fort, Bombay.
- S. J. Godivala, Esquire, Ex-Director, Aryan Life Assurance Society, Limited, Hummam Street, Fort, Bombay.
- N. F. Sheth, Esquire, M.B.B.S., Ex-Director, Aryan Life Assurance Society, Limited, Hummam Street, Fort, Bombay.
- H. P. Parekh, Esquire, B.A. LL.B., Ex-Director, Aryan Life Assurance Society, Limited, Hummam Street, Fort, Bombay.
- R. L. Muni, Esquire, B.A. LL.B., Director, Aryan Life Assurance Society, Limited, Hummam Street, Fort, Bombay.
- Messrs. R. L. Muni and Company, Secretaries, Aryan Life Assurance Society, Limited, Hummam Street, Fort, Bombay.
- J. M. Thakore, Esquire Manager, Aryan Life Assurance Society, Limited, Hummam Street, Fort, Bombay.

9120.

Public Notices

WANTED

Immediately a Gujarati knowing L.O.P.S. LADY DOCTOR. Apply stating age, experience, caste and least salary expected together with copies of testimonials to THE HOME MEMBER, Wankaner State Council, Wankaner, Kathiawar. (9134)

THE TATA IRON & STEEL COMPANY, LTD.

TOWN DIVISION, JAMSHEDPUR TO BUILDING CONTRACTORS:

The Tata Iron & Steel Co., Ltd. invite separate Tenders from experienced contracting firms for each of the undermentioned housing schemes at Jamshedpur.

- (a) 60 Units three-roomed houses, (b) 576 Units two-roomed houses at Kadma, opposite the Dairy Farm.
- (a) 60 Units three-roomed houses, 202 Units two-roomed houses at Kadma Slope.
- 222 Units two-roomed houses on three sites in 'L' Town.
- 60 Units one-room quarters at Main Hospital.
- 150 Units one-room quarters at Dhatkidih.
- 100 Units one-room quarters at Bhalubhassa.
- 50 Units one-room quarters at Namdih Road.
- Copies of the Conditions of Contract, Specifications, Form of Tenders, together with drawings, may be obtained on application to the Chief Town Engineer, Jamshedpur, upon payment of a deposit of Rs. 150, which will be returned upon receipt of bonafide tenders and the return of all documents.
- Each of the above-mentioned schemes is to be considered as a separate and distinct work, and the Steel Company reserves the right to accept any one or more of the tenders of individual firms.
- Tenders for each of the schemes must be submitted in a separate plain sealed envelope, marked "HOUSING SCHEME NO. 1" or as the case may be, and delivered to the Chief Town Administrator, Town Administration Office, Jamshedpur, not later than 3 p.m. on Monday, 22nd August 1938.
- The Steel Company does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

(9135)

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that NARAYAN VASANTRAO JAYKAR, of Bombay Hindu inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client, MR. VISHNU RAMCHANDRA DHARWARKAR.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise whatsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 72, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of leasehold land or ground with the messuage tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, situated, lying and being on the Vincent Road, Dadar, Bombay in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay in the Island of Bombay containing by admeasurement 651 square yards or thereabouts being Municipal Plot No. 165 C of the Dadar Matunga Estate Cadastral Survey No. 1500/10 Matunga Division and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under F Ward No. 7188 (IC) and Street No. 755 C and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the East by Plot No. 165 A owned by Messrs. Doongerssee S. Joshi & Sons, on or towards the West by Plot No. 165 E owned by Mr. Bandekar, on or towards the North by Plot No. 164 owned by Dr. Miss Rane and on or towards the South by Plot No. 165 D owned by Dr. Mrs. Shakuntala Talpade and which said premises are occupied by the European Pensioners & widows Home.

Dated this 28th day of July, 1938.

FERREIRA & VALLABHDAS.

Purchaser's Attorneys.

9131.

Public Notices.

ADVERTISEMENT.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for a temporary post of Wireless Operator for the College of Engineering, Poona, on the scale of pay of Rs. 90-52-140, which is liable to revision. Applications must reach the Principal of the College not later than 11th August, 1938. Intending candidates will be supplied with the form of application and the memo of information regarding qualifications duties of the post, conditions of service etc. on application to the Principal.

SHIV NARAYAN,
Principal,
College of Engineering,
Poona.

(9135)

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. MALLU RAJARAM JILKAR has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

Any person having any claim or interest in or to the said property by way of sale, mortgage, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office in Spinner Building, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay and to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof; otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be deemed to have been waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of land or ground of Government Quit and Ground Rent Tenure together with the messuages tenements and dwelling house standing thereon, situated, lying and being at 9th Kamathipura Street, within City and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, known as "Kitchen Property" and containing according to previous title-deeds 87-5/9ths square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 6714 and Cadastral Survey No. 541 of Byculla Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E. Ward No. 1767 and Old Street No. 11 and New Street No. 10 and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the North by sweepers passage on or towards the South by 9th Kamathipura Street on or towards the East by the property of Nundlal Varjial bearing Cadastral Survey No. 542 and on or towards the West by the property of Balmahal widow of Laxooman Rajna Rawaloo bearing Cadastral Survey No. 540 and which said piece or parcel of land is delineated with red boundary lines on the plan hereto annexed.

Dated this 29th day of July, 1938.

SOLOMON & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

9138.

Auction Sales

D. MISTRY & CO.

GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO SUBURBAN MODERN FURNITURE BUYERS.

Grand Auction Sale of modern household furniture, Jarri embroidered photo frame, Gramophone, carpet rich cut glassware crockery, ornaments, best plated-ware, etc., TO-MORROW (SUNDAY), at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.), at "Ferndale" Bungalow, Caddle Road, Malim. Property of R. C. Underwood Esq., and others. On view. D. MISTRY & Co., Auctioneers. Tel. No. 22801.

VORA & CO.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW

(SUNDAY) at 10-30 A.M. (S.T.) at Hughes Road, Opp. Messrs. Hyland Co., of complete Flat furniture, Cabinet Gramophone, Remington portable typewriter, Singer Machine, Wrist watches, Harmoniums, Godrej safe, Columbia portable gramophone, Remington typewriter, A.C. Fans, Chesterfield sets, Wardrobes, Bronze and Marble Figures, Hall Carpets, Dining table and Chairs, Side board, glassware, etc.

MASTER OR SLAVE?

"Man is Master of his own Destiny,"
—say some.

"There is a Destiny that shapes our ends,"
—say others.

The JAILOR tried to rule his own FATE and to mould other people's Destiny as well. RESULT? See it in:—

'Jailor'

MINERVA'S
SENSATIONAL SOCIAL

Starring:

SOHRAB MODI (Director),
LEELA CHITNIS, SHEELA,
SADIQALL.

3rd Week
Daily: 5-15, 8 & 10-30 p.m.
Sat., Sun., Hol.: 2-30 p.m.

KRISHNA

TALKIES :: DUBASH THEATRE.

GLOBE TALKIES

Sandhurst Road
Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 P.M.
Fri. Sat. Sun. & Holidays at 2-45 P.M.
THRILLS! CHILLS! SPILLS!
KILLS!

FINAL EPISODES
LAST 14 REELS.

"THE VANISHING LEGION"
with
HARRY CAREY
EDVINA BOOTH

TO-MORROW MORNING SHOW
AT 10-30 A.M.

A Golden Page from Epic—
RAMAYANA

"SATI SULOCHANA"

OR
INDRAJIT VADHA
(IN TELEGU)

The BROADWAY

Kingsway Dadar

Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 P.M.

Another Cavalcade from
FRANK LLOYD

"WELLS FARGO"

featuring
JOEL MCCREA
BOB BURNS
FRANCES DEE

Westward the course of empire takes its way marching, fighting building with the steel of pioneer courage, the iron of pioneer will, the greatest empire in the whole history of man....

A PARAMOUNT PICTURE

TO-MORROW AT 10-30 A.M.

H. G. WELLS'S
Amazing prediction of the future

THINGS TO COME

Fifth Fascinating Week

New Theatres'
SOCIAL ARGUMENT

"ABHAGIN"

Starring—
MOLINA, PRITHVIRAJ, B.A.

Time: 5-15, 8, 10-45
Sat., Sun. and Holidays
at 2-30 p.m.

The MINERVA

THIS MUCH SPACE QUITE ENOUGH TO ANNOUNCE that

It's coming very soon!

Picture with a message

Dharti-Mata

Coming very shortly at the

MINERVA

C.F.E. Release!

WELLINGTON

Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

GAY — LILTING LAUGHTER !

GRACE MOORE

I N

"I'LL TAKE ROMANCE"

W I T H

MELVYN DOUGLAS
HELEN WESTLEY

Singing and Swinging their carefree way!

Plans Open —:— Phone 22668

SUNDAY MORNING SHOW:
10 A.M.

LOST HORIZON

with
RONALD COLMAN, EDWARD
EVERETT HORTON

TO-DAY & TO-MORROW ONLY!

THE EXCELSIOR

THREE SHOWS DAILY:
AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

FRED ASTAIRE
GINGER ROGERS

IN THEIR GREATEST HIT

"TOP HAT"

with
EDWARD EVERETT HORTON
An R-K-O Radio Picture

NEW EMPIRE

At 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

SECOND WEEK

And Still Going Strong

Adolph Zukor presents

DOROTHY LAMOUR

RAY MILLAND

IN

"HER JUNGLE LOVE"

IN GLORIOUS
TECHNICOLOR

A Paramount Picture with

LYNNE OVERMAN

Directed by George Archambaud

Lincolns Win Meakin Cup

Suffolks Go Down By Two Goals In Final

BOMBAY, Friday. The Lincolnshire Regiment from Nasirabad, won the Meakin Football Cup, beating the Suffolk Regiment, Mhow, by 2 clear goals. In the final, at the Cooperage, on Friday evening, before a big crowd.

The Lincolns played dashing football and were worthy winners, while the Suffolks' inclination to hang on to the ball and poor shooting cost them the match, in so far as it spoiled many a dangerous movement.

SMART GOALKEEPER

The Champions have to thank Read, their custodian, who pulled his side out of fire on many occasions and was responsible for keeping their goal intact. Drury and Speck, the winners' backs, formed a strong rear guard. Their long and safe clearances always kept the Mhow Regiment's forwards at a distance from the danger-zone. The half-backs worked very hard, while the attack-line also did its job quite satisfactorily. Allen, their centre-forward, who was responsible for both the goals obtained by his side, was easily the best man in the forward-line.

FORWARDS TO BLAME

Coming to the losers, one must give credit to the defenders, the goalkeeper, Bond, in particular, but for whom the Suffolks would have lost by a much bigger margin. The forwards failed miserably and due to their poor shooting and lack of cohesion, they threw away a number of likely openings.

THE PLAY

The Suffolks broke away with a left-wing move. Drury, the Lincolns' right back, met the ball, when Stannard sent it across and made a long clearance. The Nasirabad Regiment now got going and raided their opponents' citadel, where Bond brought off 2 excellent saves in quick succession. The Lincolnshire forwards kept up their hot attack and success came their way in the 5th minute, when Allen, their

centre-forward, smartly put his head to the ball, which was centred by Smalley and obtained an early lead for his side. Allen was presented with another scoring opportunity, a little later, but this time, he shot wide.

The Suffolks transferred play and a melee in front of the Lincolns' goal-mouth seemed dangerous but Speck cleared and saved the situation. Towers, the winners' pivot, put Skellett in possession, the latter, after running down the left flank, centred correctly. Allen dashed up to meet the ball. This he did, but failed to do the needful, heading wide from a close up. Bond saved a difficult one from Skellett and then Read, in the opposite goal, proved that he was an equally good if not a better goalkeeper by saving a couple of fine shots, his best being, when Upson and Stannard took the ball up in an excellent short passing combination and the former's forceful shot was put to naught by Read.

The Suffolks tried hard to level the score towards the close of the first half but to no purpose and the Lincolns crossed over with a lead of 1 goal.

Shortly after the change of ends, the Nasirabad visitors, forced a brisk pace and Allen, reaching the ball, off a pass by the inside-left, took a powerful straight drive, which was brilliantly saved by Bond. This was, perhaps, the best save of the match. Allen shot wide, when the Lincolns' attack-line had run through their opponent's defence again, while at the other end, a well-combined effort, by the Suffolks' forwards, bore no fruit, Read saving a hard one from Boulwood.

Following this play was confined to midfield for about 10 minutes and then Wilson, tried Bond with an angular shot. The winners gained the upper hand at this stage and in the 18th minute after the re-start, Allen put the issue beyond doubt, (Continued in col. 3)



Mr. Ram Prakash, well-known cricketer from Punjab, who returned to Bombay by mail boat on Thursday.

RAM PRAKASH FOR LAHORE

"I Was Utterly Disappointed With Rajputana Team's Tour" Says N. India Cricketer

Ram Prakash, the well-known Northern India Cricketer, who returned to Bombay by the Mail boat on Thursday, left for Lahore by the Frontier Mail on Friday night.

Interviewed by a representative of the "Bombay Chronicle", Ram Prakash said, "I was utterly disappointed with the arrangements made by Mr. W. D. Begg, for the tour of the Rajputana Cricket Team in England. The underlying trouble was that Mr. Begg took as many as 21 players and very little money."

"I feel sorry I joined the team in England though there is a little consolation that I did so on the advice of India's Popular Test Captain, Mr. V. M. Merchant, whom I wired a few days before I left India and who later wrote to me to make the trip, as it would help me to gain the experience of the English cricket", concluded Ram Prakash.

Despite his illness, due to which he could not play in a number of matches, Ram Prakash came fourth in the batting averages.

(Continued From Col. 2)

putting his side one more up. Skellett took a shot, which Bond saved but Allen had rushed on in time to score from the rebound. Suffolks retaliated but their forwards met with stiff opposition from the winners' backs and more so from Read, who was as safe as could be desired.

Towards the end the losers went all out to reduce their opponents' lead but without any result and the final whistle found the Lincolnshire Regiment, Nasirabad, winners of the Meakin Cup.

PRIZE DISTRIBUTION

Major Scobell congratulated the winners and the runners-up and then Mrs. Scobell presented the Meakin Cup to the Captain of the Lincolnshire Regiment.

RESULT:

LINCOLNS: 2 goals. SUFFOLKS: Nil.

TEAMS:

LINCOLNS: Read; Drury and Speck; Wilson, Towers and Beveridge; Smalley, Hickin, Allen, Turner and Skelett.

SUFFOLKS: Bond; Abbott and Alliston; Jockell, Moss and Fountain; Mean, Boulwood, Cook, Upson and Stannard.

REFEREE: Capt. J. M. Lee. LINESMEN: L. Hibbert and W. Stradley.

HAMMOND TO LEAD M. C. C.

Tour Of South Africa

LONDON, July 29.

M.C.C. have invited the following players to tour South Africa:—Hammond (Captain),

Farnes, Yardley, Giddy, Ams, Compton, Edrich, Hutton, and Faynter.

The remainder will be invited in a fortnight's time.—Reuter.

BELGIAN GOVT.'S MOVE TO CHECK ILLEGAL IMMIGRATION

Foreigners Wishing To Settle In Belgium Advised To Apply For 'Permis De Sejour'

The Belgian Consul General, Bombay, writes:—

Attention of the public is hereby drawn to the fact that foreigners desirous of settling permanently in Belgium must first provide themselves with the documents prescribed by the International Agreements (identity card, passport, visa). The Agreements are based on the principle of the strictest reciprocity.

To admit that a foreigner may enter Belgium with impunity in contravention of these agreements, is to abolish at once the International Agreements, to the sole benefit of foreigners, without equal facilities for the Belgian nationals who shall continue to be bound by these Agreements.

Strict instructions have been issued to the Police and the Customs officers in order to prevent foreigners from entering Belgium, who without being in possession of the necessary papers try to cross the Belgian boundaries.

In order to encourage tourism and trade, the Belgian Consulates have been empowered to grant special tourist or business visas. It has come to the knowledge of the Belgian Authorities that foreigners coming to Belgium covered by such visas, do not leave the country on the expiry of such visas and try to settle permanently in the country.

This attitude is inadmissible and the Belgian Government shall not tolerate foreigners who thus deliberately violate the rules and regulations in force and aggravate the economic situation of the country.

Foreigners who wish to settle in Belgium with a view to practise a trade, carry on a business or to be engaged in manual labour, have to apply to the Belgian Consulates for information regarding the formalities to be complied with by them in order to be granted permission to settle in the country.

The applications for "permis de sejour" in Belgium, submitted in due form, are to be considered by the "Surete Publique Belge", who will examine them with care in order to safeguard national economy and public peace.

FOUR-ANNA TAXIS COME TO STAY

Over 800 Members Of Union To Ply For Reduced Rate

BOMBAY, July 29.

Has the four-anna taxi come to stay in Bombay? If figures are any indication of the permanency of this welcome change, then the position is full of hope, for out of a total of 953 taxi-cabs licensed in Bombay, over 800 have already signed the four-anna pledge and put up their White Trade Union Flags on the radiators, indicating that they have reduced the fare from six to four annas a mile.

REAL CONSIDERATION

Mr. S. H. Jhabvala, Honorary Secretary of the Bombay Taxi Drivers' Union, in the course of an interview to the Associated Press, stated that the whole vehicular traffic of Bombay has to-day been so evolved that in fixing the tariff for the different vehicles, the taxi driver can best adjust himself. He adds that the four-anna taxi has been brought into existence with a view to satisfying the economic needs of the people, who are getting increasingly taxi-minded.

COME TO STAY

Mr. Jhabvala asserts that independent taxi-owners who ply the cars with the aid of drivers are about only two dozens. The rest are members of the Union. The new four-anna taxi scheme which came into being on July 26, is, therefore, bound to stay. Mr. Jhabvala thinks that this reduction in fares will have far-reaching consequences and that if only the public fully respond to the new amenity held out to them, before long Bombay City will have 2,000 taxis, all smart and fit, at the service of passengers.

REVENUE MINISTER TO VISIT BELGAUM.

The Hon. Mr. M. R. Desai, Revenue Minister, will leave Poona for Belgaum on August 5 to preside over a conference of Revenue Officials which takes place there on August 6 and 7th and will return to Poona on August 8.

UNITY EFFORTS FAIL

BOMBAY, Friday.

A move on the part of the Municipal Workers' Union, Bombay, to secure a single union through the incorporation of the rival Bombay Municipal Kamdar Sangh which claims a larger membership and is under the presidency of Dr. B. R. Ambedkar has failed, it is learnt.

The Bombay Municipal Kamdar Sangh have raised the preliminary objection that the other union is not affiliated to the independent Labour Party to which they belong. The Municipal Workers' Union contend that the National Trades Union Federation under whose auspices the Bombay Municipal Kamdar Sangh was originally formed has been merged in the Trade Union Congress which is now the supreme body and intend to invoke its action in the matter.

The Municipal Workers' Union was originally formed under the name of the Municipal Workers' Union but it lost its registration in 1933 through neglecting to submit its statement of accounts within the time limit laid down by the Trade Unions Act, and was subsequently reconstituted under its present name. The Municipal Kamdar Sangh was incorporated about the time of the losing of its registration by the other union.

Australians Win By Innings And 218 Runs

Match Against Somerset At Taunton

LONDON, July 19.

In the match played at Taunton between the Australians and Somerset, the tourists won by an innings and 218 runs.

25 minutes sufficed to dismiss the remaining Somerset wickets for an addition of 17 runs to the overnight total of 119.

Although the wicket was wearing well, Fleetwood Smith captured all the four wickets to-day in 25 deliveries conceding only 9 runs.

Andrews snicked the ball, which broke sharply and was caught by Walker off Fleetwood Smith without adding to his score of 20 (120/7).

Wellard, who replaced him, was out 1-b-w. to the same bowler for 6 (130/8). 1 run later Barnwell was bowled by Fleetwood Smith for 18 (131/9). Barnwell was at the wicket for 40 minutes.

The last pair Luckes and Hazell, each, added one run before Luckes was bowled by Fleetwood Smith and the innings came to a close with the total being 136.

The Australians won the match

by an innings and 218 runs.

SCORES:—
Somerset (1st Innings) 136
Australians (1st Innings) 466
for 6 wickets, declared
Somerset (2nd Innings)
Lyon, c Walker, b White 3
Lee, c Chipperfield, b White 4
Buse, 1-b-w, O'Reilly 33
Mayer, c Badoock, b O'Reilly 19
Longrigg, c Chipperfield, b Fleetwood Smith 28
Gimblett, c Hassett, b Ward 27
Andrews, c Walker, b Fleetwood Smith 16
Barnwell, b Fleetwood Smith 18
Wellard 1-b-w, b Fleetwood Smith 20
Luckes b Fleetwood Smith 1
Hazell (Not Out) 1
Extras 8

Total 136

BOWLING ANALYSIS				
	O	M	R	W
White	12	6	13	2
Hassett	4	0	8	0
Ward	15	2	63	1
O'Reilly	6	1	17	2
Fleetwood Smith	11.1	1	30	5

BEGINS TO-DAY

The Picture you have been waiting for!

THE MOST-TALKED-OF FILM
IN YEARS!

SARASWATI
CINETONE'S
FILMUSICAL
ACHIEVEMENT
OF
THE YEAR!



ANCIENT INDIA'S
GREATEST
KING:
IN MODERN
INDIA'S
GREATEST PICTURE!

"Raja Gopichand"

(MARATHI)

Produced by
DADASAHEB TORNEY;

Scenario & Direction:
BHAL G. PENDHARKAR.

Melodious
MUSIC

MADE
MAGNIFICENT
BY
THESE SIX
SHINING STARS:

For Years,
You have been
IMAGINING
a Perfect Picture:
Now
See Your Vision
COME TRUE!

Maddening
MIRTH/
Elevating
ACTING
Sensational
SCENES!

Art Director:
BAL GAJBAR;

Photography:
PUROHIT;

Music by:
C. BALAJI;

Sound Record:
AHLUWALIA;

From
TO-DAY
AT

Daily: 5-15,
8, & 10-45
p.m.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

Distributors: KAPURCHAND LTD., BOMBAY 4.

To-day,
To-morrow,
Monday,
2-30 p.m.

Three Stars

AND THEY ARE A SKYFUL!



RAM MARATHEY: he conquers your heart as Krishna.
SHANTA APTE: she makes a dainty Radha
PARASHRAM: he merrily mocks at Mithu as Mansookh.

GRAND SCENES!! 14-SONG-HITS!!

THEY ARE AN EYEFUL THEY ARE SOULFUL

'Gopal Krishna'

(HINDI).



MADE BY
PRABHAT:
IT IS
MATCHLESSLY SUCCESSFUL

STILL NOW IN THE 13TH WEEK!
Drawing PREMIERE CROWDS
Daily: 5-15, 8, 10-30 p.m.
Sat., Sun., Holl. 2-30 p.m.

CINEMA, Girgaum.

* To be released to-day at MODEL TALKIES, AHMEDABAD.

World Of Sport— Home And Abroad

An Irreparable Loss To Indian Sport—Sir Nowroji Saklat- walla's Demise

(BY LOOKER ON).
The news of the sudden passing away of Sir Nowroji Saklatwalla came as a bolt from the blue on the Indian sporting world. When he left for Europe three months ago on a holiday, few could have dreamt that he was not to return to his homeland again. As in other spheres of his life, Sir Nowroji has left a deep void in the sporting life of this country. Bombay in particular has sustained an irreparable loss. He was the life and soul of several institutions in this city. The Cricket Club of India and the Bombay Presidency Olympic Association whose guiding star he was, are sure to feel his demise the most. They are just passing through troubled waters and therefore needed his valuable help and wise counsel as much as possible. They will now find it so difficult to pilot their boats to a safe haven. Sir Nowroji was geniality, sincerity, generosity and straight forwardness personified—in short a thorough sportsman. Anybody who came in personal contact with him could not but love and respect him. I offer my sincere condolences to his bereaved family.

MANAVADAR'S SUCCESS IN NEW ZEALAND.
Every hockey lover in this country will feel delighted at the news that the Manavadar State team which is now touring New Zealand, has not only won all their engagements so far by substantial

margins but has also defeated New Zealand as a whole in a "Test" match to the tune of 5 goals to nil. This is a much better result than the one recorded by the Indian Hockey Federation team in 1935 which had such stalwarts as Dnyan Chand and Rup Singh in its composition. The latter had won by 4 goals to 2. The Manavadar State team deserve to be highly congratulated on their splendid victory. It is hoped that they will pursue their career of success till the end of the journey and return to their home with a proud and unsullied record, leaving a most favourable impression behind.

BADMINTON CHAMPIONSHIP.
Bombay is going to have a big Badminton Tournament shortly. The P. J. Hindu Gymkhana has taken a lead in this direction. It will be called the Bombay Presidency Badminton Championship Tournament and will have all the men's, women's and mixed events on the card. This Gymkhana boasts of having the best arrangements for holding such a tournament. If conducted on the lines of their Presidency Tennis Championships Tournament I have no doubt the new effort will also meet with a resounding success. This tournament has been affiliated to the Badminton Council of the Bombay Presidency Olympic Association which is the controlling body for the game on this side of India. I wish the tournament every success.

TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIPS OF INDIA.

The Sub-Committee appointed by the All-India Lawn Tennis Association has now framed the rules and regulations for the management of the All-India Lawn Tennis Championships. It will be recalled that the A. I. L. T. A. had decided to stage this tournament at Allahabad, Bombay, Calcutta, Madras and Lahore by rotation between grass and hard Courts. But owing to the strong opposition from Allahabad which had the honour of holding it since its very inception, the decision could not be translated into action so long. Now the A. I. L. T. A. has definitely decided to stage it at Bombay next year. I shall not be surprised if the Brabourne Stadium becomes its venue. The C. C. I. has permanent stands and a large number of courts to hold the matches. The Committee will consist of seven persons, four nominated by the Institution which provides the courts and three to be nomi-

nated by the Central Council of the A. I. L. T. A. In addition the referee appointed by the Central Council will be an ex-officio member of the Committee. It is hoped that this tournament will now meet with greater success than it has done so far and will truly become the National championships of India ere long.

BORROWED GLORY.
The news has been flashed from England that India has conquered the Rest of the World in Polo. The result was bound to send every Indian sportsman to raptures. But on going through the details of the report I noticed that there was not a single Indian in the team! I wondered how this could be called a victory for India and how could Indians rejoice in it. I do not know how those gentlemen who played for this country happened to gain their representation. But there is no doubt that they were not appointed by India. However, much one may feel grateful to these gentlemen for their victory on behalf of this country, one cannot but feel ashamed at the "borrowed glory." This sort of thing must be stopped. If India has to gain name and fame, it must be through her own nationals. In Polo at any rate India can certainly hold her own without outside assistance.

IDEAL CONDITION IN POONA

(From Our Correspondent).
KIRKEE, July 28.
Poona and Kirkee have had more than their share of rain recently, but fortunately, for the past two days, the rain has held off, and should it continue to do so, the conditions for racing on Saturday will be ideal. The prospects are continued fair weather.

Prize Puzzle, "A Swindle On Public"

In the Presidency Magistrate's Additional Court, Dadar, Gangadhar Ganpat Dhanwate, charged (1) Balkrishna Shanker Patankar alias P. Prasad, the Secretary, P. P. Agency, and (2) Shanker Trimbak Patankar, under Section 420 I.P.C. for cheating the complainant in respect of a puzzle published by him in the "Lokmanya" of 15-7-37 and the "Chitramay Jalpat" of July 1937, and thereby dishonestly inducing the complainant to deliver a sum of Rs. 29 to him, on or about the 31st July, 1937.

In this case, accused No. 2 was ordered to be discharged for want of sufficient evidence, on 24-5-38, which accused No. 1 pleaded "not guilty."

The learned Magistrate, Mr. K. J. Khambatta, in the course of his judgment said:

"This is a novel case. The accused is charged under Section 420 I.P.C. for cheating and thereby dishonestly inducing the complainant to deliver to him a sum of Rs. 29, on or about 31st July, 1937. The accused, whose real name is Balkrishna Shanker Patankar, moves about under the alias of "P. Prasad." He styles himself as "The Secretary of the P. P. Agency" (whatever that may mean), with its office at Poona. It does not appear that this so-called Agency does any agency work at all; but one item, at any rate, of its business appears to be to advertise puzzles in certain Marathi newspapers, inviting solutions accompanied by entry-fees and offering the distribution of fabulous sums as prize-money to the winners.

DECEIT PROVED.
The learned Magistrate then went into the details of the puzzle, the clues, the answer, and proceeded:

"In my judgment, the solution of '80' to the puzzle as stated was deceitful. I sentence the accused to one month's R.I. and to pay a fine of Rs. 300 in default, 3 months' R.I. Out of the fine, if recovered, Rs. 40 should be paid to the complainant under Section 543 (1) Cr.P.C. for expenses incurred by him in the prosecution, and a further sum of Rs. 29 under Section 545 (2) Cr.P.C. as compensation for the loss sustained by him by reason of his having been induced to send the entry-fees to the accused the amount to be paid after the appeal period is over."

Conviction In Motor Accident Case

BOMBAY, Friday.
"I appreciate that in motor accident cases where a second might make all the difference, one cannot weigh evidence with too fine a pair of scales. But at the same time, a human life has been lost; and that is a very serious matter. And if the defence of

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Bombay—I Programme

V U B 244 metres (1,231 kc/s.)
a.m. 8 Gujarati skits. 8-15 Marathi skits. 8-30 Vocal gems of Ray Serene. 11-30 Raftique Ghaznavi. 12 noon Yesterday's talk.

p.m. 12-15 V. A. Kagalgar. 12-45 Geets. 12-55 Market rates, announcements. 1-5 Light selections. 1-30 For children. 5-30 V. A. Kagalgar music. 6 Sham. 6-10 Dimgambar school of music. 6-30 Jal-tarang effects. 6-25 Raftique Ghaznavi. 6-50 Devotion. 7 To Bhumi-jan. 7-45 Commercial news. 8 Marathi books, review by V. H. Kulkarni. 8-15 Vasantostava. 8-45 Jal-tarang solo: Kafi. 8-50 Malkaus. 9 News (Hindustani). 9-15 Raftique Ghaznavi. 9-30 News. 9-45 Daulat Nanavatty: Pianoforte recital. 10-20 Peter Barrie: Baritone. 10-30 Sebastian Vaz and his band.

Bombay—II Programme

TRANSMISSION I & II
31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s.)
8 a.m. to 11-30 a.m. same as in Bombay I.

TRANSMISSION III
61 metres (4,905 kc/s.)
p.m. 5-30 Same as in Bombay I.

Delhi—I Programme

V U D 340 metres (886 kc/s.)
TRANSMISSION I

a.m. 7-0 Shannai recital. 7-10 Cl. music. 7-25 Inst. music. 7-40 Muzaffar Khan. 8 Light music. 8-20 Radhabal. 8-40 News in English. 8-50 In Hindustani.

TRANSMISSION II
12 noon Woman's world.

p.m. 12-30 Forgotten melodies. 1 Picked by Lahore listener. 6 Mukerjee and music makers. 6-15 Light music. 6-30 Nawab Jan. 6-45 Inst. music. 7 Light music. 7-15 Faqir Mohd. and Nawabjan. 7-30 For villagers only. 8 Dance music. 8-15 Debate. 8-30 Cl. concert. 9 Surmandal recital. News, weather. 9-15 In Hindustani. 9-30 In English. 9-45 Faqir Mohammad. 10 Recitation of poetry. 10-15 Light music. 10-35 Cl. music. 10-55 News.

TRANSMISSIONS I & II
31.3 metres (9,590 kc/s.)
Programme as in Delhi I.

TRANSMISSION III
60 metres (4,995 kc/s.)

Delhi—II Programme

p.m. 6 Cl. music. 6-25 Kanhaiya Lal. 6-40 Usman Khan. 7 to 7-30 Programme as in Delhi I. 7-30 Cocktail-time. 8 Kanhaiya Lal. 8-15 to 9-45 Programme as in Delhi I. 9-45 Out of the rag bag. 10 to 10-15 Programme as in Delhi I. 10-15 Out of rag bag (contd.). 10-55 News.

Calcutta Programme

V U C 370 metres (810 kc/s.)
(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time.)

p.m. 12-35 Market rates. 12-41 B.B.C. symphony orchestra. 1-6 Vocal recital. 1-21 Minneapolis sym. orchestra. Weather for Ocean. 1-36 Ladies' Hour. 2-6 Amita Sen. 5-6 Shield Football Tournament: (final.) 6-6 For countryside. 6-36 Amlia Adhikari. 6-46 Harimati. 7-6 Kanada-Darbari. 7-51 Badari-

change, Ltd., was held on July 27.

The Chairman, Seth Haridas Madhavdas, submitting the Directors' Report, made a short speech about the working of the Exchange during the period. He emphasised that the general depression in trade, during the period under review, had its natural repercussions on the trading and turnover on the Exchange. Besides, the Exchange had been the first of its kind in India and looking to all these and other circumstances, he added, the turn-over on the Exchange could be said to be very satisfactory.

The following directors were re-elected in the general meeting:—Seth Haridas Madhavdas, Seth Tulsiadas Kilachand, Seth Ramdeo Anandilal Podar, Seth Kantilal Nahaichand, Seth Maganlal Parbhudas, Seth Sankalchand G. Shah, Seth Chhotalal Chunalil, Seth Gordhandas Jadavji, Seth Ambalal Shamaldas and Seth Nensihal Narandas.

Bombay Yarn Exchange Association's Meeting

The First Annual General Meeting of the Bombay Yarn Ex-

change, Ltd., was held on July 27.

Peshawar Programme

V U P 200 metres (1,500 kc/s.)
p.m. 5-30 Announcements in Hindustani. 5-40 Naat. 5-50 Mumtaz Begam. 6-15 Clarinet and tabla. 6-25 Sabrunnisa Begam. 6-45 Prem Nagar. 6-55 Mumtaz Begam. 7-20 8-15 Hour with villagers. 9-15 In Qadir Bakhsh: violin. 7-25 Sabrunnisa Begam. 7-45 Readings from books. 8 Mumtaz Begam. 8-15 Hour with villagers. News weather. 9-15 In Hindustani. 9-30 In English. 9-45 Sabrunnisa Begam. 10 Records. 10-10 Pujaran.

Lahore Programme

V U L 276 metres (1,086 kc/s.)
p.m. 6-30 Cl. music. 6-55 Airvoice orchestra: Barkha rut. 7-5 Umra Zia Begam. 7-30 For countryside. Art and crime. 8 Lakhshmi ka Swagat. 8-35 Umra Zia Begam. 8-50 Classical music. News, weather. 9-15 In Hindustani. 9-30 In English. 9-45 Umra Zia Begam. 10-10 Classical music. 10-35 Umra Zia Begam. 10-50 Umra Zia Begam and Peraz Nizami.

Lucknow Programme

V U W 293.5 metres (1,022 kc/s.)
p.m. 6-30 Gauhar Sultan of Lucknow. 6-55 S. K. Chaudh. 7-0 Rahmat Ali. 7-30 Kumari Pratima Ghosh. 7-45 Gauhar Sultan. 8-15 S. K. Chaudh. 8-30 Ek tha Raja. 8-40 Headlines. Feature programme in Hindustani. 9-10 Lucknow Radio Artist. News, weather report. 9-15 In Hindustani. 9-30 In English. 9-45 Professionalism in sport, discussion between R. A. Gregory and H. Williams. 10 Pratima Rani Ghosh. 10-10 Kumar. Geet. 10-40 Gauhar Sultan.

Madras—I Programme

V U M 211 metres (1,420 kc/s.)
p.m. 5-30 Duet on Veena and Violin. 6 Rajayee of Pandanellur: Vocalist. 7 Review of Telugu books. 7-15 Rajayee of Pandanellur. 8 Carnatic orchestra. 8-5 Punthotam Mahadeva Iyer: Vocalist. 9-15 News, weather. 9-30 Child birth and parental care. 9-45 La Nuit classique.

Madras—II Programme

60.6 metres (4,950 kc/s.)
p.m. 5-30 to 6 Programme as in Madras I. 6 For villager (Telugu). 6-30 For villager (Tamil). 7 to 9-45 Programme as in Madras I. 9-45 Punthotam Mahadeva Iyer: Vocalist.

B. B. C. Programme

TRANSMISSION III
GSJ 13.93m. (21.53 Mc/s) GSH 13.07m. (21.47 Mc/s). GSG 16.88m. (17.79 Mc/s). GSG (to 9-30 p.m.) 16.88m. (17.79 Mc/s). GSF 19.82m. (15.14 Mc/s).

p.m. 7-30 Sonata recital. 8-10 Sporting rivalries. 4. 8-10 Caruso: Tenor. 8-45 Nord Express. 9-30 News. 9-55 Dance music. 10-50 to 11-45 Arabic programme.

Selections For To-day's Races

Paper Boy Should Win Chief Event

BY ("SENEX")

An attractive card promises good racing for the First Summer Meeting. The race for Indian breeds has filled well, though backers have yet to size up the many new comers who will sport silk.

2-30 p.m. The Ghorpuri Plate, Div. 5-0 p.m. The Castletown Plate, Div. 1 6 Fur.

1 AERIAL MAIL	1	DICK TAPPER	1
2 HAMRIN BEG	2	MISS GREENVILLE	2
3 SAYID	3	MONTE CARLO	3

3-0 p.m. The Ghorpuri Plate Div. II 6 Fur.

1 WARDAT SAAMARRA	1	HIGHLAND TRUCE	1
2 SAAD NAZAM	2	HAREM	2
3 JIRNAS	3	FLINTY	3

3-30 p.m. The Mysore Plate 6 Fur.

1 POMPOM	1	PAPER BOY	1
2 HUSN ARA	2	TELLER	2
3 BOAT DRILL	3	SARASON	3

4-0 p.m. The Basra Plate 6 Fur.

1 VIOLENCE	1	MANIFOLD	1
2 WHITE FLOWER	2	MASQUE	2
3 WALK OVER	3	STAR OF PERSIA	3

4-30 p.m. The Castletown Plate, Div. II 6 Fur.

1 SOUTHERN CROSS	1	Treble:—SOUTHERN CROSS,	
2 LIZZIE BAILLIE	2	HIGHLAND TRUCE and PAPER	
3 SUN MAIDEN	3	BOY.	



CHHOTE SIRKAR

is The Pet Name of KRISHNAKUMAR Son of
Seth Haridas of Santa Cruz

Which is also the name of
Sunder Movietone's Super Social.

Written By **Mohanlal Dave**

Directed By:—**HOMI MASTER.**

Featuring:

**Jal Merchant, Lila Chitnis B. A., Panna,
Hira, Amu, Rajkumari (of H-M-V. fame)
Keki Bawa & Jamshedji**

SHORTLY COMING

Simultaneously At the

EDWARD & LAMINGTON

3rd WEEK FROM TO-DAY

BAGHBAN BAGHBAN

GENERAL FILMS' Great Masterpiece; directed by Mr. A. E. SARDAR and featuring **BIMLA KUMARI** in the greatest role of her career.

See her as the Rich Young Heiress, who falls in love with her own Gardener. See the most extraordinary romance ever presented on the Indian Screen in

BAGHBAN

with an ALL-STAR Cast including **NANDREKER, NAZIR, ASHRAF KHAN, LALLA YAKOOB, N. WASTI, MIRZA MUSHARAF, SITARA, YASMIN.**

ELEVEN SONG HITS

ELEVEN SONG HITS

WHICH YOU WILL NOT FORGET

RESERVE YOUR SEATS IN ADVANCE AT

IMPERIAL CINEMA

Daily: 5-15, 8 & 10-30 p.m.

Matinees at 2-30 p.m. on Saturday, Sunday and Holidays.

BUY TATA'S Galvanized Sheets

Indian TATA'S GALVANIZED SHEETS

are used and are in constant demand throughout the length and breadth of India. From the remotest village in the North West Frontier Provinces to the farthest South, Cape Comorin, TATA'S GALVANIZED SHEETS are found to shelter the people from the biting cold, or the torrential rains.

TATA'S GALVANIZED SHEETS

are supplied in the usual Commercial Quality, or to I. S. D. Specification No. G/Metals 41 H for both Prime Quality and Special Quality.

STOCKS CARRIED BY TATA DEALERS ALL OVER INDIA

THE TATA IRON & STEEL COMPANY. LIMITED.

160, Clive Street, Calcutta. (Sales Head Office.)
24, Bruce Street, Fort Bombay. (Sales Branch Office.)

City & Suburbs

LOCAL

ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Shravan Sud 4, 1904
Muslim: Jamad-ul-Akhar 2, 1357
Parsi: Behman 28, 1307
High tide: 1.44 14.46
Low tide: 7.40 20.24
Sunrise: 6h 14m
Sunset: 7h 16m
S. S. Strathnaver sails with mails at 1 p.m.

Indian Merchants Chamber, second quarterly meeting 3 p.m.

Sunday, July 31

Lecture by Mr. Oscar Brown, on "Delinquent Child", 6 p.m. Bandra Gymkhana, the Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher to preside.

Monday, August 1

Municipal Corporation 3.40 p.m.

BASIC ENGLISH ASSOCIATION
The Study Circle of the B. E. A. will not meet on this Sunday on account of a debate on "Basic English" in the Nagpada House, Bombay.

SREE GAUDIYA MATH
A free public discourse in English on "God Realisation" will be held at the above Math, Cullindas Building, Gwalia Tank Road, to-morrow (Sunday) at 7.30 p.m.

"DELINQUENT CHILD"
A lecture on "Delinquent Child" will be delivered by Mr. Oscar Brown at 6 p.m. to-morrow (Sunday), at the Bandra Gymkhana. The Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, will preside. Admission is free.

SAMARTHA VYAYAM MANDIR
A meeting of the old and new members of the above Vyayam Mandir, will be held to-day (Saturday) at 7.30 p.m. in the above Mandir's place at Dadar, when Mr. T. R. Narwane will show cinema slides.

BOMBAY ANDHRA CO-OP. CREDIT SOCIETY

The sixth annual general body meeting of the members of the Bombay Andhra Co-operative Credit Society, Dadar, will be held at the Registered Office of the Society to-morrow (Sunday) at 3.15 p.m. (S.T.).

METRO

DAILY AT 3.30-6.30-10 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045

NOTE: Only 12 minutes of Short Subjects precede the showing of "ROSALIE."



Broadway and Hollywood merge their finest talents to bring you the Metro-G-M musical romance that meets the challenge of "The Great Ziegfeld." Your heart will beat faster as you listen to the great Cole Porter songs... hear Eleanor's magic tapping... Nelson's glorious voice... are swept off your feet by gay romance... eye-filling spectacle... floods of fun... hundreds of girls!

Rosalie
Starring **EDDY POWELL**
FRANK MORGAN • EDNA MAY OLIVER
RAY BOLGER • ILOHA MASSEY
BILLY GILBERT • REGINALD OWEN
Screen Play Written and Produced by Wm. Anthony MacGill
Directed by Wm. A. Well-Mans

SHOWING FROM 10 P. M. TO-DAY:
HOWARD HUGHES' ROUND-THE-WORLD RECORD FLIGHT!
—Also—
THE ROYAL VISIT TO PARIS!
British Movietone News
Unpaid reservations will be sold half an hour before each performance.
BOOK SEATS IN ADVANCE

AMUSEMENTS

OF THE DAY

NEW EMPIRE—"Her Jungle Love". Daily at 4, 6.30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Top Hat". Daily at 4, 6.30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Kentucky Moonshine". Daily at 4, 6.30 and 10 p.m.

BOXY—"We Three". Daily at 5.15, 8 and 10.45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2.30 p.m.

CAPITOL—"Mr. Dodds Takes the Air". Daily at 4, 6.30 and 10 p.m.

CENTRAL—"Gopal Krishna". Daily at 5.15, 8 and 10.45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2.30 p.m.

PATHE—"Hollywood Hotel". Daily at 3.30, 6.30 and 10 p.m. Sunday morning show at 10 a.m.

WELLINGTON—"I'll Take Romance". Daily at 3.30, 6.30 and 10 p.m.

WEST END—"Goraksh Arya". (To-day for Ladies only).

GLOBE—"The Vanishing Legion". Daily at 5.15, 8 and 10.45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2.30 p.m.

EROS—"Romance in the Dark". Daily at 3.30, 6.30 and 10 p.m.

KRISHNA—"Jailor". Daily at 5.15, 8 and 10.45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2.30 p.m.

IMPERIAL—"Baghban". Daily at 5.15, 8 and 10.45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2.30 p.m.

BROADWAY—"Wells Fargo". Daily at 4, 6.30 and 10 p.m.

PLAZA—"Nirmala". Daily at 5, 7.45 and 10.50 p.m.

OPERA HOUSE—"Raja Gopichand". Daily at 5.15, 8 and 10.45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2.30 p.m.

SUPER—"Rajkumari". Daily at 5.15, 8 and 10.45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2.30 p.m.

METRO—"Rosalie". Daily at 3.30, 6.30 and 10 p.m.

PEER KAMAL'S KABIRASTAN

A public meeting of the Mussalmans of Bombay will be held to-day (Saturday) at Pydhoni Road near Haji Dadas Choonawala Building at 9.30 p.m. (S.T.) under the presidency of Mr. Miyan Ahmad Jumma to protest against the decision of Ahmedabad Municipality regarding Peer Kamal's Kabirastan.

NAGPADA NEIGHBOURHOOD

That "Propagation of Basic English in India is an English Racket" will be the subject of a public debate to be held on Sunday at 10 a.m. when Mr. T. R. Narwane will move the proposition and Mr. P. R. Rao of the T. S. Youth Lodge will lead the opposition. Dr. Clifford Manshardt will preside.

POHRA YOUTH LEAGUE

Mr. Ashok Mehta, will speak in Gujarati to-day (Saturday) on "The Present International Situation" at a public meeting at League's Hall 129, Abdul Rehman Street at 8.30 p.m. Mr. Tajib Ali Gandhi will be in the chair.

YOUTH'S PARLIAMENT

A debate on "The Younger Generation is deteriorating" will be held to-day (Saturday) at 6.30 p.m. at the Blavatsky Lodge, under the joint auspices of the Muslim Students' Union and the Young Theosophists. Mr. G. W. Nagarkar will propose and Mr. G. M. Mekhri will oppose the proposition. Mr. Gulamali C. Muljee, will preside.

GEETA PATHSHALA

Shastri Vajinath Laxman Athavale will conduct public classes at Madhav Baug, Bhagvad Geeta Pathshala as under:—

To-day (Saturday) 8 to 9 a.m. (B.T.) on "Patanjali Yogdarshan" Sunday (31st July) 8.45 to 10 a.m. (B.T.) on "Ken Upanishad", and 4.45 to 5.45 p.m. (B.T.) on "Bhakti Rasayan".

NEW ERA STORES

New Era Stationery Stores will be opened at Victoria Building, 119 Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay, to-day (Saturday) at 12 noon.

SCHOOL OF INDIAN MUSIC
The weekly concert of the School will be held in the School Hall, Ben-hamdi, at 8.20 a.m. at the premises of the Unagar Chhavan Vile Parle, to-day (Saturday).

MATHEMATICAL COLLOQUIUM
A meeting of the Colloquium will be held to discuss the Matriculation Mathematics Question Papers set in April, 1938, at 4.30 p.m. in Room 11, Royal Institute of Science.

VILE PARLE CONGRESS
A meeting of the Managing Committee of the Vile Parle Taluka Congress Committee will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 8.20 a.m. at the premises of the Unagar Chhavan Vile Parle.

STEAMER MOVEMENT
The N.Y.K. steamer "Hakozaki Maru" left Colombo for Bombay on the 28th July, and is due to arrive here on Sunday the 31st July at 7.30 p.m.

SUBURBAN CONGRESS SOCIALISTS
The third lecture of "The development of Socialist thought series, 'Twentieth Century Socialism' will be delivered by Mr. M. R. Masani, to-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m. at Mr. Ghias Bungalow, Lajpatrai Road, Vile Parle, (West).

MUNICIPAL WORKERS' UNION
A meeting of the Managing Committee of the Municipal Workers' Union, Bombay, will be held to-day (Saturday) at 7 p.m. at the office of the Union.

INDIAN HISTORICAL RECORDS COMMISSION
The Government of India have appointed Dr. Nandlal Chatterji, M.A., Ph.D., Lecturer in History, Lucknow University, as a corresponding member of the Indian Historical Records Commission for a period of three years with effect from the 13th July 1938.

THE KANARA SARASWAT ASSOCIATION

Under the auspices of the Kanara Saraswat Association, there will be vocal music by Master Chidanand D. Nagar in the Association Hall to-day (Saturday) at 9.30 p.m. (S.T.).

SUBURBAN MUSIC CIRCLE

A musical concert of the above circle will be held at 9.30 p.m. to-day (Saturday) at Vimalanand Koppikar Hall, Saravast Colony, Santa Cruz, when Khan Sahib Nisar Hussein of Baroda, will entertain the members to vocal music.

KHADI BHANDAR, DADAR

Under the auspices of the Maharashtra Charkha Sangh, the opening ceremony of a new Bhandar will be performed by Mr. Bal Gangadhar Kher, Premier of Bombay to-morrow (Sunday) at 9 a.m. at the Kohnoor Cinema, De Silva Road, Dadar. Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel will preside on the occasion.

VOLUNTARY SOCIAL WORKERS' COURSE

Mr. N. M. Joshi, will deliver the first introductory lecture on "Industrial Welfare Work" at the special class for the training of Voluntary Social Workers, organised by the Social Service League, Bombay, at the League's Head Office, the Servants of India Society's Home, Girgaum, to-day (Saturday) at 4 p.m. to-day (Saturday) at 4 p.m. to-day (Saturday) at 4 p.m.

TRAVANCORE N. & Q. BANK AFFAIRS

The Committee appointed by the creditors and shareholders of the Travancore National and Quilon Bank Limited, will meet at 4 p.m. to-day (Saturday) to consider the scheme for reconstitution of the Bank on the lines suggested by the Madras Central Committee of the creditors and shareholders and to call a public meeting of the creditors and shareholders of the Bank to-morrow (Sunday).

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN.)

It is necessary to remind all motorists using suburban roads that the enforcement of the new speed limit of 30 miles comes in force from August 1.

For those who yet live in ignorance of the proposed speed limit, the following extract from the Government rule which was published in the "Government Gazette" of July 28 is reproduced. The said rule deals with speed limit of 30 miles for all motor vehicles plying on the following roads of the Bombay Suburban District.

Bombay-Ghodhunder Road—From the Mahim Causeway where the Bombay City limits end the Bombay Suburban District begins, to north of Borivli Railway crossing.

Bombay-Agra Road—From a part little before mile 10 (South of Kurla) to (approximately) mile 13-1/2 north of Ghatkopar, then from (approximately) mile 17-1/2 to mile 18 (Bhandup) then from mile stone 20/2 up to the border of the Bombay Suburban and Thana District.

By exceeding the speed-limit of 30 miles you will be rendering

yourself liable to prosecution for breach of the provisions of the rule 20 (2), punishable under Section 16 of the Indian Motor Vehicles Act.

This will be dealt with fines ranging from Rs. 100 to Rs. 200.

GOLDEN JUBILEE SOUVENIR.

Time and again I have reported in these columns on the various activities of the Bombay East Indian Association whose activities are mostly centred in the suburbs.

The community that numbers about a hundred thousands, living all over the city, the suburbs and Salsette I am sure need no introduction to my readers.

This community, it will be recalled, celebrated about a year ago the Golden Jubilee of its one and only Association. The Jubilee celebration was a very spectacular one, and was hailed by both the public and the press.

The Association was then busy preparing a souvenir.

The publication which is now ready contains 226 interesting large art page with over 250 photographs. Profusely illustrated it records the history of the Association and the community.

SOCIALIST LECTURES

"Back From The War Zone" To-day

Secretary, Bombay Socialist Party, writes:—

Mr. Purshottam Trikamdas returned from an extensive tour of Europe this Thursday. To-day (Saturday) at 6.30 p.m. he will speak on "Back from the War Zone" at the Blavatsky Hall, under the auspices of the Bombay Congress Socialist Party.

Mr. Purshottam's lecture is the first of a series of lectures on Indian and international affairs organised by the Congress Socialist Party. The other lectures in the series are equally topical and authoritative.

Achyut Patwardhan: "Now is the Time".

Professor Dantwala: "Europe Expects every Indian to do his duty".

M. R. Masani: "If Congress were to accept Federation".

The fifth lecture will be by Acharya Narendra Deo or Sjt. Sampurnanand.

Japanese Consul Denies It

BOMBAY, Friday.

The fact that Japanese burnt down or insulted a number of mosques in China has been denied by Mr. Kiyoshi Fukui, Consul for Japan in Bombay, in the course of an interview to the Press.—United Press.

INDIAN MERCHANTS' CHAMBER

The second quarterly general meeting of the members of the Chamber will be held to-day (Saturday) at 3.30 p.m. (S.T.), in the office of the Chamber.

THE SECONDARY TEACHERS' TRAINING INSTITUTE

Prof. V. V. Kamat, M.A., Dip. in Ed. will give a demonstration lesson in "Mental Testing" at Hall No. 5; India College, Matunga, to-day (Saturday) at 4 p.m.

KANARA BROTHERHOOD

Under the auspices of the Kanara Brotherhood a programme of classical dance by Miss Sushila Honavar will be held to-day (Saturday) at 9.30 p.m. (S.T.), at Blavatsky Lodge, French Bridge, Chowpatty.

RAJA YOGA

Swami Sambuddhananda of Ramakrishna Mission, Khar, Bombay 21, will deliver a public lecture in English on "Evolution of mind and body with the organs of senses", at the Balibhoi's Accountancy Institute Hall, Freecott Road, Fort, to-day (Saturday) at 3.30 p.m. (S.T.).

HINDU SEWAK SAMAJ

The annual general meeting of the Hindu Sewak Samaj will be held to-day (Saturday) at 4 p.m. (S.T.), at the office of Messrs. Bhaidas Karmdas and Co., Petit Building, 8 Elphinstone Circle.

LITERACY CAMPAIGN

Under the auspices of the Girgaum District Congress Committee, Messrs. T. Godwala and others will speak on "The Literacy Campaign" recently organised by the Bombay Students' Federation, to-morrow (Sunday) at 9.30 a.m. (S.T.) at the office of the G. D. C. C. Congress House, Vithalbhai Patel Road, along with demonstrations of wall newspapers and photographs.

POPULAR SCIENCE COURSES

Under the joint auspices of the Royal Institute of Science and the B. P. Adult Education Association, Dr. Y. G. Naik and Mr. B. G. Shejwalkar will give their third lecture in Gujarati and Marathi respectively, on "Physics and Chemistry" to-day (Saturday) at 2 p.m. sharp in room No. 2 and Room No. 32 of the Royal Institute of Science.

TENANTS' MEETING

Under the auspices of the Bombay Congress Socialist Party and "A" Ward (Fort and Colaba) Tenants' Committee, a public meeting will be held to-day (Saturday) at 8 p.m. near the Maruti Temple, Colaba Bazar, Colaba, to consider the insufficient accommodation for the middle and working class people and the responsibility of the Municipality in the upkeep of sanitary conditions at Colaba.

Messrs. Purshottam Trikamdas, Asoka Mehta, T. S. More, G. R. Jora, Varaskar and P. M. Pinto will address the meeting.

TO-MORROW'S FLAG SALUTATION

A monthly meeting of the Council of Management of 'G' Ward Congress Committee will be held to-day, (Saturday) at 7.30 p.m. in Committee's office.

AT BHULESHWAR

Under the auspices of Bhuleshwar Congress Committee, Flag salutation ceremony will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 8 a.m. at Gazdar Park, Chitra Bazar, Sjt. Gunottam P. Hathisingh will hoist the flag.

AT KAMATHPURA CENTRE

Monthly flag salutation will be performed at Kamathpura Centre, to-morrow (Sunday) at 8 a.m. (S.T.) at Kamathpura 8th St. Chowk, under the presidency of Sjt. V. B. Karnik.

FLAG SALUTATION IN 'G' WARD

The monthly Flag salutation ceremony will be held on Sunday the 31st instant at 8 a.m. at DeLisle Road, Hasan Building Compound, Sjt. S. K. Patil will unfurl the flag.

FLAG SALUTATION IN 'B' WARD

Under the auspices of "B" Ward District Congress Committee there will be a monthly flag salutation ceremony to-morrow (Sunday) at 8 a.m. in the morning at 166, Argyle Road, Danabunder.

AT SANTA CRUZ

Under the auspices of the Santa Cruz Congress Committee, the monthly flag salutation ceremony will take place to-morrow (Sunday) at 8 a.m. (S.T.), at Bajaj Wadi, Station Road, Santa Cruz.

AT GHATKOPAR

Under the auspices of Ghatkoper Taluka Maha Sabha Samiti to-morrow (Sunday) at 8 a.m. (S.T.), monthly flag salutation ceremony will take place in the Maidan of Ghatkoper Satyagrah Chhavan.

AT VILE PARLE

Under the auspices of the Vile Parle Taluka Congress Committee the monthly flag salutation will take place to-morrow (Sunday) at 8 a.m. (S.T.), at the Unagar Chhavan, Vile Parle. Sjt. Ratubhai Desai will hoist the National flag.

IN 'A' WARD

Under the auspices of the 'A' Ward District Congress Committee, the monthly Flag salutation will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 8 a.m. (S.T.) at the premises of the 'A' Ward Congress Office. Mr. Umashankar Dixit will perform the ceremony.

BOMBAY NATIONAL GUARDS

The Hon. Secretary, Bombay National Guards, writes:—
Members of the Bombay National Guards are requested to be present to-morrow (Sunday) at 7 a.m. at the Congress House in full uniform for the monthly Flag salutation.

RECOGNITION OF S. I. W. SOCIETY'S SCHOOL

The English teaching primary school started by the South Indians' Welfare Society at G. I. P. Matunga located in Jethibai Jumnabai Bhuvan, opposite Nappi Bazar, has been recognized by the Schools' Committee of the Bombay Municipality. There are five classes in the school and the staff consists of experienced and trained teachers. Individual attention to students is a special feature of the school.

NATIONAL COUNCIL OF WOMEN

Under the auspices of the Legislation Committee of the N. C. W. I., a women's meeting will be held to-day (Saturday) at 5.15 p.m. at the Town Hall, B. P. W. C. office, to congratulate Mrs. Radhakrishna Subbarayan on her election as a first lady member to the Central Legislature, when Mrs. Subbarayan will speak on her draft bill to restrain polygamous marriages among Hindus, all members of the B. P. W. C. and other ladies interested, are cordially invited to attend the meeting.

POSTAL NOTICE

Registered and unregistered correspondence other than letters and post cards for Australia, per s.s. "Orlando" via Madras and Colombo will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 8.30 and 9 a.m. respectively on Wednesday the 3rd August.

GAY, ROMANTIC, MUSICAL!

Film of STAGE LIFE, blends

WIT & MUSIC

AMERICA'S SINGING SWEETHEART

AND HER 2 ROLICKING ROMEO'S !!

GLADYS SWARTHOUT, JOHN BOLES & JOHN BARRYMORE



"ROMANCE IN THE DARK"

GLADYS SWARTHOUT & JOHN BOLES

will Sing their Way into your HEARTS!

It's a rare delight to hear them sing

Selections from World Known Operas, including

"CARMEN" & "BARBER OF SEVILLE."

FEAST OF ROMANCE, MUSIC, COMEDY!

JOHN BARRYMORE Clown through another of the Mad Cap roles. He's simply GREAT!

EROS INDIA'S FINEST THEATRE! Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

DON'T LET THE WHISKERS FOOL YOU...!

It's The **Ritz Brothers** nit-wittier than ever

KENTUCKY MOONSHINE

A 20th Century-Fox laugh-musical

MARJORIE TONY MARTIN-WEAVER SLIM SUMMERVILLE JOHN CARRADINE - WALLY VERNON BERTON CHURCHILL - EDDIE COLLINS

IT'S LAUGH-DAFFY!
IT'S SWEETHEART-Y!
IT'S SWING-HAPPY!
...with Pollack & Mitchell's newest and swiftest tunes!

Don't Miss.....

TO-NIGHT'S MIDNIGHT PREVIEW OF "ROBIN HOOD" Usual Prices.

Regal DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

Meet **The Man**

Behind the Voice

That Thrills a Nation!

Mr. Dodd Takes the Air

KENNY BAKER

FRANK MORGAN - ARCE BRADY - GERTRUDE MICHAEL - JUNE WILSON - A Musical Comedy

NOW AT YOUR FAVOURITE THEATRE

PATHE

TELEGRAM

MR. AND MRS. EVERYBODY EVERYWHERE

KNOW YOU'LL BE DELIGHTED -- YOU'RE CORNOLLY INVITED TO THE ORCHID ROOM OF HOLLYWOOD HOTELS YOUR FAVORITE STARS OF RADIO AND STAGE AND SCREEN ARE ALL ON SHOW -- SO DON'T DELAY -- COME RIGHT AWAY -- IT'S SWEET!

Hollywood HOTEL

Also "THEIR MAJESTIES VISIT TO PARIS"

Daily: 2-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m. Sunday Extra Show 10 a.m. 'Ph. 41561

Pt. Shukla Sees Governor AGREES TO FORM CABINET OF SIX MINISTERS But Distribution Of Portfolios Not Yet Decided

NAGPUR, July 29. PANDIT RAVISHANKAR SHUKLA, THE NEW LEADER OF THE C. P. CONGRESS LEGISLATIVE PARTY, WHO RETURNED FROM WARDHA AT 4 P.M., INTERVIEWED THE GOVERNOR AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE FOR ABOUT 15 MINUTES AND AGREED TO FORM A NEW CABINET.

SOON AFTER IT WAS ANNOUNCED THAT THE NEW MINISTRY WILL CONSIST OF SIX MINISTERS WITH PANDIT RAVISHANKAR SHUKLA AS PREMIER.

NEW COUNCIL OF MINISTERS

NAGPUR, July 29. A C. P. Gazette Extraordinary issued to-night states that His Excellency the Governor of the Central Provinces and Berar has been pleased to accept the resignations of their offices of the members of his present Council of Ministers and has accordingly appointed the following gentlemen in their stead to be members of his Council of Ministers:—

Pandit Ravishankar Shukla, M.L.A.,
Pandit Dwarkaprasad Mishra, M.L.A.,
Mr. Durgashankar Kripashankar Mehta, M.L.A.,
Mr. Sambhaji Rao Vinayak Gokhale, M.L.A.,
Mr. Chhaganlal Jaideo Prasad Bharuka, M.L.A.

These gentlemen have this day, in the afternoon, taken the Oaths of Office.—A.P.

PORTFOLIOS NOT YET DECIDED

NAGPUR, July 29. The Associated Press understands that, although the New Ministry assumed office this evening, nothing has yet been decided regarding the distribution of portfolios.

It is likely the Ministers will meet together to-morrow and come to a decision on the question.

Premier Shukla has not yet selected his sixth colleague who will be from Berar.—A.P.

Congress Reply To Jinnah's Demands CONSIDERATION BY LEAGUE EXECUTIVE TO-DAY

NEW DELHI, July 29. The meetings of the Working Committee and the Council of the All-India Muslim League to-morrow are expected to be very largely attended. Among those who have already intimated their arrival for the meetings are Maulana Shaukat Ali, Nawab Ismail Khan, Malik Barkat Ali, Nawab Sahib of Chhattari, Raja Sahib of Mahmudabad and Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi. While Mr. Fazlul Huq has informed Nawabzada Liaquat Ali Khan, secretary of the League that he will not be able to attend the meeting owing to the opening of the Bengal Assembly session on August 1, nothing is yet known about the Premier of the Punjab. Large contingents are expected from the U. P. and the Punjab for the Council meeting, which will be held in the Arabic College Hall at 2 p.m. to-morrow after the Working Committee meeting.

It is believed that if Mr. Jinnah has already received the letter of the Congress President, embodying the final attitude of the Congress regarding the League-Congress parleys for a communal settlement, the matter will come up for consideration before the Working Committee. League circles here do not express any surprise at the reported decision of the Congress Working Committee in the matter, as they feel that there is an influential section in the Congress which is not very enthusiastic about a settlement between the League and the Congress. It is understood that Mr. Fazlul Huq, Premier of Bengal, has communicated his views in a letter on the Wardha decision of the Congress to end further negotiations with the League on the basis suggested by Mr. Jinnah. This communication is also likely to be placed before the Working Committee.

It is also expected that Maulana Shaukat Ali, who has just returned from an extensive tour of the Frontier province, would acquaint the Working Committee with the present position of the League there and express his views as to how the League programme should be worked in that province.—A.P.

Revolt In Canea

ATHENS, July 29. Strong army, naval and air force contingents are being dispatched to Crete to quell an armed revolt in the town of Canea, which was occupied last night by 400 armed insurgents.

An official announcement says that order prevails in the rest of the island and Greece.—Reuter.

CRETE REVOLT CRUSHED

ATHENS, July 29. The Government announces that the Crete Revolt has been completely crushed.

The rebels have fled.—Reuter.

FLOOD PROBLEM IN ORISSA

CUTTACK, July 29. It is understood the Orissa Government has decided to appoint a board of engineers to deal with the flood problem of Orissa. Although the personnel of the board is not yet known, it is learnt Mr. Rangya, an engineer of Mysore, will be one of the members. The members will come here by the middle of August, when generally the province is visited by high floods.

The board will begin enquiry on the basis of the preliminary report submitted by Sir M. Visweswaraya in this connection.—United Press.

BETTER PAY FOR R. A. F. STAFF

Hore-Belisha's Common's Statement Sequel

LONDON, July 29. As a sequel to Mr. Hore-Belisha's statement in the Commons yesterday, the Under-Secretary for Air, Capt. Balfour has announced improvements in the scales of pay of Squadron-leaders, Wing-Commanders and Air-Commodores. Henceforth promotion of flying-officers of General Duties Branch to Flight-Lieutenants, after two years service in the rank will be the standard practice. Officers between appointments will henceforth receive full pay and allowances, except Vice-Air Marshals and ranks above, who do not receive allowances.

The normal maximum age of retirement of Air Chief Marshals and Air Marshals will be reduced from 65 to 60 and that of Wing-Commanders and Squadron-Leaders will be raised from 46 and 45 to 50 and 47 respectively.

The retired pay of Vice-Air Marshals and Air-M Marshals will be improved and the maximum retired pay of group Captains will be increased to £750.—Reuter.

A. R. P. STAFF TO BE INCREASED

LONDON, July 28. The report of the committee appointed to consider the evacuation of civil population from certain areas in the event of war will be published in the near future.

In announcing this in the Commons to-day the Home Secretary paid a tribute to Sir John Anderson and his colleagues for the expedition with which they had completed the survey of a difficult problem. He said the report was lengthy and the recommendations raised important questions of policy some of which Parliament might wish to discuss. He proposed, however, not to delay action on certain work that could usefully be undertaken at once on the lines recommended by the Committee and which did not raise matters of policy. For example, he must increase the staff of the Air Raid Precautions Department to enable it to deal adequately with large problems.

Sir Samuel Hoare observed in conclusion that, as the Committee had pointed out, the provisions they had recommended for evacuation in no way detracted from the necessity for provision of other means of passive defence.—B.O.W.

BRITAIN'S ARMAMENTS BILL

LONDON, July 28. The Chancellor of the Exchequer declined to make an estimate at present of the amount by which the former five year estimate of £1,500,000,000 on armaments is likely to be exceeded.

When his attention was called in a supplementary question to the increase in prices of materials which had taken place since the original estimate in addition to the expansion of the original programme, Sir John Simon said: "The House has already been informed that the preliminary estimate is likely to be substantially exceeded."—B. O. W.

CONFERENCE AT LORDS

LONDON, July 28. The question of the duration of Test matches was discussed at Lords at a conference between representatives of the M. C. C. and the Australian Board of Control, states the Secretary of the M. C. C.

He adds that the various aspects were considered and the whole matter is being submitted to England and Australia Boards of Control in due course.—Reuter.

'Quake Shock For New York

NEW YORK, July 29. A slight 'quake shock brought the people out from their beds in New York and the surrounding area at 03.00 hrs. No damage is reported.

The Fordham University seismograph recorded a sharp surface shock, the intensity of which is comparatively large for New York.—Reuter.

GLAMORGAN TEAM AGAINST 'AUSSIES'

LONDON, July 29. The following is Glamorgan team against Australians:—

Turnbull, Clay, Wooller, Mercer, Daidavies, Emrys-Davies, Dyson, Smart, Brierley, E. C. Jones and Matthews.—Reuter's Special.

Ciano, What About That Assurance?

U. S. Ambassador's Pointed Question On Anti-Semitism In Italy

ROME, July 28. According to the Jewish Telegraphic Agency, the United States Ambassador, Mr. Phillips, called on Count Ciano this evening and made friendly enquiries on behalf of the U. S. Government in regard to the meaning of the present anti-Jewish campaign in Italy. He recalled that Count Ciano had previously assured him that there was no room in Italy for anti-Semitism, and said that he was seeking a similar assurance now.

Count Ciano is understood to have replied that the racial problem was being studied, and it was too early to say to what extent it would affect Jews in Italy, but it was principally aimed at preserving Italian racial purity in connection with Italy's imperial and racial policy.

Two Pressmen Leave Rome

Ceremonia of the "Christian Science Monitor" and Mr. Klein-lehrer of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency, whose expulsion was recently decreed, left Rome to-night for France and London respectively.—Reuter.

NEW CONSTITUTION FOR MALTA

But Britain Won't Restore Responsible Government

LONDON, July 29. A new constitution for Malta was foreshadowed by Mr. MacDonald in the House of Commons.

He stated that there was no question of restoring Responsible Government as present but the new Constitution would provide for the establishment of a Legislature, composed of eight officials, two nominated non-officials and ten elected members.—Reuter.

EGYPTIAN MINISTERS LUNCH WITH CHAMBERLAIN

LONDON, July 28. The Prime Minister gave a luncheon at 10, Downing Street, to-day, in honour of Mohamed Mahmoud Pasha, the Egyptian Prime Minister, who was accompanied by the Egyptian Ambassador in London, and the Egyptian Minister of Public Works, Hussein Sirry Pasha. Other guests included Sir John Simon, Sir Samuel Hoare, Sir Thomas Inskip, Mr. Duff Cooper, Mr. Hore-Belisha and Sir Kingsley Wood.—B.O.W.

Lest We Forget 18th ANNIVERSARY OF LOK. TILAK

Celebrations In Bombay On Monday

Establishment Of Provincial Diets

Negotiations In Sudeten Dispute Lose Importance; Czech Govt. Say Nationalities Bill Not Yet Completed

PRAGUE, July 28. Apparently as a result of the unfavourable reception abroad to the Government's reported proposals, it is officially stated that the alleged text of the Nationalities Statute, published in the Press on Tuesday, is incomplete and inaccurate.

The text has not yet been finished and negotiations with representative nationalities are still proceeding.

The Government to-day communicated to the Sudeten representative the draft of the Self-Government proposals which are understood to provide for the establishment of provincial Diets in Bohemia, Moravia-Silesia, Slovakia, Sub-Carpathian Russia, each composed of sections representing nationalities involved with an executive committee of dozen members proportionately representing the nationalities. The members will be elected by direct vote, will control all details of provincial administration, and have the right to object to legislation affecting them. Questions of defence, finance and foreign policy will be left to the National Government.

The draft measures will be completed by Monday when it will be considered at a full meeting of the parliamentary leaders.

Sudeten are not likely to be satisfied with the scheme as they will be in a minority in Bohemia and Moravia-Silesia, but it is expected that negotiations will now lose much importance and the whole issue depends on the report of Lord Runciman.—Reuter.

Passive Defence Plan For France

Cabinet Discusses War Time Organisation Of Population

PARIS, July 29. The Cabinet spent two hours discussing passive defence dealt with in a long decree modernising the whole organisation of defence of the population in war time, based on the principle of the whole nation being armed. A new Ministry of Passive Defence will be created. General Aube, Inspector-General of Anti-Aircraft Defence has been appointed Inspector-General of Passive Defence.—Reuter's Special.

U. S. FINANCE SECRETARY IN PARIS

Talks On Tripartite Monetary Agreement

PARIS, July 29. Mr. Morgenthau who is at present visiting Paris, had conversations recently with Mr. Marchand on the tripartite monetary agreement. It is officially stated the conversations showed perfect agreement as regards application of the agreement in a spirit of trusting collaboration.—Reuter's Special.

NO-CONFIDENCE IN UNIONIST MINISTRY

Punjab Hindu Sabha's Attack

LAHORE, July 29. A resolution expressing no-confidence in the present Unionist Ministry in view of the measures passed in the Punjab Legislative Assembly session just ended was adopted by the Executive Committee of the Punjab Hindu Sabha held this evening. Dr. Sir Gokulchand Narang presided.

The measures referred to in the resolution are the Bills popularly known as "Black Measures," discriminating against non-agriculturists.

The Committee also adopted resolutions congratulating Mr. R. B. Mukundlal Puri on his bold stand in withdrawing his support from the Ministry.

The meeting also condemned, in other resolutions, the brutal attack on Mr. Gangaram, the Arya Samaj Preacher of Ahmedabad and the murder of another Arya Samajist, Mr. Vedprakash in Hyderabad State.

By a further resolution the meeting expressed alarm and pain over the recent happenings in the City of Banu and urged Dr. Khan Sahib's Government to investigate the matter thoroughly and bring the offenders to book.

Among those present at the meeting were Raja Narendranath, Mr. R. B. Ramsaran Das and Mr. R. B. Mukundlal Puri.—United Press.

TROUBLE IN FR. INDIA

MADRAS, July 29. A local daily understands that the Home Government in France have called M. Croccicchia, the Governor of French India, in view of disturbed conditions prevailing in French Indian territories for sometime past.

(LATER)

It is now reliably learnt that M. Croccicchia, the Governor, has been transferred to some other post in France.

M. Bonavin who has been appointed to succeed him as Governor of French India will be reaching Pondicherry shortly. The date of his arrival is not yet definitely known.

M. Croccicchia is leaving Pondicherry on August 8.

Besides M. Croccicchia, it is also learnt, several other European officials of French India are under orders of transfers to France from French Indian colonies.—United Press.

PRELUDE TO RICHER HAULS

AMSTERDAM, July 29. Village excitement seized villagers at Terschelling and flags were hoisted on buildings, when a man came ashore brandishing an eight-inch bar of gold recovered from the famous British frigate, "Lutine," by the Dutch dredger "Karimata." "Lutine" sank 139 years ago with gold bullion in shallow water, but rapid silting frustrated numerous attempts at salvage until the "Karimata," which is the world's largest dredger, began shovelling out the sand and seashells a few weeks ago. The unearthing of an ingot to-day worth 840 sterling is hoped to be a prelude to richer hauls.—Reuter's Special.

KHAN BAHADUR HAJI RASHID AHMED EXPULSED FROM LEAGUE

NEW DELHI, July 29. After a heated discussion lasting about three hours, a meeting of the Council of the Delhi Provincial Muslim League held here decided to expel Khan Bahadur Haji Rashid Ahmed, Senior Vice-President of the Delhi Municipal Committee and one of the oldest members of the League, from the membership of the Council on the ground that he did not resign committee of the Fatehpuri Mosque in spite of the express direction of the Council and he put impediments in the forthrightly programme of the Provincial Muslim League for the restoration of the 'Pushta' of the Fatehpuri Mosque and took action against respectable members of the League.

The meeting also decided to request the All-India Muslim League to expel the Khan Bahadur from the Council of the All-India Organisation.—United Press.

"SWARAJ IS MY BIRTH RIGHT"

Education, Short-Cut To Nation's Goal

Premier Kher's Exhortation On Tilak Anniversary Day

COMMENDS WARDHA SCHEME & INSTRUCTION IN MOTHER TONGUE

POONA, July 29. "A FULL-BLOODED, BRAVE, BRIGHT, INTELLIGENT AND ENERGETIC LAD IS MY VISION OF THE INDIAN YOUTH AND TOWARDS THE REALISATION OF THIS VISION AND IDEAL I SHALL BEND MY ENERGIES," declared Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier and Education Minister, Bombay presiding over the Tilak Anniversary this evening.

The Premier said, he had fully realised that the greatest need and problem of the moment was the spread of education in the country—the right type of education. It was education more than anything else that would bring the country nearer to goal of Swaraj. It was, therefore, he, the Premier has taken on himself the important portfolio of education.

THREE-FOLD PROGRAMME

Outlining the educational policy of the Government, Mr. Kher said he had placed before himself three objects, namely, the spread of education among masses of the country, adult education and physical education. Towards the achievement of these objects, the Government were putting forth their best efforts. A Primary Education Board had been provided by the Statute, a Physical Education Board had already been established and it was proposed to have an adult Education Board.

FOR ADULT EDUCATION

In this connection the Premier announced that the Government would give an annual grant of Rs. 200 for any approved school for adult education forthwith without formalities.

To co-ordinate the activities of these boards, it was his desire to constitute a Council of Education composed of heads of these Boards.

Stressing the need for reorientation of educational policy in India suited to Indian requirements, the Premier drew the attention to the aimless drift of present-day education in India as compared with modern educational tendencies in the West, namely, democratisation of education, migration from subject to activity and the raising of the status of the teacher.

VOCATIONAL EDUCATION

Referring to the necessity for vocational education Mr. Kher outlined his views on the reorganisation of Secondary Education by starting junior commercial and technical schools. He referred to the conclusion of the recent meeting of the Sub-Committee of the Central Advisory Board of Education, which considered the Wardha Scheme as also the Abbot-Wood Report and approved the basic principles of education through manual activity with emphasis on education through mother tongue, etc., adumbrated in the Wardha Scheme.—A.P.

Stressing the need for reorientation of educational policy in India suited to Indian requirements, the Premier drew the attention to the aimless drift of present-day education in India as compared with modern educational tendencies in the West, namely, democratisation of education, migration from subject to activity and the raising of the status of the teacher.

VOCATIONAL EDUCATION

Referring to the necessity for vocational education Mr. Kher outlined his views on the reorganisation of Secondary Education by starting junior commercial and technical schools. He referred to the conclusion of the recent meeting of the Sub-Committee of the Central Advisory Board of Education, which considered the Wardha Scheme as also the Abbot-Wood Report and approved the basic principles of education through manual activity with emphasis on education through mother tongue, etc., adumbrated in the Wardha Scheme.—A.P.

TROUBLE IN FR. INDIA

MADRAS, July 29. A local daily understands that the Home Government in France have called M. Croccicchia, the Governor of French India, in view of disturbed conditions prevailing in French Indian territories for sometime past.

(LATER)

It is now reliably learnt that M. Croccicchia, the Governor, has been transferred to some other post in France.

M. Bonavin who has been appointed to succeed him as Governor of French India will be reaching Pondicherry shortly. The date of his arrival is not yet definitely known.

M. Croccicchia is leaving Pondicherry on August 8.

Besides M. Croccicchia, it is also learnt, several other European officials of French India are under orders of transfers to France from French Indian colonies.—United Press.

RUNCIMAN TO LEAVE ON AUG. 2

But Party To Reach Prague Ahead

LONDON, July 29. Lord Runciman goes to Prague on August 2, accompanied by his wife and Mr. Geoffrey Peto, former member of Parliament.

The party will be preceded by Lord Runciman's Private Secretary, Mr. R. J. Stopford and Mr. F. T. A. Asthon, the latter seconded from the Foreign Office at Lord Runciman's request for the duration of the mission. But he will have no communications with the Foreign Office during Lord Runciman's mission. Mr. Stopford was Private Secretary to Sir John Simon when the latter was Chairman of the Indian Statutory Committee.—Reuter's Special.

DAVAR'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE

(Established 38 years)

INDIA'S FUTURE DEPENDS ON EXPERT SALES-MANAGEMENT, BANKING, INSURANCE, COMMERCE AND JOINT STOCK COMPANY EXPANSION

ASPIRING STUDENTS OF COMMERCE SHOULD therefore give all attention to the study of SPECIALISED COURSES such as SALES-MANAGEMENT, SHIP (A.I.S.M.A.), BANK OFFICERS (A.C.B.I.), INSURANCE MANAGERS (A.C.I.I.), COMPANY SECRETARIES (P.C.C.S.) and GENERAL COMMERCE COURSE (L.C.C. and D.C.M., I.M.C.) for which there is an unlimited field and SPECIALISED ACCOUNTANCY (R.A., A.A.L.A.) may wherever desirable be taken in as additional Course, as that Profession is overcrowded.

ADMISSION THROUGH POST A SPECIAL FEATURE

Consult PRINCIPAL DAVAR or

Apply for Prospectus giving details 80, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

REBEL ATTACKS ON BRITISH SHIPS

LONDON, July 29. Sir Robert Hudson is returning to Burgos to-morrow with instructions to enable a settlement of the final details with regard to the establishment of the Commission to investigate the attacks on British shipping.

The proposed Commission will consist of one British and one Franco officer with an independent referee to be appointed, should the two commissioners be unable to decide whether any particular attack is deliberate or not.—Reuter.

PRUDENT LADIES

In England and France always keep handy a bottle of Dr. Patterson's Pills of British manufacture to END DELAY directly they get suspicious. These famous pills in France known as REGELATEUR POUR LE DAME, succeed where quinine and ergot fail. Sold in three strengths in originally sealed bottles at Rs. 2-4, Rs. 3-12 and Rs. 5 per bottle of 72. The last strength is for obstinate cases. BRJMOHAN & CO., Sir P. Mehta, Rd., BOMBAY 1, Phone 20230. Literature Free.

Marriage Reform And Birth Control Loom Large

BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS GALORE FOR BOMBAY ASSEMBLY

(From Our Correspondent.)
POONA, July 29.
The demand for intensive propaganda by Government in favour of birth-control among the masses and for provision of adequate facilities for its practice forms the subject of a non-official resolution intended to be moved at the Bombay Legislative Assembly Session commencing here on August 17. Although this resolution, according to the provisional agenda of the session as issued to-day has the first place in the name of Mr. J. S. Aldale, it is shared by eleven of his comrades of Independent Labour Party including Dr. Ambedkar and Mr. Jammadas Mehta.

More facilities and representation to scheduled castes form the subject of five resolutions, one of which, standing in name of Mr. B. K. Galkwad, recommends that boycott of scheduled castes people should be made a cognizable offence.

Mr. Jhabwala carries the banner with seven resolutions to his credit concerning vocational education in villages, recreational programmes for working classes, compulsory group insurance for employees, house rent inquiry committee, and the establishment of a City Civil Court for Bombay.

Reduction of the rupee ratio from eighteen pence to sixteen is the subject of a resolution by Mr. Mahomed Suleman Mitha.

Of the women members of the Assembly Mrs. Lilawati Munshi and Mrs. Faiz Tyabji have tabled four and one resolution respectively. Protection of indigenous products against unhealthy foreign competition, development of the Presidency's natural resources, filip to improved methods of agriculture and cattle breeding, and reserving of ground in Bombay for exhibition of only Indian goods figure as subjects of Mrs. Munshi's resolutions.

Municipal control over midwives in Bombay is advocated by Mrs. Tyabji in her resolution. Coming to non-official Bills, Mrs. Lilawati Munshi will seek leave of the House for introducing two of her Bills seeking marriage reform. One of it seeks to prevent unequal marriages, while the other prohibits bigamous marriages among Hindus in the Presidency.

Mr. Mirza Ashtar Hasan has another Bill affecting Muslim marriages and relating to the law for their dissolution and to the removal of doubts as to the effects of apostasy of a married Muslim woman on her marriage tie.

Here too Mr. Jhabwala has six Bills to his name, providing of swadeshi products test, protection of milch and agricultural cattle and amendments to the Prostitution Prevention Act, Indian Penal Code Sections 373-A, 374-A and 375 and to the Municipal Boroughs Act are the subjects of his Bills.

Mr. B. B. Chakrabarty, Congress M.L.A. seeks to introduce a Bill to amend the Criminal Procedure Code.

For all these Bills leave to introduce will be sought in this session.

Official business on the agenda is scant at present.

Besides election of members to the Public Accounts Committee, the agenda for legislative work contains all three readings of the Village Panchayats Bill, second and third readings of Town Planning Bill and Medical Practitioners Bill and Money-Lenders' Bill which are at present in the hands of the Select Committees. Consideration of the Rules of Pro-

cedure for the business of the House are also there on the agenda. The amount of Government business is likely to mount up high as Government start on publishing their contemplated measures.

COTTON AND WASTE Ginning & Pressing Factories Act To Be Amended

The "Bombay Government Gazette" publishes a Bill to amend the Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories Act, 1925, in its application to the Province of Bombay.

The statement of objects and reasons states:—
Doubts have arisen whether under the Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories Act, 1925, as amended by Bom. Act IV of 1936, the mixing of cotton waste with cotton is an offence. It is proposed to remove these doubts by specifying cotton waste as a substance which, like other foreign substances, must not be mixed with cotton.

Doubts are also entertained whether in view of the scheme of Section 3A of the Act, the deliberate watering of cotton is an offence when the watering is so regulated as not to cause the water contents of the cotton to exceed the limit prescribed for determining whether cotton has been watered. It is, therefore, proposed to split up Section 3A into two Sections, 3A and 3AA, the latter of which deals solely with the deliberate watering of cotton, which is made an offence in all circumstances.

STRIKERS HOLD ON

Protest Against Arrest Of Railway Porters

(From A Correspondent.)
BALLIMARAN, (By Mail).
Under the auspices of Workers' League and Railway Porters' Union, the Delhi Railway Porters strikers in spite of their starving condition, are daily making peaceful demonstrations before the Railway station and in the city. Meetings are being held every day at Companybagh near the Railway station and in other places.

On the 25th evening, while meeting was going on, a large number of police with officers arrived on the spot and arrested 8 more strikers on the charge of snatching away the badge (License Plate) of one loyal cooly, who has not joined the strike.

The total arrests made up to now on different charges, numbers above 30.
Immediately after the arrest, a big procession of the strikers with Sreemati Chandoo Bibi at the head, passed through the principal streets of the city holding protest meetings, in several places of Chandney Chauk in which workers protested against the action of the authorities and the recent arrests. Resolutions expressing sympathy for the persons, who were arrested and convicted on the 22nd for observing general hartal and who are reported to have been ill-treated by Jail authorities were also, unanimously adopted in the meeting.

STRIKE IN MANHAR MILLS

Sequel To Reduction In Wages

(From A Correspondent.)
The workers of the Manhar Mills Ltd., situated at Reay Road, Bombay, are on strike since Monday last, owing to the rates having been revised without

RELEASE OF DETENUS

Saxena And Subhas To Carry On Negotiations With Bengal Govt?

CALCUTTA, July 29.
Mr. Mohanlal Saxena had an interview with Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, the Congress President, at the latter's residence this morning when he discussed the question of the release of political prisoners, specially of Bengal.

It is understood that Mr. Saxena had independently carried on correspondence with the Government of Bengal on this subject and was assured by them that the cases of political would be taken into consideration.

It is further understood that Mahatma Gandhi had asked Mr. Bose to resume the negotiations with Khwaja Sir Nazimuddin, the Home Minister and had indicated the lines on which the negotiations were to be carried on.—United Press.

COUNTRY BOAT CAPSIZES

CALCUTTA, July 29.
Alarming reports about the rise in rivers in Vikrampur Pargana in Dacca continue to pour in. During the last 24 hours the river Padma has risen to six inches and the principal thoroughfares, civil and criminal court compounds, post office compound and about 70 per cent. houses of Munshiganj town have gone under water.

A report from Dhubri in Upper Assam says that due to strong current in the Brahmaputra now in flood, a country boat capsized resulting in the death of all the three passengers.—United Press.

MONTHLY FLAG-SALUTATION

At Congress House

The monthly flag-salutation ceremony, under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 8 a.m. (S.T.) at the Congress House.

"NONSENSE" IS UNPARLIAMENTARY

PATNA, July 29.
The Bihar Assembly to-day took up consideration, clause by clause of the Bihar Tenancy Amendment Bill. Objection has been taken by a member to the Advocate General using the term "non-sense" in the course of a speech yesterday. The Speaker giving a ruling said that the term was unparliamentary and asked the Advocate General to withdraw it which he did and substituted instead the word "meaningless".—A. P.

Bhai Paramanand left Simla on Friday to attend a 'kisan' meeting to be held at Lyallpur.

affording them an opportunity to show cause against reduction of rates. The strike is being conducted by the Girni Kamgar Union, Bombay, under the leadership of Mr. G. L. Kandalkar, the General Secretary.

On the 28th instant, an unsuccessful attempt was made by the owners to bring outside labour into the Mills. One striker Mr. Valli Mahomed was arrested on the spot but he was immediately bailed out.

The Union has filed yesterday a complaint with the Chief Conciliator appointed under the Bombay Trade Disputes Conciliation Act of 1934, and the hearing of the case is fixed for Monday, the 1st August.

A meeting of the strikers was held in the Maldan opposite the Manhar Mills under the leadership of Mr. G. L. Kandalkar. Mr. Kandalkar exhorted the strikers to stand firm until their grievances are redressed. Several other workers also spoke. The workers have declared their determination to continue the strike.

PEACE AND EMPIRE CONFERENCE IN LONDON

(Continued from page 6)
subject peoples, and resisting the forces which are everywhere bent on destroying democracy and producing or intensifying the subjection and exploitation of the peoples.

This Conference therefore calls upon the Labour, Progressive and Peace organisations to co-operate with the peoples of all lands in order to create a powerful and united movement which will halt Fascist aggression, clear the way for the advance of the colonial peoples to freedom and democracy, and ensure the peaceful progress of the human race.

Palestine Policy Condemned
The Conference also passed the following two resolutions:

This Conference deprecates the situation in Palestine and especially the conflict between the Arabs and Jews, which is the resultant of British Imperialist policy pursued since the Great War. The Conference condemns this policy and the intense repression of the people of Palestine and is convinced that the problem can only be solved by the abolition of imperialism and an understanding between the Arabs and Jews.

While recognising that the Jews deserve every sympathy in their unhappy plight in the world to-day and a full protection of their rights in Palestine, this Conference is of the opinion that the struggle in Palestine is essentially a national struggle for independence and freedom. The Conference appeals to the Arabs and Jews to cease from mutual conflict and unite together to gain independence from imperialism.

This Conference protests very strongly against the use of the educational system and the B. B. C. for imperialist propaganda and urges the withdrawal of such school books and the stopping of such broadcast talks as contain material likely to be offensive to the Colonial Peoples.

Jawaharlal's Speech
In bringing the Conference to a close Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru delivered the following speech:—

We have after all had an extraordinary gathering and if you go through the long list of organisations represented it is a singular education for us in international matters.

Now there has been an argument about a particular resolution which was placed before us and I have tried to follow that argument, very closely. I am intelligent enough to appreciate what lay behind that argument and yet, because I have myself not been entangled in this argument, I cannot exactly get excited about it nor understand why all this excitement.

I pointed out that when the Congress passed the resolution, it did not think for a moment of either side in this argument as it has been presented to you. It was not worried by reason of various opinions held by other organisations. Yet it arrived at that conclusion. What does it signify? Obviously the Indian National Congress is going to act, as all organisations ultimately act, in its own selfish interests whenever the occasion arises for it to act. But it has begun to realise more and more that its self interest leads to what might appear to be an unselfish action, which is international solidarity, co-operation with other prescriptive forces. But when it co-operates it is not a question of our going about talking in a missionary way about doing good to others, but of realising what is the common good for all and therefore co-operating. Therefore the Congress came to its conclusion in regard to world collective security.

Now I suppose the real issue is what is meant by collective security and it might be that people would not ask this if they analysed their conception. Obviously for an Indian it has no meaning which involves the subjection of India. Similarly for any person that is subject, he is not very much interested in assisting to maintain a 'status quo' which in-

Congress Membership Campaign

Four Trophies Offered In Punjab To Give Fillip To Enrolment

LAHORE, July 29.
A fillip to the enrolment of Congress member in the Punjab has been given by the announcement by the Punjab Congress Working Council to offer four trophies one for that District, which enrolls the largest number of members, the second for that person, who enrolls the largest number of Mohamradan members, the third for that person who enrolls the largest number of Harijan members and the fourth for that person, who enrolls the largest number of women members.

Dr. Satyapal, President of the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee in an appeal to the Congress workers to enrol Congress members in large number says: "I call upon every well-wisher of the Congress to take a vow to enrol Congress members and organise Congress Committees and foil the attempts of all those, who wish to harm the Congress to establish their own supremacy."—A. P.

Sergeant Suspended

(From Our Correspondent.)
POONA, July 29.
Sergeant Cleamsman of the Poona City Police has been suspended under orders of the District Superintendent of Police, Poona for alleged bribe-taking.

involves his subjection. Yet it is not such a simple issue as all that. Conditions may arise when it may be to our advantage to get rid of that subjection and get rid of collective security at the same time. I cannot lay down a hard and fast rule. No practical politician can do that long before hand, and in speaking to you I am not prepared to do that. I have functioned for many years as what might be called an agitator. At the same time the time has come in India when though we have still to function as agitators now, even as agitators, we have to advise when we can. Our organisation has given advice which we know if it is adopted will convulse the country. We cannot lightly give that advice. In the past we have carried on our movement and gone, I suppose, forward knowing that we were not strong enough to achieve our aim. Now to-day, suppose I go and put a certain thing before the Congress and it adopts it, it will mean that millions of people will do it, will follow that advice. It is no light burden that the Congress has to carry when it means upsetting the whole system in India. Therefore I am not prepared frankly to say exactly how under a certain set of circumstances we shall certainly act, but I am prepared to tell you that we are prepared to act only with one thing before us. Firstly the Independence of India, and secondly, because we do believe and we are convinced that this isolated national independence is out of date and cannot exist for long in future, that we cannot always consider problems in terms of isolated national independence. We have to consider it in a larger way. If we think only in terms of national independence I feel we will not go a long way. The Indian National Congress must think in larger terms, must think of the greater perils that are overshadowing the world and try to avert these perils.

May I in conclusion thank all the delegates and organisations represented here, especially the delegates for their indulgence to me in spite of slight waves of excitement, and the organisations, who have taken a tremendous deal of trouble behind the scene? I think they can well feel satisfied with their resolution, and I think it will have far-reaching and desirable consequences.

A SHORT STORY

Affirmative Answer

BY RICHARD HILL WILKINSON.

"I've always wanted," said Clyde Barton, "to be a best man at a wedding. To wear striped trousers and patent-leather shoes, a cutaway coat and a bat-winged collar. I've wanted to present the groom with the ring, kiss the bride, and, in short, to play an active and important part at a marriage ceremony without being married."

Clyde adjusted his tie and regarded the mirror's reflection of his friend Bruce Alden. They were alone in the latter's bedroom. Bruce was having difficulty in squeezing a No. 8 foot into a No. 7 patent-leather shoe. He grunted. "The fact," went on Clyde, "that you, my bosom pal, are about to sign a life contract with the charming Jane Osgood, and have chosen me to serve as best man gives me thrills and chills, and fills me with ecstasy. I am, in a word, steamed up."

"Confound these shoes!" declared Bruce, "and confound these rehearsals." He looked up, grinning. "Clyde, why haven't you ever thought of getting married? You're old enough, have a splendid income and a swell personality."

Barton sighed deeply. "My love has flown. She came to me one summer's day and lingered but a week. I've never seen her since. 'Twas my only love, Bruce, old son, the only woman who's stirred the pulse and made the heart flutter. I fear love is never for me."

"Banana oil!" Bruce ejaculated. "You're one of those romantic nuts who dream of a long-lost love, hoping that one day she'll wander down a dew-scented lane into your arms. Bunk! Get on to yourself, my boy. The woods are full of lovely girls." "I'm afraid," said Clyde wearily, "you don't understand. There'll only be one girl for me—and that's Maggie!" "Maggie!" Bruce grinned. "Romantic name, to say the least. You haven't seen Virginia Graham yet. She's to be Jane's bridesmaid. You'll meet her to-night at rehearsal, Southern. Bet she makes you forget Maggie."

"They drove to the church in Bruce's roadster. Clyde eagerly looked forward to the forthcoming ceremony. Bruce had been his pal since boyhood. Jane was their mutual friend. He was glad to see the two at last on the road to happiness, thrilled to think he had been selected as best man.

The vestry was filled when they arrived, and there was a general hubbub of safety. Jane appeared, looking cool and lovely, and with her was a girl of rare and exotic beauty.

"Virginia Graham, a bridesmaid," Jane introduced. Clyde looked at Virginia Gra-

ham and looked again. "Well," he said, "and likewise well." Then he felt himself go alternately hot and cold. His pulse quickened, slowed, and then seemed to discontinue action altogether. "I wonder," said Bruce in Clyde's ear, "what Maggie would say?" Clyde wrenched his eyes away from the deep blue pools that had absorbed his attention. For the first time in his life he knew real embarrassment.

Jane came to his rescue. "Let's get on with the rehearsal," she laughed. "The minister is waiting. You two can get acquainted later." She smiled at Clyde, whispered: "She's not married, nor engaged." The rehearsal, the ceremony on the following day, and the subsequent events that followed were to Clyde all part of a hazy dream. He saw only two deep pools of blue that stared at him in mild inquiry; heard only a soft, sweet voice that spoke to him with a delicious southern drawl. The fact that he was in no mental condition to appreciate the importance of his role as best man didn't matter. Not until it was over, and Bruce and Jane had departed on their wedding trip amid showers of confetti, rice and old shoes, and Clyde at last found himself alone with Virginia on the verandah of the Alden home, did his faculties return to normalcy. It was June and the moon was bright. The air was filled with the pungent odours of new-blooming flowers.

"It's been wonderful knowing you," Clyde said, looking deep into the two blue pools that were now vague shadows in the dim night. "I hope—this—won't be goodbye." Virginia laughed softly. "Like it was with Maggie?" she asked. "Hang Maggie!" Clyde exploded. Then: "You're going back to-morrow, Virginia, but not alone. I'm going, too. I've always wanted to visit the South, and this gives me an excuse. In fact, once I get down there, I think I'll remain until a certain girl makes up her mind to answer a question I plan to ask in the affirmative."

"Do come down," Virginia urged. "I'm sure you'll like it there. Moreover, you'll have an opportunity to remind that certain girl to give the question serious consideration, in case she should forget."

Clyde looked out over the lawn and down into the meadow, where a faint mist was beginning to rise over the top of the little grass there. "Bruce was right," he muttered. Virginia looked at him curiously. "Right about what?" she asked. "Banana oil!" said Clyde.

(COPYRIGHT.)

Harijans And Hindu Hotels

Ahmedabad Hotels To Close?

(From Our Correspondent.)
AHMEDABAD, July 29.
The entry of 'harijans' in hotels has created a great sensation amongst hotel-keepers and Hindus in general. When about 70 'harijans', tried to enter a Hindu hotel in Hahpur the hotel-keeper and other Hindus objected to their entry.

This resulted in an attack on the 'harijans' by some Hindus. Two were severely injured. The police arrived on the spot and arrested several Hindus. A general strike is likely in city hotels. The situation is critical and many hotels remained closed to-day. It is understood that hotel-keepers in large numbers, are going to see Premier Kher to represent their grievances.

HARTAL IN PUNJAB

Non-Agriculturists' Fight Against Agrarian Bills

LAHORE, July 29.
An appeal to all non-agriculturists of the Punjab to observe "Hartal" on 30th and 31st instant so that businessmen may be able to attend the Punjab Non-Agriculturists' Conference, which is being held on these dates at Lyallpur, has been issued by Goswami Ganesh Dutt, General Secretary, of the Punjab Non-Agriculturists' Association.

He adds that those who participate in the Conference should be prepared to enrol their names in the War Council. Besides the War Council five other Councils will be formed at the Conference for carrying on agitation against the agrarian bills.—A. P.

MUTT AND JEFF—Maybe Even the Thought of it Got Mrs. Mutt's Goat

By BUD FISHER



Late Sir N. B. Saklatvala

Mr. Kawashah S. Dalal, Hon. Secretary and Treasurer of the Zoroastrian Friends' Union, Bombay writes to say that his Union has passed a resolution expressing its regret at the sad death of Sir Nowroji B. Saklatvala, who very ably conducted the affairs of Messrs. Tata Sons, Ltd., and who by his simplicity and gentlemanliness had endeared himself to all members of the staff, as well as those who had come in contact with him, and that the Union recorded the great loss the Parsi community had suffered in his death, which took place in about a year after the sad death of late Sir Sorabji Pochkhanawala, and the Union conveyed its heartfelt sympathy to Lady Saklatvala and Mr. Bapuji, his aged father, in their sad bereavement.

MANY DOCTORS AGREE

The Old Adage is Found Best

Doctors in India and throughout the world still find the old saying "An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure" is sound advice for everyone. Most of the weakening coughs and colds that come with wet weather can be prevented... if proper precautions are taken. Give your body the extra strength it needs by taking Waterbury's Compound regularly. This time-tested tonic contains many body-building elements... pure liver and malt extracts, iron, copper and other ingredients that strengthen the body, enrich the blood, bring new vigour and energy. Fortify yourself against the ills of the rainy season with Waterbury's Compound. It will help you keep well to enjoy life to the fullest extent.

New year's Greetings

CALENDARS 1939

DESIGNS • MOST ATTRACTIVE
PRICES • DEFT COMPETITION

WANTED AGENTS
TO SECURE ORDERS
ON VERY ATTRACTIVE
TERMS

Apply to—

The
IMPERIAL ART (OTTAGE)
1A, TAGORE CASTLE STREET
CALCUTTA

INDUSTRY

Will help you to success

A well-informed and authoritative monthly magazine for the manufacturers and businessmen. It is over 29 years' standing. Annual Subscription Rs. 4/- only. Write for free sample copy.

"INDUSTRY"
— Keshub Bhasan —
22, R. G. KAR ROAD,
CALCUTTA.

LEPROSY and LEUCODERMA

Whatever extensive and how long-standing cured absolutely in four weeks. Success guaranteed. Particulars on request. KAMALA WORKS (B.C.) PANCHPOTA, (Bengal).

THE MOGUL LINE

SPECIAL HAJ SERVICE

SAILINGS AT SHORT INTERVALS FROM

Bombay and Karachi to Jedda.

Steamers	Tons
s.s. "AKBAR"	4043
s.s. "ALAVI"	3566
s.s. "ISLAM"	5879
s.s. "JEHANGIR"	3566
s.s. "KHOSROU"	4043
s.s. "RAHMANT"	5291
s.s. "RIZWANT"	5307

Passenger and cargo services from Bombay and Karachi to Aden, Jedda and Red Sea Ports. Also from Bombay and Karachi to Port Louis, Mauritius.

For full particulars apply to:—
TURNER MORRISON & CO. Ltd.
16, Bank Street, BOMBAY.

HALF YEARLY DIRECTIONS

Contains Monthly and Weekly forecasts on your Finance, Profession, Marriage, Health and Home for the next SIX MONTHS. Send your Date of Birth—today.

Rs 1-8

Prof. SEKHAR ELLORÉ

Jawahar Answers Critics Of Mahatma And Non-Violence

Gandhiji's Influence, As Great As Ever

MYTH ABOUT RELIGIOUS CONFLICT EXPOSED: A FEW FACTS OF INDIA'S GREAT CIVILISATION AND CULTURAL UNITY

If Britain Withdrew There Would Be Celebrations

(From Our Own Correspondent)

LONDON. (By Air Mail). Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru answered several questions put to him at the meeting at Queens Hall organised by the Left Book Club, on July 28th 1938. The following are the issues raised and replied to:—

There are many questions about caste in India, the untouchables, what the Congress thinks in regard to freedom of thought, whether under the system Congress envisages freedom of development in this respect will be allowed.

For long years past the Congress from its very early stages has declared in favour of the complete freedom of thought and the removal of all restrictions from any section of the population. So far as the question of freedom of thought is concerned, it was because freedom of thought was interfered with by the British Government that inevitably our reaction was to demand it. About seven years ago the Congress drew up a kind of Charter, fundamental laws of constitution, and a number of them were related to this question of freedom of thought, freedom of organisation and association and all the various things which go to make up civil liberties.

This should be deep down fundamentals in the Constitution and should not be interfered with. Also laid down in these fundamental laws was the question of freedom of religion, culture, language and all the so-called minority rights.

MINORITY QUESTION

And referring to the minority question, I find a number of people have asked me about religious rights and about the communal problem. First of all there is no religious problem in India. What you might perhaps consider a religious problem is somewhat different—a communal problem. The religious problem arises from the conflict between religions, and there is no such problem because there is the complete freedom in all groups of all parties, especially the Congress which has laid it down as fundamental that there should be religious freedom and practice, always of course so long as this is compatible with public morality and order.

It may be that in a vast country like India there might be a petty quarrel somewhere—that is not a matter for debate. But this communal problem is not a religious problem—it is partly political and partly economic, partly personal. At the present moment you will find in the Congress a fairly large number of Mohammedans; you will find provinces in India which are entirely Moslem like the North-West Frontier Province—yet both are on the side of the Congress. It is true that owing to certain historical backgrounds of hostility, it is not very difficult to raise certain communal prejudices and passion. And do not for a moment imagine that I am trying to minimise this problem or its importance for us. But do not think of it in terms of religious strife or riots. In a vast country like India if sometimes we hear there is a riot in some town or other, you do not hear that in 790 towns or more villages nothing has happened, but you do hear of the one-in-a-thousand case or hundred-thousand where some trouble has occurred. Do not lose your sense of perspective.

THE COMMUNAL AWARD.

Then again this communal problem used to be considered a problem of representation in the legislatures. So far as that is concerned it has for the moment been settled or decided by a certain decision of Mr. Ramsay MacDonald when he was Prime Minister. It was criticised very strongly and it was never agreed to, but nevertheless the Congress attitude has been that we do not desire any change of it except with the consent of the parties concerned. If it is by consent, we agree. So in a certain way this communal problem is an economic problem. In some place, like Bengal, the peasantry is largely Mohammedan and the landlords, Hindu. It is not a

communal problem at all, but a tenant-landlord problem, but in order to hide the main conflict the colour of communalism and religion is given to it. In the United Provinces it is slightly the other way about; the peasantry are largely Hindu and the landlords Moslem. But the landlord, not wanting to be considered as a landlord coming into conflict with his tenants, will say the Hindu elements were in conflict with the Moslem. And to-day, apart from certain trivial personal factors, one sees that an attempt has been made by reactionary and semi-feudal elements both amongst the Hindus and Mohammedans to take shelter behind the name of religion to prevent the people from joining the progressive forces and what would inevitably follow, getting some attention paid to the real problems—the economic problems. If I go to the Punjab and address a meeting (and I may tell you that meetings in India are enormous) it may be a meeting of fifty to sixty thousand people consisting of Hindus, Muslims, Sikhs and among the questions I get shouted at me no one will ask me about the communal problem. What they are interested in is: When is our water rate going down? When are our taxes going down? All these problems cannot be dealt with as communal problems. There may be a conflict between the landlord and the tenant, but there is the same conflict between the Hindu landlord and Hindu tenant.

UNITY OF INDIA

Remember this, there is the question I referred to of the Unity of India. It is an interesting thing, and I wish I could tell you something about this interesting study. People have an astounding conception of India's history of the past. They seem to think that when the British people went there first the only conception of the Indian people was to cut one another's throats and since they became established all has been well. Well, it is true that except for certain periods of history when the Indian political unity was established India has been politically divided and when you look at this enormous country you realise that it was not easy to keep such a country in political unity before modern transport and modern communication and the rest came into existence. In the past big Empires broke up because the industrial revolution had not come. But what is important is this that India has had cultural unity for thousands of years and I want to put before you one of the instances of this. The basic language of India, of the whole of India, was Sanskrit—the elementary language out of which the present great languages of India have grown. Do not imagine there are hundreds of languages of India. There are ten languages all intimately connected with each other. Those to the north are derived from Sanskrit and others in the south powerfully influenced by it. One of the languages, which is the Hindustani language, is spoken by an odd 130 million people and it is understood by a fairly large number of others. I have no doubt it will become the main language, not replacing the great languages, but becoming the main link between them. You found huge controversies taking place in which representatives from all India gathered and debated. This idea of a conference of the representatives of all India is a very old idea. They go from the south all the way to Kashmir to attend a conference. You find from the most ancient times the four most famous places situated one in Cape Comorin in the extreme south, another on the Western coast, the third on the extreme east, Puri, and the fourth in the extreme north in the Himalayas and there was constant going to and fro from these

places and a constant interchange of ideas. And when a new idea arose it spread immediately all over India. Controversy, talk, discussion—essentially these ideas spread by discussion. And the fact of the matter was, perhaps, unfortunately for India, India and the people did not attach much importance to politics. They attached greater importance to their activities and this was partly due to the fact that they had a very large measure of local self-government. They did not care who was at the top so long as they did not interfere with their local liberties. If two kings fought, provided it did not interfere with local liberties, the people did not mind who won. In fact there are treaties in evidence where Kings entered into agreements with the people of the towns that if their wars interfered with their crops they would pay compensation. So they said: "Go ahead and fight." It was unfortunate that not taking enough interest in the political side and ultimately it did result in the people at the top depriving them of their local liberties. Right through history you find this common culture of India.

INDIA'S CIVILISATION

I should also like you to realise the enormous past of a very high civilisation in India. Now, many of you have heard of the enormous discoveries in many places of magnificent cities, shop fronts, swimming pools, beautiful jewellery, toys for the children, fine statuary—all this, five thousand years ago, which shows that the civilisation is at least to or three thousand years old, contemporary with the earliest civilisation in Egypt. And you have this continued from that period five, six, seven thousand years ago, and strangely enough this civilisation appears to be essentially a secular civilisation. No temples are found anywhere in these great cities. There are things which show some kind of worship, but the people did not attach much importance to them, they did not put up huge buildings for it. Unfortunately they got into the habit of erecting buildings later on. So that you see this history of India with its hundreds of years of positive development, with the number of conquests remarkably few for that period of years—and people do not seem to realise that a number of invaders during that period were repelled.

So to the last 150 years of history in India which has been so oppressive in many ways—looking at it in relation to the long vista of years, it is a very small period, and it seems as though that little chapter was ending soon and we were going to turn over a new page.

MAHATMA GANDHI

Somebody is asking me about Mr. Gandhi. I have talked in terms of various movements—I did not mention Mr. Gandhi's name. But I think you must all know a great deal about M. Gandhi. This great development of the National movement during the last 20 years, and especially its mass development, is largely the work of M. Gandhi (applause). India and the Indian people owe an enormous debt to M. Gandhi for he really has worked wonders. Whether some of us for particular reasons agree or do not agree is a matter for ourselves to decide, but the point is that the past 20 years of India's history he has played an amazingly important role. He has had greater influence with the Indian masses, and been more popular than perhaps you can find any other example in history I might say. Many persons have become great after their death—I am talking of a person during his lifetime moving such huge masses of human beings. There is no question of his tremendous service to the people of India. Please remember also that M. Gandhi's popularity is the same to-day as ever it was.

NON-VIOLENCE

Another question is to whether the Congress has changed its policy with regard to non-violence. The Congress has not changed its policy. The Congress, largely at the instance of M. Gandhi, adopted passive methods. M. Gandhi, of course, laid stress on that—believes in that, because he thinks these are the only proper methods to pursue under any circumstances. Somebody shouted "Shame!" I should very much like to know why it is a shameful thing. It astounds me that anybody should think it shameful to pursue passive methods. It is possible to imagine circumstances where passive methods do not answer the purpose. That is a different matter. But to say it is shameful to believe in passive methods is an astounding thing

and a selfish thing. Unless we are to revert to Hitlerism and barbarism I think we must demand that passive methods should always be preferred unless there is no other way out.

ONLY WAY

The way M. Gandhi puts this before the Congress is certainly in the moral way. But after all the Congress is a political organisation, it likes to fulfil its function morally, but wants to know what the result of that function will be. He stressed the practical side of it which was that in fact we had no other alternative, and while he laid stress on the passive methods, remember he was further the first person who put forward an effective plan of action. It was not merely a question of saying we should remain passive and do nothing else. He put forward a plan involving direct action—a general strike of the whole country, involving the tremendous pressure of the whole country. It was not merely a negative thing, and in the last analysis it was the only way open to us. And that plan made a tremendous difference to India because it gave us the big thing we lacked—self-reliance, strength, capacity for united action. So far as that is concerned, the Congress has got for its first article the use of passive and legitimate methods.

Now I am not for the moment going into the virtue of violent or non-violent action. I can conceive of circumstances where non-violent action has to be abandoned in favour of other methods. That situation has not arrived in India, because we are strong enough to follow our own methods to achieve our goal. I do not know how to give a specific instance, but I do not see how I could function in Spain in the present moment non-violently. So in India, such occasions might arise.

IF BRITAIN LEFT INDIA

One interesting question is if the British were removed from India wouldn't there be a possibility of Japanese aggression in India?

This question is of the defence of India. So many people have asked this question. I wonder if any person ever takes the trouble to put himself for the moment in the position of a Japanese General thinking in terms of the conquest of India. Because the whole thing is fantastic. It is fantastic I say, although in the world to-day all manner of things might happen. First, India gets rid of British rule either by agreement or compulsion. If by compulsion then it pre-supposes a certain strength in India to resist others coming in. If by agreement, then we have immediately opportunities to develop our defence forces and any aggression on India might involve bigger complications.

But leave out for the moment England. Japan takes longer to come to India than to England, while from Japan to India is one of the most complicated and difficult journeys to navigate with its narrow straits it is impossible for Japan to come overland or by air because of the enormous mountains and deserts. They must therefore come by sea and the sea route is complicated and difficult. And Japan is not likely to undertake such a rash adventure unless it was safe in its homewaters. It would never think of it unless it had subjugated and absorbed the whole of China, a task which is highly unlikely it will ever do. Even so, it would expose its flanks to great hostile powers, to the U.S.A. and America. Then again, it would probably think in terms of easier prey like the Dutch Indies, or Australia, the Philippine Islands, so that the Japanese Generals before ever thinking of India, would have many other things to dispose of.

Finally if they decide to come to India, they will find a swarm welcome there.

WOMEN MORE AGGRESSIVE

Someone has asked me about the women in the Congress. Of course there are large number of women in the Congress, and as a rule they function more aggressively than the men. But really it is a curious thing how our national movement, this freedom movement, has affected the women of India. When about 30-50 thousand men of India were imprisoned, suddenly their places were taken by thousands of women who had previously done no such work. They came out into the streets and took charge of the situation and became very aggressive. That in itself shows that the widespread movement is affecting the whole of Indian life.

INDIA AND WAR

Another question: If there is war between British Imperialism

TIME DOES NOT FLY—
where blending is concerned. Each different grade of Virginia leaf must fulfil its allotted span of summers, slowly maturing, stored in cask. Time is essential to perfect blending... Time is one of the secrets of Capstan.

**Better
Buy
CAPSTAN
they're
blended
better**

CAP143

WHY COUGH YOUR HEAD OFF?
BUY TO-DAY

PULMOVIGOR

It succeeds where others have failed.

Sole Agents: **MALGHAM BROS., Bombay. 1**

and the Fascist countries what India would do?

Well, I do not know whether there will be war or not. But obviously British Imperialism draws closer and closer to fascism and so far its policy is concerned this has completely changed and is obviously pro-fascist to-day. It is possible to conceive of two Imperialisms coming into conflict or British Imperialism coming into conflict with fascism. Remember the rearmament programme is meant for that—because I do not see any other big conflict facing British Imperialism. I do not think it is immediately meant for Russia, but the ultimate conflict may be that. Suppose this contingency arises, what then? Obviously our sympathies are against fascism. Obviously we are against Imperialism. The Indian National Congress repeatedly has declared that it is not going to be dragged into war by the British Government and any attempt to do so would be resisted—the only party that can decide that is the Indian people.

Point No. 2: In case there is war it is hardly likely to be other than Imperialist war and we do not propose to be exploited for the sake of any Imperialism. In

other words, the real thing is this. If India was a free country, an independent country, it is quite possible that there were two rival forces engaged, one more or less representing the aggressive side, the reactionary side, and the other the progressive side, and it would be both to India's interest and to her ultimate advantage to see that the progressive side wins—but if India is a subject country to be exploited this would not be tolerated.

FASCISM IN INDIA

I am asked whether there is fascism in India. I suppose there are fascist tendencies in India, particularly in the Indian States. In regard to Ceylon and Burma, we would very much welcome them if they chose to join a future Indian Republic or Federation, but obviously that must be left to the people of Ceylon and Burma. There can be no compulsion in the matter.

What about the anarchy which would prevail if the British withdrew from India. A slightly similar question was asked me the other day. What would happen on the North-west Frontier, I was asked in solemn tones, if the British forces withdrew. I replied "Celebrations on both sides of the Frontier." (Loud and prolonged applause).

"Her Jungle Love" Stays: Three Musicals This Week



Dorothy Lamour and Ray Milland in "Her Jungle Love" at New Empire.

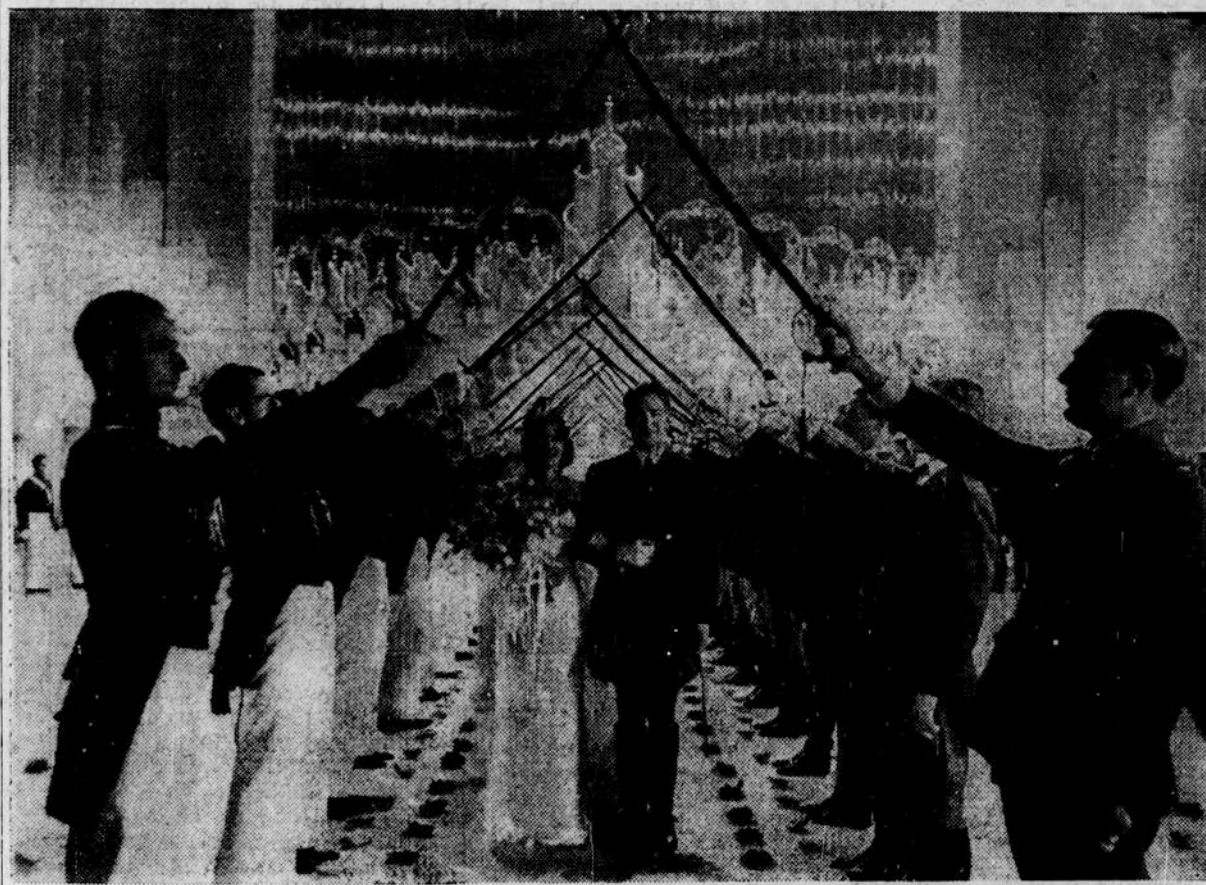
RITZ BROTHERS AT THE REGAL

And Marjorie Weaver
In "Kentucky
Moonshine"

The three Ritz Brothers, taking a hilarious, tongue-in-the-cheek poke at the radio broadcasting studio's penchant for talent quests are scheduled to open on Saturday, at the Regal in their latest starring comedy, "Kentucky Moonshine."

In this 20th Century Fox film, with Darryl F. Zanuck in charge of production, the now established madmen of the movies have added many extra film frenzies to provide merriment. Interpolated through the plot of "Kentucky Moonshine" is a romance between Tony Martin, the popular radio (and more recently) screen crooner, and the delightful Marjorie Weaver, who has come a long way towards stardom since her "Break in Second Honey Moon."

The story of "Kentucky Moonshine" is that of a group of unemployed entertainers. Marjorie Weaver, waiting her turn for an audition at a radio station, overhears a conference at which it is decided to send Tony Martin to the mountains of Kentucky.



A gorgeous scene from "Rosalie" the most lavishly produced musical at the Metro with Nelson Eddy and Eleanor Powell in leading roles.

Most Lavish Musical Ever Screened

Nelson Eddy And Eleanor Powell In "Rosalie"
At Metro

Hailed as 'big', it is big, this "Rosalie", which danced and sang its musical way last night into the hearts of those who saw its local premiere at the Metro.

Nelson Eddy and Eleanor Powell are teamed in this tuneful melange, which varies in locale between an Army-Navy football game, West Point, a transatlantic airplane, and the colourful mythical kingdom of "Romanza". The pairing of Eddy and Miss Powell is a brilliant feat. Not only do they dance and sing in the manner of stars of their magnitude, but as lovers they are decidedly in the top rank among romantic teams.

Those who thought they had seen "tops" in immense movie sets when "The Great Ziegfeld" came to town, have something to think about when they see "Romanza", the tremendous white and silver kingdom presided over by Frank Morgan as a king with an eye for a pretty girl and Edna May Oliver as a queen quite able to curb such tendencies. Morgan as ruler with ventriloquism as a hobby strikes a new high note in laugh-producing rags.

Ray Bolger, he of the rubber legs is really great as comedy relief, and, of course, splendid in his comedy dancing specialties. Ilona Massey is a newcomer whom play-goers can well watch carefully. This beautiful European, who makes her American debut as the second lead of the picture, in the part of Countess Brenda, confidante to the Princess Rosalie, not only proves herself a delightful comedienne, but a singer of extraordinary range. Her "Spring Love Is in the Air" is magnificently done.

In fact, all of the music of the piece is tuneful and finely created, as one might expect after seeing that all are credited to the highly competent Cole Porter. Nelson Eddy, in splendid voice,

sings "Rosalie", "Who Knows" and "In the Still of the Night", as solos; and "It's All Over But the Shouting" and "To Love or Not to Love" with the "West Point" football team. Frank Morgan, as the King, has an amusing comedy song in "Why Should I Care", and Miss Powell sings and taps beautifully.



Gladys Swarthout and John Boles in "Romance in the Dark" at Eros.

fully, "I've a Strange New Rhythm in My Heart."

The ballet dance numbers staged by Albertina Rasch for the enormous Romanza sequences are in the best traditions of that great ballet mistress. In fact, in extent they exceed anything she has ever done. "Rosalie" has been briskly directed by W. S. Van Dyke II. With that director's customary fast pace, it moves along at break-neck speed.

"WELLS FARGO" AT BROADWAY

Battling the most ferocious conditions ever experienced by mortal man, over-coming handicaps of nature and scheming badmen of the Old West, and hardy pioneers who tamed and uncivilized wilderness and transformed the blessing of regular transportation routes from a vague, hoped-for dream into reality, are immortalized in Frank Lloyd's Paramount epic, "Wells Fargo" which

SECOND WEEK OF 'HER JUNGLE LOVE'

Reunited in the same type of film that vaulted them to screen fame, Dorothy Lamour and Ray Milland are seen together again in "Her Jungle Love," the new Technicolour film running for the second week at the New Empire.

Milland, whose most recent success was in the colour film "Bob Tide," scores a sensational hit as the young Indo-Malayan transport pilot forced down on a jungle isle uninhabited except for the beautiful Miss Lamour, a white "goddess" in the eyes of the surrounding superstition ridden natives. Lyana Overman, the rubber-faced comedian who plays the part of Milland's partner on the trans-Pacific flight, shares the comedy honours with Jiggs, an unusually talented monkey.

Milland undertakes to teach the lovely Miss Lamour, who has never before seen a white man, the rudiments of civilization, and only realizes the complications he has let himself in for when he tries to make her understand the meaning of the English word "kiss."

Set amid scenes of rare beauty in full natural colour, the entire action of the picture, with the exception of one or two flash backs, takes place on the exotic jungle isle where Milland first discovered Tura, as Miss Lamour is called in the picture. She sings a new song, "Lovelight in the Starlight," which in the opinion of this reviewer is destined to be even more popular than the "Moonlight and Shadows" of "The Jungle Princess."

Mr. James A. David



Mr. James A. David, Publicity Manager of the United Artists Corporation in Bombay has now been put in charge of sales promotion.

"MR. DODD TAKES THE AIR" AT CAPITOL

Radio Singing Star,
Kenny Baker In
Filmdom

"Mr. Dodd Takes the Air" a picture, which combines several unusually appealing features, opening to-day at the Capitol. It introduces as a full-fledged film star, young Kenny Baker, who has long been one of the top-ranking radio favourites of the nation. And those who have seen previews of "Mr. Dodd" say Kenny is really great.

The picture was produced by Young Mervyn LeRoy, whose recent comedy "The King and the Chorus Girl" was a sensational success as a Warner Bros. release. It is a story about a young singer of fair ability who had a throat operation which gave his voice a peculiar something that was different from any other voice in the world. Kenny Baker, of course, plays Dodd. He sings five tuneful melodies written by the highly successful composing team of Harry Warren and Al Dubin.



A scene with Dick Powell in "Hollywood Hotel" at Pathe.

Romance In The Dark At Eros

Gladys Swarthout, John Boles And John Barrymore

A frolicsome comedy, set against a peppery continental background in the tradition of 'Champane Waltz' and 'I Met Him in Paris' came to the Eros from yesterday, in "Romance in the Dark". With Gladys Swarthout, John Boles and John Barrymore in the leading roles, it tells a light-hearted story of a housemaid who masquerades as a Persian princess to win musical fame and the man she loves.

Every effort Miss Swarthout

in the lady's voice. He is so completely taken in that he gives her the lead in his new show. The story reaches a dramatic climax when a newspaper columnist unmasks Miss Swarthout as a fake in the middle of her opening performance. As the audience is about to stop her show, Boles steps in and shows her that she means more to him than just a ruse and turns her defeat into success with his ever-popular singing.

As the theatrical producer whose chief diversion consists of making off with Boles' women, John Barrymore plays another of the madcap comedy roles he popularized in "True Confession". He is aided in his antics by Fritz Feld, the comedian who first attracted attention for his part as hotel-keeper in "I Met Him in Paris."

Miss Swarthout, a former Metropolitan Opera star and radio artist, has been called one of the two women in Hollywood who did more than any one else to popularize good music in motion pictures. She is completely at home in her present picture, which is reminiscent of her recent "Champagne Waltz".

The musical touch is supplied to "Romance in the Dark" by the three world-famous operas, "Carmen", "The Barber of Seville" and "Song of India", selections from which are sung by Miss Swarthout and Boles. In addition to this, three new popular numbers have been written especially for this picture. They are "Blue Dawn", "Tonight We Love" and "Bewitched by the Night". H. C. Potter directed the Harlan Thompson production.

A glimpse of the world in which your great-grandchildren will live can be seen in "Things To Come." H. G. Wells' amazing prediction of the future, which will be shown on Sunday Morning Show at 10-30 a.m. at the Broadway, Kingsway, Dadar.



A scene from "Mr. Dodd takes the Air" at the Capitol.

phen Morehouse Avery's scintillating script.

"I'll Take Romance" is a veritable whirl of melody. In several memorable scenes taken from the world's great operas, Miss Moore sings the Drinking Song from "Traviata," the Gavotte from "Manon," the Quintet and Finale of the third act of "Martha" and finally as a glorious climax, the duet from "Madame Butterfly".

makes to interest Budapest's favourite singer, played by Boles, in her voice is doomed to failure until he sees in her a good opportunity to divert the attentions of his manager, Barrymore, from "Claire Dodd, whom they are both pursuing. Boles palms Miss Swarthout off as a Persian princess, and his rival immediately becomes intensely interested

Claudette Colbert At The Palace In "Tovarich"

"Tovarich," Warner Brothers' brilliant production based upon the famous stage play of the same name that enthralled London and New York audiences for two seasons, comes to the Palace this week. It is a sparkling comedy dealing with a Grand Duchess and a Prince who were exiled from their native Russia by the revolution.

Although the main characters are Russian, all the action of the picture takes place in Paris, where the erstwhile nobles have fled. They have brought with them, in trust, 40 billion francs in gold. They become servants in the home of a rich Frenchman in order to live, and the story revolves around the efforts of various elements to get hold of the fortune, which the Grand Duchess and the Prince will not touch themselves.



The Ritz Brothers and Marjorie Weaver in "Kentucky Moonshine" at Regal.

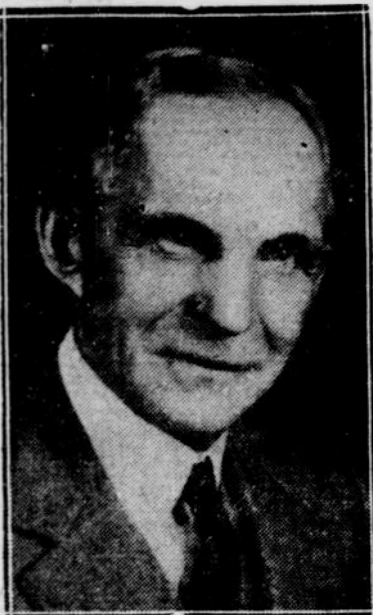


A scene from "Wells Fargo" featuring Joel McCrea at Broadway.

HENRY FORD The Man And His Methods

(CONTRIBUTED)

Celebrating his 75th birthday on July 30th 1938, Henry Ford has been, for over a quarter of a century, one of the world's leading figures, and to him, more than any other man, is due the universal popularity of the motor vehicle as a means of economical and efficient transportation. Detroit, the city near which he was born has known this intensely interesting personality in the capacity of an apprentice in machine shops, as a worker in a jeweller's shop, as the sole proprietor and operator of a saw mill as a student in engineering subjects; as an engineer in an electrical undertaking founded by Thomas Edison; and as an almost unknown manufacturer of motor cars; as the man responsible for the introduction of a mobile power unit designed to lighten the burden of the farmer; as a successful racing driver and once holder of the world's land speed record; until he developed a business which, to-day, owns the world's largest industrial plant and which has its ramifications throughout the five continents.



Henry Ford

He always aims at, and this applies to the products he manufactures, to the methods he employs, and to the welfare of those who work with him. In the pursuit of this ideal he will spend months of intensive and expensive research to improve a single screw. The success he has achieved can be measured in the respect he enjoys and which is shared in equal part by those who are his fellow workers and those who are regarded as his trade competitors.

From the very first, Henry Ford has been actuated by the desire to provide the world with a cheap method of speedy travel, but in the accomplishment of his purpose in life he has combined the quality of taking a personal interest in the welfare of those associated with him in the creation of the products which emanate from the many factories under his control.

Friend Of Edison

The son of a Dearborn (Michigan) farmer, Henry Ford, has centred his activities close to the spot where he was born and where he first conceived the idea of creating a new form of transport designed to suit all sections of the community. To-day, Dearborn is one of the show-places of the world, and in and around it is to be found striking evidence of the genius of Mr. Ford. Outside of his manufacturing activities, he has many pursuits in the educational, cultural and scientific field, and his home town has been very fortunate in this respect. Here is the great hospital founded by Mr. Ford and his wife, and the wonderful Edison Institute, a tribute to his life-long friend, Thomas Edison, the famous inventor.

The Institute combines the famous museum and the Greenfield village, which is designed to perpetuate progress in engineering, mechanics, and the useful arts and crafts. Exact reproductions of buildings that are famous in history, ranging from Independence Hall to the village smithy immortalised by the poet Longfellow; the earliest handloom; ancient spinning wheels; furniture made by the craftsmen of centuries ago; streets of shops of the apothecary, barber, tinsmith, gunsmith, pottery and harness maker of bygone times; ancient machines such as the first steam and petrol engines, which trace the development of tractive power; the original schoolhouse in which he was taught; the three-wheeled phaeton used by Lafayette; other vehicles ranging from ancient carts to the bogies that preceded the birth of motor transport; ploughs and other implements utilised by the farmer from earliest days. Abraham Lincoln's furniture; and a host of other primitive and modern devices, all combine to make Greenfield village a centre of attraction to visitors from all parts of the world. Every day, they throng to view this rare monument of human progress.

Chain Of Trade Schools

The Edison Institute also incorporates one of the chain of trade schools organised by Henry Ford, the children being under the care of expert teachers and accommodated in buildings arranged on a scientific basis. In connection with the Greenfield school it was remarked that "no small school in the world is maintained at such cost or with such unlimited equipment, and yet the students pay not a cent for tuition". Nearly every day Mr. Ford is to be seen visiting the children, his love for them being an outstanding feature of his remarkable character. On one occasion he was present at an operetta, followed by the singing of old songs and the performance of the old-fashioned dances, for which he displays a keen favour, but the outside world did not learn until later that the 12-year-old performer of violin solos was using Mr. Ford's dol.50,000 Stradivarius! This incident is typical of the great manufacturer and was in accordance with the principle he has laid down that the best is never too good.

Constant improvement is what

MAHATMA'S BIRTH ANNIVERSARY

Rs. 70,000 Worth Gandhi Caps Be Sold

Mr. Deokinandan, Secretary, D.C.C., Jalgaon, writes:—Maharashtra Charkha Sangh have already started paying their spinners according to the 'living wage' scale as propounded by Mahatma Gandhi. The increased wages, no doubt, have encouraged and enabled the Maharashtra Charkha Sangh to start Khadi production centres in Maharashtra proper. Up to now they have succeeded in starting production centres in the districts of East and West Khandesh and Nasik. It is expected that these centres would be producing in near future Khadar worth Rs. 10,000 per month.

WORKERS' DECISION

A meeting of the prominent Maharashtra Charkha Sangh workers was held at Jalgaon on 22nd instant. It was attended by Sjt. Shankarrao Deo, member of the Working Committee. In this meeting a novel plan was discussed. Mahatma Gandhi completes his 70th year this October and so they decided to sell Rs. 70,000 worth of Gandhi caps. A Committee of Sjt. Deokinandan, Jalgaon, Sjt. Bhogilal Jain, Poona, and Sjt. Bhajajji Sahasrabudhe, Nagpur, was appointed to settle the programme and organise it. It is expected that all Congress Committees and other national institutions will wholeheartedly co-operate. Congress workers should at once be in correspondence with Mr. Deokinandan, Jalgaon, East Khandesh.

CEYLON'S INROADS INTO COCOANUT TRADE

Increased Import Duty To Combat Unfair Competition

(From Our Correspondent.) ERNAKULAM, July 25. In the Ceylon Legislative Council on Friday a volley of supplementary questions was asked over the large increase in the import of Copra and other coconut products from Ceylon and other foreign countries. The Hon. Minister, Mr. Ambat Sivarama Menon, said that the Government had realised that the copra trade of Ceylon was being injuriously affected by the unequal competition of Ceylon.

Sir R. K. Shanmukam Chettiar, the Dewan-president, intervening said that such steps as were in the power of the Government had been taken to counteract the effects of the large import of copra from Ceylon into the State. The Ceylon Government had already made strong representation to the Government of India and along with the Travancore and the Madras Governments pleaded for recommending a higher import duty before the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research.

Recommendations in favour of a higher import duty had been made by the Council and the matter was, awaiting final orders of the Government of India.

All India Motor Union's Federal Congress

(From A Correspondent.) Brick preparations are afoot to make the forthcoming session of All-India Motor Union Federal Congress a great success. The session will be held on 6th and 7th August 1938 at Lahore. Many prominent members of the Central and Provincial Legislatures are expected to attend the session. The chief feature of the Congress would be the making of an attempt to present a joint front to the proposed Motor Vehicles Bill, which is intended to definitely subordinate the Motor Transport to Railway interests. The Bill will be considered in all its details.

SIMLA, July 27.

Hitherto, civil motor transport in India has been relatively unorganised. Gradually however larger transport concerns are becoming established and as this movement develops, the Army will be able to rely in an increasing measure on civil transport in times of war, provided the potential war units are formed in times of peace. To this end and as an experimental measure, the Government sanctioned a scheme for the subsidising of two civil mechanical transport sections each consisting of thirty cws., four wheelers and four lorries, complete with adequate driving, supervising and artificer personnel and spare parts.—United Press.

Rs. 10,000 IN PRIZES

4 PRIZES OF Rs.100 EVERY WEEK FOR 6 MONTHS • COLLECT THE NUMBERED WRAPPERS



All you have to do is to send in four numbered wrappers from large-size Lux Toilet Soap. If the total on your four wrappers is the highest received during the week in your area you will receive a Cash Prize of Rs.100.

There are FOUR areas, and a prize of Rs.100 will be given in each area every week until JANUARY 1939.

START COLLECTING NOW!

★ HOW TO ENTER

Write your name and address clearly on one of the wrappers. Choose whichever area you like, and send your four wrappers to the address of that area as shown below:—

BOMBAY AREA Lever Brothers (India) Ltd. P.O. Box No. 409 Henley House, Graham Road Ballard Estate Bombay, India	KARACHI AREA Lever Brothers (India) Ltd. P.O. Box No. 220 Katrak Terrace Machi Miani Road Karachi, India
CALCUTTA AREA Lever Brothers (India) Ltd. P.O. Box No. 358 Sassoon House 4 Lyons Range, Calcutta, India	MADRAS AREA T. T. Krishnamachari P.O. Box No. 200 11-14 Armenian Street Madras, S. India

LUX TOILET SOAP

MADE IN INDIA FROM PURE VEGETABLE OILS ONLY

X-LTS 528-93A

LEVER BROTHERS (INDIA) LIMITED

EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

ESTABLISHED 1897.

A FEW FEATURES OF THE 41st ANNUAL REPORT

INCOME	.. Rs. 84,62,000
NEW ASSURANCES	.. Rs. 1,87,28,000
ASSURANCES IN FORCE	.. Rs. 14,03,93,000
ASSETS	.. Rs. 5,06,87,000

HEAD OFFICE:
EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE BUILDING.
BOMBAY.

ASSAM FLOOD RELIEF

Provincial Congress Officials Appeal For Funds

GAUHATI, (By Mail.) Mr. Bisnuram Medhi, President, Assam Provincial Congress Committee, and Mr. Gopinath Bardolai, leader, Assam Assembly Con-

gress Party, write:—

The sudden and abnormal rise in the Brahmaputra and its tributaries has put extensive tracts of Lakhimpur, Sibsagar, Nowgong, Kamrup and Goalpara districts under water. The sufferings of human beings and cattle in the flooded areas are beyond description. Hundreds of dwelling houses and cattle, movables and stocks of grain have been washed away.

Standing crops of jute and paddy have been ruined. Indeed, such widespread distress has not occurred for the last 7 years.

Appeals for relief are pouring in from all districts. Considering the enormity of the calamity that has befallen nearly 5 lacs of people, thousands and thousands of rupees are necessary to feed the starving and house the homeless and attend to the sick.

Everywhere Congress Relief Committees have been formed and

are trying their utmost to render what little relief they can. But their resources are extremely limited.

We, on behalf of all Congress Relief Committees, fervently appeal to the generous public and charitable institutions throughout India to help us with funds to save our distressed brethren in this hour of sore trial.

All remittances should be sent to Dr. H. K. Das, Treasurer, Assam Provincial Congress, Gauhati.

No End To Rate War In Haj Trade

Walchand Urges Govt. To Redeem Promises To Indian Shipping

The Conference convened by the Government of India of shipping interests for the solution of the rate-war in Haj trade proved abortive.

In the following statement to the press, Mr. Walchand Hirachand warns the Government against the repetition of the history of 1930 and urges the authorities to adopt a bold policy and redeem the promises to Indian shipping interests.

SIMLA, July 22. In a statement to the press in connection with the Conference convened by the Government of India for the purpose of putting an end to the rate-war in the Haj trade, Mr. Walchand Hirachand, Chairman of the Scindia Steam Navigation Co., Ltd. says that the question of rate-war in the Haj trade was under consideration of the Government of India for some time past and as they thought that the solution of that problem would be possible by a discussion between the representatives of the Scindia and the Moghul Line interested in that trade, and the Government of India, Mr. M. A. Master and he representing the Scindia Co. and Mr. Redcliffe and Mr. Brown representing the Moghul Line, met the Commerce Member Sir Mohammed Yakub, this morning.

TO END RATE WAR. The Government of India, in the Department of Commerce as well as in the Department of Education, Health and Lands, were anxious to see that the rate-war in the Haj trade came to an end and Sir Mohammed Yakub expressed the desire that the representatives of the two lines would arrive at an amicable settlement of the problem. He further added that in case the two lines could not or did not arrive at any private settlement it would be then for the Government of India to consider if any action was necessary.

OVERSEAS TRADE. Proceeding, Mr. Walchand observed that the Commerce member seemed to be fully alive to the other and most important aspect of the question, namely, the implementing of the oft-repeated assurances of the Government of India to take steps for securing an adequate participation of Indian Shipping in the overseas trade. Mr. Walchand pointed out that the Scindia company in response to the demand of the public and the support of the various Haj committees had spent over fifty lakhs in building new boats for the trade and appealed to the Commerce Member to seize that opportunity for giving a practical expression to the promises given by the Government of India for securing at least an entry to Indian shipping in the overseas trade.

SCINDIA'S PROPOSALS. In response to an enquiry as to whether he was asked to make any concrete proposals by the Commerce Member Mr. Walchand stated that his company had already written to the Government of the subject and he had put forward two definite proposals namely that the Government of India should obtain an assurance from the Moghul Line that they would not carry on the rate-war

HYDROCELE

Is cured by divine talisman. Please write to:—
J. C. De, B.A., Asst., Headmaster,
P.O. RAIGANJ (Dinapur),
Bengal.

ACIDITY...

Don't suffer needlessly from acidity, acid indigestion and acid gastric pains. Take BiSoDoL—the modern antacid that doctors prescribe because it is fast-working and safe.

BiSoDoL

No. 324

FREE BOOK ON **Diabetes!** Reveals STARTLING New Theory! Hundreds CURED daily! Get a Copy TODAY and cure yourself AT HOME!

VENUS RESEARCH LABRY.
PO BOX 587, CALCUTTA

MAHARASHTRA CHARKHA SANGH

Aims To Implement Mahatma's Scale Of Wages For Spinners

(From A Correspondent.) The Khadi movement had its origin during the first non-co-operation movement of 1920.

The A.I.S.A. set up various provincial branches determining each province on a linguistic basis. Thus the Maharashtra Charkha Sangh had within its sphere of work all the Marathi speaking territory from Gondia in C.P. to Goa in Ratnagiri. Smt. Anna Sahab Dastane was entrusted with the work of carrying out Khadi production in Maharashtra. In those early days Khadi was produced only in Khandesh and Sholapur.

NEW PRODUCTION CENTRES. Maharashtra had to depend upon Khadi from other provinces till 1929, as there was not much of local production. The political consciousness of the Country since 1929 greatly led to focus the attention of the country to the constructive programme of the Congress. Thus it was found impossible to get enough Khadi from other provinces to satisfy the demand from Maharashtra. This necessitated the opening of new production centres in the Nizam territory.

By the end of 1935, Maharashtra Charkha Sangh was asked to supervise and carry on Khaddar work in Mahakoshal and thus the activities of the Sangh had to be spread even beyond the provincial boundaries.

LIVING WAGE TO SPINNERS. In 1935-36, Mahatmaji introduced the principle of paying a living wage to the spinner. The Maharashtra Charkha Sangh was the first provincial branch of the A.I.S.A. to introduce even partially this principle and the spinning wages were so increased as would enable a competent spinner to earn a minimum three anna wage. But even this partial rise meant an increase of 75 per cent. in the spinning and spinning charges. In spite of this rise very few out of the 10,000 odd spinners got this three anna wage due to lack of efficiency and competence. No effort was however spared to give the spinner better implements, and train her to earn this minimum wage.

Mahatmaji's standard of an eight anna wage is fixed for full eight hour work determined by a correct test of efficiency. Unfortunately enough no spinner has leisure enough to work for eight hours. She has to attend to children, or suffers from old age and has enough of other work and worries to attend to. She is also not trained enough to attain the requisite standard of efficiency.

At Haripura, Mahatmaji again implored the A.I.S.A. workers so to arrange the spinning rates as to enable the spinner to earn one anna for one hour's work. Mahatmaji has set his heart to bring about this reform in the realm of Khadi production.

The A.I.S.A. is one of the few institutions that can appreciate and give effect to Mahatmaji's ideals. The Maharashtra Charkha Sangh has ventured to be the first to introduce this change.

We know we are making a bold experiment. We are however doing this relying on the goodwill and co-operation of the Khadi loving public. We hope to meet with all success.

We are at present running 18

Production Centres, 25 Sale Bhandars and 175 Agency Bhandars. 9 Centres are working on a self-supporting basis.

By the end of 1937 the total number of artisans was 22,773 (Carders, Spinners and Weavers.)

ONLY GENUINE KHADI

"M. D." writes in "Harijan":— In this connection may be mentioned complaints received from various places that the stimulated demand for khadi has encouraged many spurious khadi-dealers who are pushing on their sales. In Nagpur, for instance, there are three certified khadi bhandars, but several other so-called bhandars have sprung up and people of course go in for the cheapest khadi, not knowing the object of the Spinners' Association and the Congress resolution about it. The Nagpur complaint says that one of the non-certified bhandars is being run by a well-known Congressman who is a member of the Provincial Congress Committee and of the A. I. C. C. More deplorable is the fact that in some provinces even Ministers ignore the Congress resolution and purchase their khadi from uncertified bhandars. It is quite likely that some of the Ministers do not know the Congressional resolution. At the back of the resolution they may know, is the determination of the Spinners' Association to give the spinners an adequate wage instead of the 'current' wage that we used to give them, exploiting their poverty and unemployment, and which is still given by those who sell their khadi through uncertified khadi bhandars. Let all Congress Committees announce the names of certified khadi bhandars in their areas and warn the public against purchasing khadi from uncertified khadi bhandars which also should be mentioned by name. Small handbills explaining the object of the Spinners' Association, giving the Congress resolution and mentioning the certified and uncertified bhandars should be issued by all city and other Congress Committees. Here is the resolution of the Working Committee which met at Haripura.

"The Committee notes with satisfaction the policy adopted by the All India Spinners' Association for ensuring adequate wages to the spinners and other artisans engaged in the production of khadi and the steps taken by it in that behalf, and calls upon all Congressmen and the public in general to give full co-operation and assistance in making this policy a success by purchasing only that Khadi which is certified by the All-India Spinners' Association."

'Certified khadi' means only khadi sold at bhandars certified by the All India Spinners' Association. The following is the list of certified dealers in 'genuine khadi' in Bombay:—

(1) A. I. S. A. Khadi Bhandar, 398, Kalbadevi Road. (2) Khadi Printing and Dyeing Works, Khadi Shop, Vithalbhau Patel Road. (3) Gandhi Seva Sena Powell Building Sandhurst Road. (4) Maharashtra Charkha Sangh, Khadi Bhandar, D'Silva Road, Dadar. (5) Khadi Sales Depot Near Post Office Matunga.

Charge Of Palming Off Of Old Race Ticket Fails

YACHT CLUB OFFICE STAFF
MEMBER EXONERATED

The case in which Mr. Lawrence P. Fernandes was charged with cheating in respect of a half share of a ticket on a placed horse on the Royal Western India Turf Course on the 28th of February, 1938, came off for hearing before his Worship, Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Presidency Magistrate, 2nd Court, Mazagaon.

In the course of his Worship's judgment, Mr. Oscar H. Brown remarked that the prosecution had completely failed as the complainant, one Hassanali Noorbhai, the only witness, knew nothing of his own knowledge.

Hence the Magistrate was satisfied that there was no evidence even to frame a charge against the accused, and hence he was discharged.

His Worship was further pleased to direct the accused to take a copy of the judgment and show it to his superior who had suspended him.

Mr. M. J. Vajayabherkar, B.A., LL.B., the prosecuting inspector, appeared for the prosecution. Mr. J. J. Athalke, B.A., LL.B., Advocate, High Court, defended the accused.

ABOLISH MILITARY AIR CRAFT

Demand Of International Women's League For Peace

GENEVA, (By Air Mail). The Women's International League for Peace and Freedom is publishing a statement giving expression to the indignation and horror of all normal people at the bombardment of open towns.

At the same time the Women's International League for Peace and Freedom warns, however, not to be taken in by the proposals to 'humanise' war. 'Modern war rules out moral and humane considerations. To wish to humanise it, is to misunderstand its essential nature. To humanise it can only mean: to humanise mankind, to free it from war, to 'abolish war itself'."

Therefore, the Women's International League for Peace and Freedom demands as a first step: the immediate total Abolition of all Military Aircraft and the Internationalisation of Civil Aircraft.

SUGAR ESTATES IN SOUTH AFRICA

Improvement Of Labour Conditions Urged

SIMLA, July 28.

The appointment of a commission to enquire into the general health conditions prevailing in sugar-cane fields, investigation by a board into the wages and working conditions of the employees on sugar estates, abolition of child labour, and organisation of sugar estate employees into Trade Unions, are some of the recommendations made by the Sub-Committee appointed by the National Executive of the South Africa Trades and Labour Congress to investigate the allegations made by Mr. H. A. Naidu, delegate to the Natal Sugar Industries' Union.

The Sub-Committee reports that housing in certain sugar estates is deplorable, sanitation conditions appalling, and schooling arrangements for labourers' children inadequate. Juveniles start work very early on small wages and the hours of work in the mills are from 6 p.m. till 6 a.m. or from 6 a.m. till 6 p.m., with no regular recess for meals.—United Press.

Timely Intervention Of Authorities Averts Strike In City Hospital

Improvement Of Labour Conditions Urged

BOMBAY, Friday.

Timely intervention of the hospital authorities averted an impending strike early this morning among the ward-boys of the Special Fever Hospital, Arthur Road, Bombay.

It appears that the ward-boys of the hospital had been indicating unwillingness to undertake the work of cleaning and scrubbing of the wards.

Central Assembly Congress Party

SIMLA, July 29.

The Congress Party in the Central Legislative Assembly will meet on August 7, when they would consider the Bills and resolutions coming up during the ensuing session, and decide what adjournment motions should be pressed.

It is understood that an adjournment motion has been tabled by the Congress Party regarding the appointment of the Pacific Locomotive Enquiry Committee.—United Press.

CO-ORDINATING SOCIAL SERVICE ORGANISA- TIONS

Preliminary Meeting On Thursday Next

The Bombay Social Workers' Conference held in April 1938 passed a resolution appointing a Committee to bring into existence a co-ordinating organisation with a view to bring about co-operation and co-ordination among different Social Service organisations in the City, and generally to further the cause of social service.

This Committee has convened a preliminary meeting of the representatives of different institutions on August 4th (Thursday) at 6-30 p.m. at the office of the Servants of India Society, Sandhurst Road. Social Welfare organisations in the city, sympathising with the aims and objects of the meeting, are requested to send their two representatives to the meeting. For particulars communicate to Miss Nariman, Hon. Secretary, 207, Bazar Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

NOTICE

ADMISSION REFUSED TO MALES

To celebrate the emancipation of the modern woman and to revive, even for a day, the grandeur of the ancient kingdom of women ruled by that dynamic woman, Queen Tilottama, Ranjit Movietone have decided at a great sacrifice, to dedicate the first day (the opening day) of the great picture "GORAKH AYA," to the women of this City.

IT IS THEREFORE NOTIFIED THAT TO-DAY SATURDAY, 30th July, 1938, no males will be allowed to enter the portals of the West End Cinema, whether by purchasing tickets or otherwise, or on any pretext or excuse whatsoever.

It is hereby made implicitly clear that even a new born babe, if it happens to be a male, will not be admitted.

There will be three Special Shows TO-DAY, SATURDAY, exclusively for women and for girls. The shows will commence at 2-30, 5-30 and 8-30 p.m. respectively.

Under the guidance of The West End Management, The Theatre TO-DAY (Saturday) will be entirely under the management of Ladies, and a veritable Kingdom of modern women will be the order of the day.

The shows on the subsequent Sunday and thereafter will be open to all as usual.

Issued by the Management of

RANJIT MOVIE TONE
&
WEST END CINEMA

Dentistry

Complete Set of
AMERICAN TEETH

Rs.15

only

Some additional
Charge for
Home Visits.

Dr. Lakhani

Near Crawford Market, Next to
Madons Chemists, Bombay.
Phone: 25335.

Unlike an Individual

whose service value diminishes
with age — an institution
gains power with experience.

The Punjab National Bank offers
you an up to date banking
service that is 43 years' old in
experience.

M. L. TANNAN, I.E.S.,
General Manager,

**The Punjab National
Bank, Ltd.**

Head Office, Lahore.

(4)

**3
SELECTED
BISCUITS**

Biscuits

LILY BISCUITS

Biscuits

**CREAM CRACKED
THIN ARROWROOT
AND
MALTO**

**LILY BISCUIT CO
CALCUTTA**

Bombay Depot:
MANGALDAS MARKET.

BABY'S COLDS

Avoid upsetting the
stomach with internal
"dosing". Rub this
soothing ointment on
throat, chest, and back
at bedtime. Its poultice-and-vapour
actions break up most colds overnight.

VICKS VAPORUB

ARE YOU GREY?



VIVA LINE
HAIR OIL
rescues grey hair
from the roots
restores natural
lustre. VIVA
LINE HAIR
OIL is the origi-
ginal product which works its way
from the roots. Insist on buying
VIVA LINE. Avoid imitations. Rs. 3/-
large bottle for advanced greyness.
Rs. 1/12/- small. Three bottles (Full
Course) Post free. Bombay Agents—
MADHAV AGENCY, Girgaum, Bom-
bay 4.

Stockists:—Kemp & Co. Ltd., (all
branches), The Popular Pharmacy,
Perry & Co., Grant Road; Beh Ram
Bros., Princess St.; P. Harkisondas &
Co., Lamington Road; Harding & Co.,
Charni Road.
Pooni Stockists: D. MACEDO & CO.,
Chemists, 251, Budhwar Peth.
Sole Distributors:—S.P. Co., P.O. Box
No. 10,006, Calcutta.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Technical Education At
V. J. T. Institute

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"
Sir,—I am really surprised at the
way by which the newly-
formed publicity sub-committee of
the V. J. Technical Institute has
tried to popularise the Institute
by merely stating what has been
achieved in the past and what
is being done at the present. I
imagine this move has been taken
with a view to convince the pre-
sent Congress Ministry regarding
vocational training and technical
education in general as this prob-
lem is being tackled by the Con-
gress Government according to
the outlines of Wardha Scheme.
But those who have studied at
the Institute and those who are
closely associated with the work-
ing of the Institute as well as
the working of the Committee of
Direction, Technical education
know fully well what poor pro-
gress has been made in the field
of technical education the Bom-
bay Presidency during the past
fifty years of the Institute's exis-
tence. As a past student of the
Institute I do not like to point
out the shortcomings of the Insti-
tute but I have to suggest that
the Institute should be affiliated
to the University and degree coun-
sels started with a view to develop
the manufacture and designing of
machineries such as agricultural
implements, mechanical, electrical
and textile machinery, aeronau-
tics, marine engineering, etc. The
low aim of the Institute to supply
the industries the assistants and
foreman type of men should now
be changed and it should be re-
organised to train technical men
for constructive work. This can
only be achieved in the best way
if the University of Bombay
takes full interest in matters of
technical education. The V. J.
Technical Institute has so far
trained men merely to become as-
sistants and those who have risen
to the higher responsible posi-
tions did so owing to their very
hard efforts. It is now high
time that this Institute should
not teach students mere process
methods and repair work. When
country demands technical men
to design and manufacture ma-
chinery to make India completely
self-sufficient. This Institute should
also have a research department
to carry out scientific tests on
various problems of manufacture
and development in the various
process methods of manufacture.
This research department should
be somewhat of the other associat-
ed with the manufacturing con-
cerns which would be benefited by
new economic methods or proces-
ses or inventions evolved by the
research workers. Fifty years of
technical training have passed
away without any progress of the
above nature and yet it is sur-
prising that the management of
the Institute take pride in stating
the history of the Institute and
producing assistants for the in-
dustries.

This Institute came up for serious
criticism during the years
1929-32 when Mr. R. D. Bell
happened to be its chairman.
The result of this agitation was the
present of this agitation was the
new textile workshop as the old
one was cracked, and therefore,
not suitable for a workshop. The
Indian Merchants' Chamber, Bom-
bay, submitted a memorandum to
the Government of Bombay re-
garding the mismanagement of
the Institute and the matter
was also raised by the Bombay
Municipal Corporation. Mr. Hus-
seinbhai Laljee was then appoint-
ed chairman of the Institute. Fur-
ther to side-track the whole issue
a committee was appointed head-
ed by Mr. A. S. Trollop to in-
quire into the working of the In-
stitute and report thereon. The In-
dian Merchants' Chamber de-
manded a public inquiry with a
non-official Indian chairman but
this was substituted by the above
one. Now only Mr. Trollop can
say how far the recommendations
made in his report have been ma-
terially put into practice.

The problem of technical edu-
cation of India's economic ques-
tions and the Congress Ministry
and the nationalist educationalists
should not be led away by any
propaganda carried on by the in-
stitute authorities or the publicity
sub-committee but I hope, they
should carefully inquire into the
affairs of the Institute as well as
of the Committee of Direction.
Technical education, before put-
ting any scheme into practice, I
hope suggestions made by me will
not fall on deaf ears.—Yours, etc.,
A PAST STUDENT.

POINTS FROM LETTERS

Law For Laymen

"LAYMAN" suggests the publica-
tion of a hand-book dealing
with legal principles, practices
and court procedure, which he
thinks will prove popular among
the litigant public.

Appeal To 'Varsity

S. K. DESHPANDE observes
that some provision must be made
by the University authorities for
educating those who are unable
to fill in terms regularly and yet
aspire to qualify for higher
degrees.

Ban On Gambling

BHAGWANJI KAPASI appeals
to the Kathiawar Princes not to
allow gambling in any form in
the fair that will soon be held
in celebration of the Gokul Ash-
tami.

Bhavnagar Stevedores

"A DOCK WORKER" draws the
attention of labour leaders to the
hard plight of stevedores in Bhav-
nagar port.

A Girgaum Temple

"A MAN IN THE STREET" pro-
tests against the permis-
sion for structural alteration
granted by the Municipal authori-
ties to the trustees of the temple
of Shri Vithoba (near the Opera
House) as the proposed altera-
tions are likely to turn the tem-
ple into "a veritable hovel devoid
of light and air" and as such will
cause great inconvenience to the
worshippers.

Sydenham College

K. P. VAIDYA observes, refer-
ring to a recent letter on the sup-
posed ban on Urdu in the Syden-
ham College, that provision is
made in the College for Gujarati,
Marathi and French only. There
is thus no question of any parti-
cular discrimination against Urdu,
as Kanarese and Sindhi, too, are
not provided for, as is clear from
the College prospectus.

A Barsi Tax

B. S. PRAYAG protests against
the tax on dogs which the Barsi
Municipality has decided to levy,
as being unfair to poor people.

Bombay Presidency Boy Scouts Association

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."
Sir,—My attention has been
drawn to press statements and
correspondence in your paper in
connection with the Boy Scout
Movement which create the im-
pression that the Scout Move-
ment in Bombay Presidency has
"disaffiliated" from the parent
body and has formed itself into a
new body called the Hindustan
Scout Association. This is not
merely untrue but is also so pal-
pably incorrect that one wonders
how any person knowing the
trend of events can ever give it
credence.

The position briefly is that
about 25,000 out of the 50,000
scouts in Bombay Presidency
have "disaffiliated" from the
parent body to form a new inde-
pendent association which will
wear a communal badge and de-
lete loyalty to the King-Emperor
from its Scout Promise.

The Boy Scouts Association in
India is a body of some 350,000
Scouts, in every Province and in
most Indian States, bound to-
gether in a united Movement that
eschews politics, communalism
and class distinctions. It is con-
trolled in Bombay Presidency by
a Provincial Commissioner ap-
pointed by the Chief Commissioner
for India, and at present I hold
this office in succession to Mr. N.
S. Lokur in terms of our constitu-
tion. We do not recognise "dis-
affiliation" and the action of cer-
tain members of our Association
in leaving us by this questionable
method is tantamount to pure
and simple resignation whether
they admit it or not.

The Scout Movement in Bom-
bay Presidency will carry on as
heretofore, calling upon all loyal
subjects to support us, conscious
of the fact that we stand for Dis-
cipline and Unity which alone
can lead us to our proper place in
the comity of nations.—Yours,
etc.,

BYRAMJEE JEEJEEBHOY,
Acting Provincial Commis-
sioner, Bombay Presidency.
Bombay, July 29.

Federation And Congress

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."
Sir,—When a prominent member
of the Congress starts issuing
feelers he breaks the bone of the
national resolve. Some one else
is prepared to accept still milder
reform, and so the rot sets in.
The British statesmen are too ex-
perienced and astute not to take

advantage of the national weak-
ness. The British are a nation
of shop-keepers and in the pro-
cess of haggling they are sure to
beat down the Indian leaders who
are placed in the position of sup-
pliants.

The psychological effect of the
so-called feelers is disastrous.
There is a saying to the effect
that the strength of a chain is
equal to the strength of its weak-
est link. We go on producing
weaker and more weak links with
the result that in spite of the na-
tional resolve being determined
and strong the weakness of a few
leaders brings about a collapse.
That is why the activities of the
few weak moderately minded peo-
ple must be stopped.

Suppose the Government of In-
dia accepts to bring "moral"
pressure upon the major Indian
States to have a Legislative As-
sembly, and it may be possible to
get the States to arrange that
the representatives to the Lower
House may be elected by such
Assemblies. Let no Indian delude
himself into the belief that Le-
gislative Assemblies in the States
are either truly representative of
the people, or are responsible to
the people. They are almost as
hopeless shams as the Raja in a
theatrical play. People are allow-
ed to let off a little steam, but
they are powerless to influence
the policy of the State in all im-
portant matters. Even the Co-
chin Council which perhaps is the
best example now, cannot be called
responsible to the people to any
effective extent.

While on this subject I desire
to correct the wrong reading of
the situation given out by Gan-
dhiji with regard to the recent
phenomenal awakening in the
States. Note first of all that to a
large extent the awakening is
amongst the agrarian population.

The first cause is the increasing
poverty and hopelessness of the
Khedut. He has come to the stage
when he has "got very little to
lose except his chains." Anyhow
with the terrible depression in the
cotton prices he cannot continue
to live; and secondly a large
number of Congressmen were dis-
gusted with the speeches made by
those leaders who spoke for the
official resolution on the Indian
States. They felt that great in-
justice was being done. But it is
very difficult to throw out an of-
ficial resolution especially when
they know that the "inspiration
behind the resolution came from
Mahatma Gandhi. Gandhiji may
defend his policy, it is only hu-
man to do so, but people know
that his policy is mistaken, and
that the people of the States de-
serve and are entitled to the same
help in getting Swaraj as people
living in the eleven Provinces.

That is why Congressmen in their
personal capacity have started to
help the States' people. That is
what should have happened years
ago, but for a misdirection from
a great man.—Yours, etc.,
SUMANT B. MEHTA.

Typhoid In Bombay

Sir,—In yesterday's "Times"
there appeared under the above
caption a report as to the cause
of spread and prevention of
typhoid in Bombay. It is said
amongst other things, "it is feared
that 'it is feared that the flies
that have increased in the city
may possibly augment the infec-
tion'."

At the recent Conference of
Medical Practitioners of Bombay,
held at the G. S. Medical College
under the chairmanship of Col.
Dabholkar, Col. Sokhey said that
the flies are one of the chief
causative factors in the spread of
the disease.

This fact was also stressed by
me at the said Conference when
I said that various statisticians
estimated that from twenty to
thirty per cent of cases of Typhoid
fevers are spread by these seem-
ingly innocent creatures. What
was the main cause of this in-
crease in flies in Bombay, I asked
the audience, and replied that it
was mainly due to the filth accu-
mulated in the lanes, bylanes and
house gullies throughout the city,
which the Conservancy depart-
ment were not able to cope with
due to a recent reduction of a
large number of sweepers from
the staff. The Health Department
is the most important unit in the
administration of any Municipa-
lity and any retrenchment in its
staff is a suicidal policy. On the
contrary, the department should
take in extra hands to cope up
with the work during emergencies
because preventive measures being
the keynote of success in such a
campaign, all possible methods
should be adopted to control and
eradicate the disease.

I hope the Health authorities
and the City Fathers will im-

mediately take a note of the sug-
gestion.—Yours, etc.,
(Dr.) U. B. NARAYANRAO,
101, Girgaum Rd.,
Bombay 4.

A Telephone Grievance

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."
Sir,—For a very long time, I
have been experiencing serious
difficulties in the working of the
telephone put up at my residence.
I have also heard a similar com-
plaint from many of my friends
in suburbs, particularly in Vile
Parle. It appears that there is a
general fault in the working of
the telephone connections in
suburbs. There is a frequent dis-
turbance from unwanted parties
talking on the phone and one
hears the whole conversation
quite distinctly as if it was meant
for overhearing.

Secondly whenever a call is
made, to one's surprise a wrong
number springs up in answer.
Complaints have been lodged with
the Chief Engineer, Secretary to
the Managing Director, and even
with the Managing Director him-
self. But the faulty working
continues with the same anno-
yance as before. You can imagine,
Mr. Editor, the tribulations of a
subscriber when at midnight on
hearing a telephone ring he has
to wake up to receive only a
wrong call. And the complaint
of overhearing of other subscribers
is even more serious. The other
day I fully heard my friend talk-
ing from his telephone to a friend
of his at the other end when I
tried to get a Bombay number
from my telephone. I may tell
you that this is not once in a
way, but almost it has become an
order of the day. Things have
become absolutely scandalous and
do not by all means speak well
of the mechanical staff of the Com-
pany. The earlier the telephone
system is put right in the sub-
urbs, the better it would be
for the good name of the Com-
pany and a blessing to the ever
increasing number of its subscri-
bers in suburbs.—Yours, etc.,
P. J. SHROFF.

Physical Education And Yoga Institute

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"
Sir,—From the Press reports and
also news in the yesterday's Pa-
pers, I am glad to learn that S. M.
Sita Devi, Secretary of the Yoga
Institute, has been invited as an
official delegate by the Women's
Health Federation of America at
the Health Welfare Congress to
be held in New York. That her
health literature is being appre-
ciated even in distant countries
like America which is well-known
for its enormous production of
material dealing with this subject
is indicative of the special merits
that her literature possesses. I
have pursued her writings and
also the health literature publish-
ed by the Yoga Institute, written
especially in the light of Yoga and
I admire the rationalism and
usefulness evolved from such mys-
tic subject as Yoga.

It is needless to say that the
readers of your paper are aware
of the pioneering activities of this
Institute; but what surprises me
most is the selective sense of the
Physical Education Committee ap-
pointed by the Government of
Bombay who have totally ignored
this Institute and its most valu-
able publications. The Chairman
of the said Committee could not
be unaware of the existence of
this Institute and its internation-
al activities. That the guidance
of such technical experts as Shri
Yogendra and S. M. Sita Devi
would have been of real value to
the Committee goes without say-
ing. Further, when suggestions
have been offered by the Commit-
tee to supply a set of six posture
charts (published by whom?) to
all primary and secondary schools,
and when a list of 55 books, some
of which are of unknown origin
and of debatable values, have been
recommended, just why the Com-
mittee have avoided the mention
of this Institute among the others
and its valued health publications
among the books is rather hard
to understand.—Yours, etc.,
H. A. BUCH.

Vidya Mandir Scheme

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"
Sir,—There appeared a number
of complaints against the C. P. Mi-
nistry in the columns of the "Star
of India" of Calcutta in one of its
issues in May, 1933. Mahatma Gan-
dhi diverted the attention of the
Premier to this who has recently
tried to justify the attitude of the
Government in this connection.
There is no need to analyse the
explanation given by the Premier,
as much has been said in this
respect by Mr. Taj-ul-Din and K.
S. Abdur Rahman, M.L.A. But, I
would like to discuss one point at
least. This concerns the Vidya
Mandir Scheme. The Premier has
asserted in his statement that the
Muslims have objection only to
the name of the scheme i.e., "Vi-
dya Mandir." He further says

GIVE HER ENERGY for active play!



YOUR child's vitality all
day long is influenced
by her breakfast.

Kellogg's Corn Flakes are
what she needs to build abun-
dant energy quickly. Every
child loves their golden
crispness, with milk and
sugar. So do grown-ups.

Ready to eat, easily digest-
ed. 10 helpings in each
moisture-proof WAXTITE
packet. Buy Kellogg's at
your stores to-day.



FIRST CHOICE
OF MODERN
PARENTS
EVERYWHERE

Keep Your Skin Free from Chafing or Irritation



Many women think that discom-
fort from chafing and a hot prickly skin is
unavoidable. To-day thousands are dis-
covering the wonderful comfort to be
obtained from using Cuticura Talcum.

Here is a powder that is like a balm to
a hot sensitive skin. Scientifically prepared
by a special process, Cuticura Talcum is
medicated with balsamic essential oils.
It is the finest, purest powder it is possible to obtain, and has a far more
cooling, soothing effect on the skin than ordinary powders. Dust it lightly on
the skin where chafing has occurred—it is like a cool touch. It absorbs
perspiration and makes you feel refreshed for hours afterwards. Its perfume,
too, endears it to every woman. Delicate and refreshing, it gives the whole
person a sweet, wholesome fragrance.

Buy a tin of Cuticura Talcum to-day. It is invaluable for every member of
the family and is especially recommended for babies.
Sold by all Chemists and Bazaars.

Cuticura TALCUM POWDER

MY THROAT IS SORE —
WHAT CAN I DO FOR IT?

GARGLE WITH
LISTERINE ANTISEPTIC.
IT DESTROYS THE GERMS
BEFORE THEY DEVELOP.
HELPS YOU KEEP WELL.

LISTERINE THE SAFE ANTISEPTIC

JAMMI VENKATARAMANAYYA'S 'LIVERCURE'

Infallible remedy for Infantile
LIVER & SPLEEN Complaints.

Stockists: THE POPULAR PHARMACY, Grant Road, Bombay.

Further Particulars from:

JAMMI VENKATARAMANAYYA
LIVER & SPLEEN SPECIALIST, Mylapore—Madras.

that the Education Department
has issued a circular that the
Muslims would be allowed to give
any name to the schools which
would be opened in their area. I
would like to remind him that as
soon as the proposal for the
scheme appeared in the papers,
the Muslims raised a voice against
it. Since the details were un-
known at that time the objection
was raised only against the name.
But, no sooner was the scheme
published than an agitation en-
sued. The Anjuman-e-Taraqqi-e-
Urdu Nagpur passed resolutions
against the scheme itself and co-
pies of these resolutions were sent
to the papers and the Minister for
Education. Besides, there were
held number of protest meetings
not only in towns but also in
cities. Then a deputation of the
Muslim Nationalists met Mr. Bose
when he came to Nagpur after
the annual session of the Con-
gress at Haridwar. They explained
the situation to him and expressed
their views against the scheme. In
this connection it is worthy to
note that a non-Muslim Congre-
ssite also joined this deputation.
Mahatma Gandhi was informed of
all this. And, above all, when Mr.

Shukla, Minister for education
sent a copy of the scheme to Dr.
Maulvi Abdul Haq, Secretary, An-
juman-e-Taraqqi-e-Urdu (India)
for his opinion the latter raised
a number of objections to both
the name and the scheme itself.
The letter of M. Abdul Haq has
appeared in almost all the leading
papers. We can supply the Pre-
mier with all the cuttings of the
papers in which these articles,
speeches, statements and letters,
etc. have been published, if he
so desire.

Even after the scheme was ad-
opted, the agitation continued.
When the Government appointed
a committee to discuss the syn-
dicate for the Scheme, the An-
juman-e-Taraqqi-e-Urdu Nagpur
appeared before the Committee
and gave a written statement
against the scheme.

In the presence of these facts it
is really very surprising that the
Premier says that "the Muslims
objected to only the name and not
the scheme" and that "they have
agreed upon the introduction of
the scheme in their area"—Yours,
etc.

HAKIM ASRAR AHMAD,
Nagpur, July 17.

Our Madras Letter

Coorg Congress Demands Autonomous Province

UNEMPLOYMENT EGGS ON ANDHRA AGITATIONS

Ooty Interference With Tri-Colour: Stall-Holders' Protest

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

MADRAS, July 26. One of the reforms done by the local Ministry in local administration was the removal of the ban on the flying of the National Flag on Local Board buildings. But there were not wanting bureaucratic officials who were defiant and tried to bring back the old order of things.

Your readers may remember a previous instance where a District Superintendent of Police pulled down the national flag from a municipal building without the Council's sanction or the Government's permission; but the Hon. Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, the Premier, forced the police official to eat the humble pie by ordering him to rehoist the flag with his own hand.

Another instance of defiance is now heard from Ootacamund, where it is learnt the local Administration Department of the Government of Madras have requested the Commissioner of the Ooty Municipality to state why he suggested to the Municipal Council to pass a resolution prohibiting the hoisting of flags, except with special permission, in the Ootacamund Municipal Market. The resolution was passed by the Council.

STALL-HOLDERS' PROTEST
A public meeting convened later under the auspices of the local Congress Committee condemned the resolution of the Council, which the Congress councillors had opposed and sent a memorial signed by the stall-holders of the market to the Local Administration Department. The memorial stated that the resolution amounted to an infringement of the stall-holders' long-recognized right to hoist flags of their own choice over their shops. The Commissioner had stated in his note to

the Council that the practice of hoisting flags in the market had tended on certain occasions to become competitive and had resulted in creating communal bitterness.

ANDHRA AGITATION
Mr. Ch. Venkatanarasimhan, Secretary of the Andhra Congress Committee, is of the opinion that the immediate cause of the present intense agitation for an Andhra Province is chiefly economic, namely, the acute and widespread unemployment among Andhra educated men. If the Andhra Province was to be a real Telugu Province, the Andhra University should begin to teach all subjects in Telugu to enable Andhra to carry on administration in Telugu.

Regarding the Andhra University the Secretary expressed that, as at present managed, it defeated the ideal of its original promoters and was just a replica of the Madras University. He appealed to the Congress Government to carry on all district administration, revenue, civil, criminal, etc., in the vernacular of the district. This reform should be done first before the desire of the Andhras to have a separate province was realised.

AUTONOMY FOR COORG
As I have indicated in my letter of June 6, there is a small and silent, but nonetheless insistent agitation for keeping Coorg as a separate province. But the finances of Coorg are in a desperate condition and the Government of India have definitely intimated that they would give no further help.

Mr. P. K. Wattal, Accountant-General of Madras, who had been deputed by the Central Government to hold an inquiry into the financial conditions of Coorg, had gone thoroughly into the administration of every department and had suggested possible re-arrangements. But despite these cuts, Coorg's finances will still cause anxiety and it will be forced to join some other province, either Madras or Mysore.

LOCAL CONGRESS DEMAND.
Recently, however, the Coorg District Congress Committee had a long discussion on the future of the Coorg province. The Committee regretted the decision of the Haripur Congress supporting the demand of the people of Coorg to amalgamate with the Madras Presidency, stating that there was no such demand in Coorg and requested the All-India Congress to cancel that resolution.

In this connection it might be recalled that at the Haripur Congress Mr. Poonacha, a local Congressman, moved the above resolution which was carried. The majority of the Congress Party in Coorg are against Mr. Poonacha's resolution and are definite that Coorg should remain a separate

province. It was also resolved that agitation should be immediately started for Provincial Autonomy for Coorg and that advice should be sought from the Congress Working Committee as to the method of agitation.

DEVADHAR RECONSTRUCTION TRUST

The Devadhar Reconstruction Trust is doing noble work in Malabar in regard to the improvement of education, co-operation, agriculture, cottage industry, medical relief and social service. The Trust was started with a small sum of Rs. 20,000 left as balance after affording relief to the large number of refugees in the Moplah Rebellion of 1921, for which the late Mr. G. K. Devadhar of the Servants of India Society was able to collect a sum of 3 lakhs of rupees. The Trust carried on its activities in ten centres, maintained three higher elementary schools and four lower elementary schools. Arrangements for instruction in weaving and agriculture had been provided at Tanur, Thiruvalla, and Gopalapuram centres. Free meals, slates, books and cloth were given to the Harijan pupils of Gopalapuram and Nediyruppu. The trust conducted five night schools last year, which were attended by 333 adults. Weekly meetings were conducted in all schools and rural problems discussed and the adults trained in the art of public speaking.

CO-OPERATION
On behalf of the Trust the Secretary supervised the Calicut Co-operative Union having fifty rural societies affiliated to it. A Weavers' Co-operative Society was being conducted at Tanur providing regular work to nearly fifty families. Sales of handloom cloth were encouraged and the handloom weavers' section was a special feature of the last Calicut Swadeshi Exhibition. There was a Rickshaw Co-operative Society for the supply of rickshaws on easy instalment system to save the poor rickshawmen from the clutches of rickshaw-owners, who collected from them a high rent.

STUDIES IN FOREIGN UNIVERSITIES

In view of the prevailing unemployment in the Presidency of the educated middle-classes it is gratifying to note that the average student going abroad seeks more to qualify himself for definite professions than to acquire merely a general education. Capt. M. Abdul Hamid, Secretary of the Madras University Students' Information Bureau, observes from his experience of the students who have applied for and secured admission to foreign universities, that they have, invariably shown a good judgment and sound sense in deciding upon their course of study. There is now a larger number of students going out for technological studies than for general education.

PREFERENCE TO ENGLAND

During last year there have been no bad cases and there have been no adverse reports from the office of the High Commissioner about any student in the United Kingdom. The majority of these who have gone out to foreign countries have shown a preference to England. The number of students joining the provincial universities in England is much greater than those going to the Universities of Oxford and Cambridge. It is noteworthy that there was a much larger number of students from the West Coast, including Cochin and Travancore, making enquiries regarding foreign universities than of students from the other parts of the Madras Presidency and this applies with special force to women students. Some students have shown preference for going to Japan and Germany for technological courses.

Test Of Chinese Women's Patriotism

Chinese women are urged not to use the powder, rouge and lipstick, and not to wear silk stockings and jewelry, under an economy decree passed by the People's Political Council in Hankow. The decree awaits promulgation by the Government.

The drinking of water instead of tea to increase exports of tea is another feature of the measure. Dr. H. H. Kung, the Chinese Prime Minister, has discarded his high-powered limousines, and rides to the meetings of the People's Political Council in a rickshaw. He is accompanied by two bodyguards on bicycles.

NEED OF TRIBUNAL FOR TRADE MARKS

Chamber Of Commerce Suggestions On Draft Bill

BOMBAY, July 27. The desirability of revising the draft bill for the proposed legislation relating to Trade Marks in India in the light of the most recent legislation on the subject in the United Kingdom, and the constitution of a Tribunal to try trade mark disputes in place of the High Court are some of the suggestions made by the Bombay Chamber of Commerce in a communication to the Government of India, Commerce Department.

The Chamber of Commerce is unanimously agreed that the institution of one register of Trade Marks for the whole of India is essential. They further express the opinion that a special officer with the sole duty of acting as Registrar should be appointed. They differ from the draft bill, which provides that the Registrar shall be under the control and the management of the Controller of Patents, Designs and Trade Marks who would act as the Registrar.

It is also recommended by the Chamber that the Central Register should be located in Bombay, in view of the fact that the main bulk of the import trade of India is centred in Bombay and that this will eliminate the need for a special and separate sub-register for the cotton trade.

Other suggestions made by the Chamber are that sub-registers should be instituted in all provincial capitals and Deputy Registrars appointed, whose duty will be to attend to registration. They will also through their internal organisation arrange for final registration in the Central Register.

NEED OF TRIBUNAL

With regard to the constitution of a tribunal to try appeals from the decision of the Registrar, the communication says:—

"Past experience has shown that to get a Trade Mark dispute settled by a High Court takes anything from one to four years. It will be many years indeed before the register can function properly, and in view of the numerous appeals likely to be made after the passing of the Act, a more rapid procedure for disposal of them will be necessary than is possible by a first appeal to the High Court. The mass registration cases will be turned on the question whether a Trade Mark is so similar to another that deception is likely to occur. The difficulties are increased when the question is whether phonetic deception is likely to occur.

"To decide such question purely legal training is not enough. The judge would, in any case, have to rely on experts, and a good insight into commercial practices is the first requirement. It seems, therefore, most desirable that the Central Government should appoint a tribunal composed of a Committee of experts, presided over by a competent law officer, whose sole task would be to hear appeals from the Registrar."

The Chamber feels sure that the Tribunal may be necessary only in the initial stages, when many cases are likely to spring up. The Chamber reiterates that having regard to the fact that India is one political entity, there can be only one Registrar and one registration authority for the whole of India.

ALL INDIA QUESTION

As for the registration of trade marks with territorial limitations it is pointed out that it would not only be a serious hindrance to trade, but that its practical application is well nigh impossible. They, therefore, recommend that any application for registration should be presumed to be "prima facie" evidence of "bona fide" intention to use the trade mark for the whole of India.

While the Chamber accepts it as a general principle that the scale of fees charged should be sufficient only to cover the cost of establishment and maintenance of the Registry in the initial stages, they consider that the fees should be fixed at a level, which will deter applications of other than a "bona fide" nature.

RECIPROCITY

Finally the communication says that the question of India making reciprocal arrangements with other countries and acceding to the international convention should be the subject of an amending bill at a later date when the register in this country is properly established, as, at this stage, India would not be in a position to take advantage of any reciprocal arrangement.

PRESSMEN ARRESTED

Strikers Picket Punjab Art Press Premises

LAHORE, July 29. Mr. Mohanlal, President of the Press Workers' Union, and eleven others were arrested under a charge of trespass for picketing the Punjab Art Press. It is reported that three employees of the said press were dismissed by the management, as a result of which protest meetings were held and picketing of the press premises commenced. The Union decided to continue the picketing until their demands were accepted.—United Press.

ELDERS WAIT ON PREMIER

RANGOON, July 29. A meeting of the elders of the Burmese community was held today when resolutions were passed that Indian immigrants arriving from Indian ports should be sent back and not allowed to land in Rangoon and that all bad characters, both Indian and Burman, should be locked up and that Indians in the Civil Service should be replaced by Europeans.

The meeting also decided to wait upon the Premier with these resolutions and accordingly a deputation consisting of Messrs U. Thwin, U. Kyan Zan, U. Ba Win and U. Ba Thaw saw the Premier who patiently listened to them, pointed out the legal difficulties and advised the deputations to consult the Advocate-General. But the deputations returned and reported to the Council of Elders that the Premier's reply was unsatisfactory.

Another meeting of the elders will be convened to-morrow afternoon.—United Press.

SPORADIC FIGHTING CONTINUES

RANGOON, July 29. Till noon to-day two were killed and 32 injured, 21 of whom seriously.

Several European and Indian firms are closed owing to the inability of the clerical staffs to leave their respective homes while other firms are working with depleted staff. Government and Municipal offices have closed for two days.

In the city proper, groups of Indians and Burmans are loitering with loaded sticks and daggers. They disperse at the approach of Armed forces, sporadic fighting continues in the outskirts.

Many families of different communities have taken refuge in and around police stations. The authorities themselves are evacuating Burmese families from Indian quarters and vice versa.—A. P.

INDIAN WOMEN AMONG VICTIMS

The latest casualties as a result of the disturbances are fifteen killed, of whom five are Indian women and a baby and 125 injured, 90 per cent. of whom are Indians.

Tension continued unabated till late in the evening, and there has been consequently no relaxation of vigilance on the part of the authorities.

Two local Burmese dailies have suspended to-morrow's issue of the papers as a protest against the District Magistrate's warning not to publish photographs and articles in connection with the riots, as they are likely to excite communal feelings.—A. P.

SITUATION EASES

RANGOON, July 29. Since midday till 3-00 p.m. the situation in the city proper has been comparatively calm with only ten cases of injuries, most of them serious.

Looting is reported from West and East suburbs.

The military force was considerably reinforced to-day and the military police and civil police are patrolling the danger zones. Armoured cars are also moving about.—A. P.

Breaches Restored In E. B. Railway

BOMBAY, July 29. The Divisional Superintendent, Lalmanirhat, East Bengal Railway, wires:—

Normal working on the Purnea-Banmankhi-Beharigunj branches of the Eastern Bengal Railway has been restored and through running of passenger trains resumed this morning at 10-15 hours. No. 316 Down was the first train to run through.—United Press.

PUNJAB MAIL MURDER MYSTERY

Alleged Assailant Of Woman Doctor Arrested At Bhopal

BHOPAL, July 29. Mystery surrounding the death of a Parsi woman doctor, who was murdered in the Punjab Mail on the night of July 1 has been, according to the railway police, solved and with the arrest of the alleged culprit at Bhopal it is clear that robbery was the only motive of the crime.

Findings of the body on the Nerbudda Bridge proved to be the most important clue of the police being able to fix the place of murder and to start investigations without loss of time.

After committing the crime, the alleged murderer returned to Bhopal and began living in style and spending money lavishly which led to suspicion among neighbours and later when Mr. Armstrong Inspector-General of Bhopal State Police, and the C.I.D. Nagpur offered rewards for information, it was not long before the accused was arrested.

Police investigations show that the Parsi woman doctor did not have much money except two hundred-rupees notes, two gold rings and a pocket watch at the time of the murder.

The accused entrained the Punjab Mail at Bhopal, hid in an adjoining first-class compartment and later entering the woman's compartment the door of which was open committed the crime.

After cutting her throat, he helped himself to valuables throwing the dead body into the Nerbudda River, got down at Hoshangabad and went to the picture house returning to Bhopal the next morning.

Sub-Inspector S. A. Khan, Inspector Rushtomkhan of the C.I.D. Nagpur, with the help of the State Police succeeded in effecting the arrest of the person in whose possession one hundred rupee note and gold rings are alleged to have been recovered.

Pending the identification of these articles the prisoner is kept in jail custody.

MUSLIM LEAGUE COUNCIL

It is understood that invitations have been received from Bihar and Delhi Provincial Muslim Leagues in connection with the choice of a venue for the next annual session of the All-India body. This question will also come up for consideration at to-morrow's meeting of the League Council.

In view of the heavy agenda for to-morrow's meeting, it is not unlikely that the deliberations may continue on Sunday.—A. P.

CHOLERA ON INCREASE

Weekly Health Report Of Presidency

The provincial cholera figures for the week were 150 attacks and 71 deaths against 123-59 in the previous week. These cases were from Surat district (29 cases and 18 deaths against 12-4); East Khandesh (29-8 against 5-1); Ahmednagar (27-14 against 21-14); Sholapur (25-9 against 15-5); Thana (22-13 against 49-22); Nasik (6-1 against 4-1); Belgaum (3-2 against 2-2); Ratnagiri (3-2 against nil); West Khandesh (3-2 against 3-2); Bombay Suburban (2-1 against 4-4) and Poona (1-1 against 5-2).

There is a slight increase in cholera figures in Surat, East Khandesh, Ahmednagar and Sholapur districts. In East Khandesh district two more special medical officers on anti-cholera duty, in addition to the three already working, have been appointed to work in the affected areas. In Surat district the District Local Board has already appointed a special medical officer on anti-cholera duty. In other districts the medical officers i/c dispensaries and epidemic medical officers are carrying out preventive measures.

Anti-cholera inoculations performed during the week numbered 8,556 bringing the total number of inoculations since 1st January to 1,07,400.

ABOLITION OF HALI SYSTEM

Negotiations With Mangrol Landlords

(From Our Correspondent.)

MANGROL, (By Mail). With a view to bring about an honourable settlement between the land-holders on one hand and the tenants and the workers on the other, Mr. Chunilal P. Shah, Secretary, Baroda State Prajamandal, visited the Mangrol Taluka during the last week-end. He toured the villages round about Mangrol and recorded the grievances of the tenants and the labourers. Scores of cases of forcible ejection were also reported to him. He held protracted discussions with the land-holders and impressed upon them the necessity of abolishing the "Hali" system. He has now placed his own terms before the representatives of both parties for their approval. A sign of relief will be heaved if his decision is accepted by the contending parties.

WEST-END

Talkies Lamington Road.

TO-DAY

only LADIES will be admitted
(ALL RATES SPECIALLY REDUCED)

for

"GORAKH AYA"

(See NOTICE at Page 12)

STILL LEADING

in the entertainment world of Bombay

COME WITH YOUR FAMILY TO SEE
SAGAR'S

WE THREE

Starring:—

★ MOTILAL ★ MAYA ★ ROSE ★ YAKUB

Direction: MEHBOOB Song-hits on H.M.V. Records

Daily 5-15, 8 & 10-45 p.m. Sat. & Sun. 2-30 p.m.

6th WEEK

AT

THE ROXY

ALL EYES CENTRED

only on "RAJKUMARI"

Naturally! "Rajkumari" is the BEST ENTERTAINMENT

The FINEST PICTURE ELITE BOMBAY CAN SEE THESE DAYS!

LALITA PAVAR

India's "GRETA GARBO"

in the "ROYAL" Jewel Release

Raj Kumari

(A "KRISHIN" JEWEL PICTURE)

* Supported by the GREATEST STAR-CAST EVER!
* NAZIR (India's Douglas Fairbanks), * DAR, * AMEENA, * MAJID, * CHHOTA SHIRAZEE, * OMKAR and * GOPE (India's "Laurel-Hardy").

Second 2 Crowded Daily 3 Shows at:
Royal 2 Week! 5-15, 8 & 10-45 p.m.

BOMBAY'S BEAUTIFUL SUPER CINEMA:
NEW CHARNI RD.

MATINEES AT 2-30 P.M. on Sat., Sun. and Mondays.
Daily ADVANCE Booking for Higher Class Seats.
"Raj Kumari" next Saturday at Poona 'Aryan.'

A NOBLE STORY DEPICTING THE NOBLEST FORM OF HUMAN AFFECTION—MOTHER'S LOVE—

NIRMALA

BOMBAY TALKIES' GREATEST HIT

AT

PLAZA

Dadar

—Featuring:—

DEVIKA RANI

Daily: 5, 7-45 & 10-30 p.m.

To-morrow on account of

NAGPANCHAMI shows will begin from 10 A. M.

ATTEMPTS HAVE BEEN MADE

to copy the Tek toothbrush. But because Tek's short-headed design is patented, no other brush of quite the same excellence can be made. Beware, however, of the imitations put on the market by manufacturers who recognize that the short-headed toothbrush is superior in every way to the old-fashioned big-headed kind. Bear in mind that NO short head brush is genuine unless it bears the world famous name

Tek

A Guaranteed Product of Johnson & Johnson (Gt. Britain) Limited, Slough



The guardian of
your complexion

You can use no better Soap than **MYSORE SANDAL SOAP** to safeguard your complexion. Its silky lather prevents skin blemishes and enlarged pores and enables you to have a matchless complexion always

Mysore SANDAL SOAP

Sole Agents for Bombay Presidency (excluding Sind and Districts of Belgaum, Dhule and North Kanara) and Rajputana.
Messrs. KASIMANAI & PARTHIV & CO.,
89, Bazaar Gate Street, Bombay. (1).

On SELVEDGES

This word in cloth parlance denotes the BORDER of a CLOTH. If you look at our cloth you will be impressed with its appearance and will also see our TRADE MARKS on the SELVEDGE

They are your SAFEGUARD.

KHAKI DRILLS & TWILLS.

CONQUEROR Suitings

ARTLIN Shirtings

HANAVA & RIVIERA

CREASE RESISTING Suitings



TRADE MARKS



The Buckingham & Carnatic Co., Ltd.,
MADRAS.

Stocked by All Good Cloth Dealers

Rs. 1,50,000 Old Stamps Sold As New

FOUR PERSONS CONVICTED OF CONSPIRACY TO CHEAT GOVT.

Interesting Disclosures In High Court Appeal

Mr. Justice Broomfield and Mr. Justice Norman at the High Court disposed of the appeals filed by 5 persons who were convicted by the Chief Presidency Magistrate of cheating the Government by selling revenue stamps that had been used and of conspiracy to commit the offence.

The accused in the case were (1) Karamalli Gulamalli, (2) Jafferalli Gulamalli, (3) Kamal Jafferalli, (4) Kurban Jafferalli and (5) Ganpat Putlaji.

The first two accused who are brothers were each sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment on each charge. Accused Nos. 3 and 4 who are the sons of the second accused were each awarded 3 months' rigorous imprisonment on each charge, and the fifth accused who was a servant of the first accused was sentenced to 6 months' rigorous imprisonment on each charge.

The Magistrate directed the sentences of all accused to run consecutively.

Against this all the accused appealed to the High Court.

A DISCOVERY

The father of the first two accused who was dealing in stamps had discovered that the stamps affixed to share-transfer forms, if exposed to the sun's rays, could acquire their original appearance and the rubber stamp impression on them could be effaced by such a treatment.

The first accused separated from his father and started his independent business in Churchgate Street. One Aziz, who was a son-in-law of the second accused,

was also alleged to have participated in the business.

Five years ago, one Mr. Jal Mankji Cooper who had a hobby of collecting old stamps, found that revenue stamps that had once been used were sold in large numbers to share brokers and "hamals", and he brought this to the notice of the police.

FILES MISSING

In June last year, some files of share transfer forms were found missing from the office of David Sassoon and Co., and the police in the course of their investigations arrested some "hamals". On their information the police arrested Aziz, the son-in-law of the second accused, who made a confession.

On further enquiries, the police found that old and used stamps from five offices to the value of Rs. 1,50,429 had been sold away, out of which Rs. 72,000 stamps belonged to the David Sassoon Co.

In appeal, the accused challenged the legality of their trial. It was argued that the Magistrate had rejected the police application for making Aziz an approver, and had put him on a separate charge sheet for a separate trial which was illegal. The Magistrate had also illegally taken the evidence of Aziz against the accused.

In their judgment, their lordships overruled the technical objections of the accused.

On the merits of the case their lordships acquitted the fifth accused for want of evidence. The other accused were convicted only of conspiracy and acquitted on the remaining charge.

AIR-MAIL TO AUSTRALIA

Extension On Empire Service Scheme

SIMLA, (By Mail).

The Empire Air Mail Scheme (under which letters and postcards are despatched from India by air without air surcharge to certain countries) will be extended to Australia with effect from the flying boat service leaving Calcutta on Monday, the 1st August, 1938. All first class mails, i.e., letters, postcards and packets weighing up to 4 lbs. 6 ozs., from India will be despatched solely by air to the under-mentioned countries without any air surcharge but the rates of postage will be 2½ annas for each ½ oz. in the case of letters and letter packets and 2 annas for each postcard.

LIST OF COUNTRIES.

Commonwealth of Australia (comprising New South Wales, Queensland, South Australia, Victoria, Western Australia, Tasmania, Papua or British New Guinea and Norfolk Islands), New Guinea Mandated Territories, Marshall Islands (Nauru), Fiji, New Zealand and its dependencies and the mandated territory of Western Samoa (Apia), British Solomon Islands Protectorate, Gilbert and Ellice Islands, New Hebrides, Friendly or Tonga Islands.

All classes of mails other than first class mails (letters, letter packets and postcards) will continue to be despatched by surface route as at present at the existing rates of postage. Money orders will be advised by air without any special air mail fee to such of the above mentioned countries to which there is money order service, and insured articles will also be sent by air to those countries to which insurance for letters is available vide the Foreign Post Directory of the Post and Telegraph Guide.

The first aeroplane carrying the mails on the "all-up" basis, which will leave Calcutta on Monday, the 1st August, 1938, will reach Sydney on Saturday, the 6th August, 1938. In the return direction the first "plane carrying the "all-up" mails from the above mentioned countries will leave Sydney on Tuesday, the 9th August, and arrive at Calcutta on Sunday, the 14th August, 1938, and at Southampton on Thursday, the 18th August, 1938. There will be three services per week between Southampton and Sydney in each direction and there will in addition be two land "plane services" via Delhi terminating at Calcutta as at present, thus making five services a week between England and Calcutta.

The local postal notices should be consulted for times of posting.

DRAFT TOBACCO RULES

Time For Objection Extended To Sept. 1

The Director of Information, Bombay, writes:— Government have decided, in order to give the public more time to consider the Bombay (District) Tobacco Rules and Sales Tax Rules published in Notifications Nos. 460/33-XVIII and 460/33-XVIII(a), dated 11th July, 1938, at pages 1253 and 1278 of Part IV-A of the "Bombay Government Gazette" for July 14th and the forms relating thereto, to postpone to 10th August, 1938, the date up to which Government will receive objections and suggestions regarding these rules and forms. The date on which it is intended to introduce the Rules has been postponed to 1st September, 1938.

PRAHALAD MILLS ABLAZE

BOMBAY, Friday.

A fire resulting in damages to the extent of Rs. 13,000 broke out in the early hours of this morning in the New Prahalad Mills at Ferguson Road.

Smoke was seen issuing out at about 2 a.m. from the third floor of the building and the workers on night shift tried to put out the flames by the appliances in the mill. An urgent call was also sent to the fire-brigade and five engines were on the scene. After much effort the fire was brought under control within an hour.

Cotton yarn and cloth of the value of nearly Rs. 13,000 were destroyed.

POONA WEATHER REPORT

POONA, July 29.

The monsoon has been strong in Assam, Bengal, Bihar, West Central Provinces, West Central India, East Rajputana and active in the region of East Gujarat and along and near the Punjab, and United Provinces hills. There has also been fairly wide-spread rain in South Peninsula, Konkan, East Central Provinces, East Central India and East United Provinces, and local showers in the rest of the Southern and Eastern India. A few thunderstorms also occurred in the Frontier.

The chief amounts of rainfall are:—Cherrapunji nine inches; Dinajpur five; Purnea and Shillong three; Dibrugarh, Mymensingh, Jalpaiguri, Brijnagar, Vellore two; Patna, Darjeeling, Roorkee and Baroda one and half; Saur Island, Darbhanga, Dehra Dun, Neemuch one; Bhopal, Ambala, Mahabaleswar three quarters.

All India Weather

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, July 29.

The following are maximum and minimum, temperature and rainfall recorded at Poona Observatory:—

	Max. Temp.	Min. Temp.	Rainfall	Past 24 hours	Since June 1
Agra	95	80	0.1	12.4	+1.6
Amraoti	83	73	T	21.9	+7.1
Akola	83	75	T	26.8	+12.7
Ahmedabad	81	75	0.3	16.7	+1.6
Ajmer	86	76	—	7.5	—0.9
Ahmednagar	83	69	—	17.1	+8.7
Ambala	93	76	0.8	11.6	+1.2
Allahabad	92	80	0.1	20.7	+4.8
Benares	92	79	0.2	17.2	+1.4
Bareilly	92	77	0.1	20.7	+3.1
BOMBAY	87	76	0.3	47.1	+3.5
Bangalore	85	68	0.2	4.8	—2.0
Bhopal	75	72	0.8	33.4	—
Baroda	82	75	1.4	30.2	—
Belgaum	79	66	T	20.1	—3.2
Bahawalpur	—	—	—	—	—
Bijapur	91	69	—	8.1	+2.6
Bellary	90	75	—	2.0	—1.7
Bhavnagar	89	76	—	15.3	+5.0
Chittagong	85	77	0.2	35.6	—6.2
Calcutta	88	77	0.4	15.1	—8.6
Cuttack	90	78	—	18.1	—3.6
Cawnpore	94	77	0.4	19.3	+6.0
Calicut	83	73	0.1	72.9	+10.2
Colombo	84	77	T	5.9	—6.9
Cheerapunji	68	64	8.9	231.4	+41.3
Cocanada	89	78	—	15.7	+5.4
Cochin	80	74	0.5	46.1	—4.1
Dehra Dun	84	78	0.9	41.5	+9.3
Delhi	92	80	T	5.9	—4.2
Dehra I. Khan	103	85	—	1.5	—1.2
Darjeeling	83	57	1.3	63.3	+8.8
Dessa	85	76	0.1	12.7	+2.1
Dalhousie	—	—	—	0.1	25.4
Fort Sandeman	99	77	—	2.5	—0.2
Gorakhpur	89	80	0.2	25.7	+5.8
Hyderabad (Dn.)	86	72	T	—	—
Hyderabad (Sind)	96	81	—	3.1	—1.0
Indore	79	71	0.1	32.4	+17.9
Jhansi	88	77	—	28.1	+13.1
Jubbulpore	83	74	0.1	28.7	+5.0
Jacobabad	105	83	—	0.7	—0.4
Jaipur	87	76	T	5.5	—0.2
Karwar	84	74	0.3	38.2	—10.0
Karachi	86	79	—	1.7	—1.9
Kodakanal	63	53	0.3	6.6	—2.1
Khandwa	81	73	T	26.3	+12.6
Lucknow	91	81	—	26.9	+11.6
Ludhiana	96	78	0.5	4.9	—5.4
Lahore	99	82	0.1	6.1	—0.7
Lyallpur	102	86	—	4.6	+0.6
Multan	100	83	—	1.2	—1.2
Mysore	85	68	—	2.8	—2.6
Madras	94	75	0.1	3.5	—2.0
Maynpo	75	67	—	9.6	—5.0
Marmagao	82	75	0.1	46.3	—
Malegaon	87	73	—	10.6	+1.7
Mussoorie	67	60	0.3	37.1	+7.4
Mahabaleswar	66	61	0.7	172.2	+29.5
Murree	73	63	—	25.3	+11.1
Mount Abu	88	65	0.1	25.0	+0.5
Maunipatam	90	80	—	10.8	+0.2
Mandla	90	80	T	5.8	—2.9
Mangalore	84	73	0.6	87.9	+15.9
Meerut	—	—	—	10.3	+1.4
Meroara	72	64	0.3	82.7	+17.7
Nagpur	84	74	—	32.5	+10.5
Ootacamund	67	53	0.2	8.4	—6.4
Patna	92	76	1.6	21.2	+2.0
Peshawar	102	80	—	1.2	—0.3
Poona	81	71	0.1	13.1	+1.7
Pachmarhi	70	67	0.5	47.0	+15.2
Port Blair	84	78	0.2	41.9	+8.4
Quetta	93	64	—	0.9	—
Ranchi	85	74	0.1	15.8	—7.8
Rajpuri	97	81	—	21.3	+12.0
Rangoon	86	76	0.1	36.0	—2.1
Ratnagiri	84	78	0.3	77.3	+16.9
Raikot	87	75	0.1	11.4	+1.7
Sialkot	93	79	—	15.8	+6.0
Srinagar	90	68	—	3.0	+0.1
Sholapur	90	75	—	20.8	+12.1
Shillong	74	64	2.8	29.7	—2.3
Simla	67	59	0.2	17.5	—5.3
Surat	85	77	0.3	25.5	+1.5
Salem	90	72	0.1	8.7	+2.2
Trichinopoly	90	73	0.3	4.2	+1.3
Trivandrum	83	75	—	11.0	—3.4
Vizagapatam	93	79	—	11.9	+2.8

T indicates rainfall of 1 to 4 cents.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 29-7-1938.
Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —0.028 inches
Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 80.7 degrees
Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 77.4 degrees
Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 87.2 degrees 2.2 (above normal)
Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 75.8 degrees 0.3 (below normal)
Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 86 per cent.
Direction of wind at 8 a.m. WNW
Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 15 miles per hour
Total movement of wind in 24 hours 174 miles
Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 30 miles per hour
Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 10
Rain in 24 hours 0.32 inches
Total rainfall during the month 15.87 inches
Total rainfall during the year 48.40 inches
Weather remark: Rain

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) at 29-7-38 and temperature 82.0 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.93 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.72 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.01" for every foot of elevation of the instruments above mean sea level.



FROM MONDAY AUGUST 1ST

2226 FROM Rs. 4-12 EACH

FANCY POPLIN WITH 2 SEMI STIFF COLLARS OFFERED AT LESS THAN MANUFACTURERS COST ASQUITHS QUALITIES EXTENSIVE RANGES PERFECTLY TAILORED

2226 THREE FOR Rs. 13-8

Asquith & Lord
Estd. 1870 Limited

Opposite CLOCK TOWER. BOMBAY Opposite CLOCK TOWER



He is
nearing 40
— but

Vitality

keeps him young

Hall's Wine brings VITALITY the natural way

WHETHER in business or sport he's always a success. The man and woman he meets envy and admire his energy; they notice he has a young man's VITALITY. Hall's Wine, he readily admits, is the secret of this vital energy.

Ample stores of VITALITY can be yours also, well beyond middle age—there is no need to say an early "goodbye" to happy youthful test and vital power. Hall's Wine immediately brings blood-richness and nerve-vigour, VITALITY'S sure signs.

Start a course of Hall's Wine today!

HALL'S WINE

THE SUPREME TONIC

Distributing Agents

J. HALL & CO. LTD.
P. O. Box 466, Bombay.
P. O. Box 133, Calcutta.
P. O. Box 116, Lahore.



Free with every large bottle this handsome wineglass.

DUSART'S SYRUP
OF LACTOPHOSPHATE OF LIME

gives strength to the mother and makes the child stronger

Dusart's Syrup facilitates growth and dentition

It gives vigorousness to convalescents

Dusart's Syrup is Manufactured by **GRIMAULT & Co**
8, RUE VIVIANNE — PARIS



Lactophosphate of Lime contained in Dusart's Syrup is the most powerful invigorating remedy

How to Avoid The Penalty Of Over-indulgence

Overindulgence whether in food, smoking or stimulants is usually followed next day by a condition of extreme stomach acidity. That is what makes you feel so bad. But there is a way to avoid the sufferings of overindulgence. Simply do this: Take 2 teaspoonsful of Phillips' Milk of Magnesia in a glass of water before retiring. This neutralizes the acid and settles the stomach. Take another teaspoonful or two the first thing the next morning. You will be surprised how good you will feel. No sign of headache. Your appetite will be keen, your brain clear, you have escaped the consequence of your indiscretion—thanks to Phillips' Milk of Magnesia.

Remember, too, that Phillips' is just as valuable for the prompt relief of Indigestion, Constipation, Stomach Pains, Billiousness and for Liverishness.

M. 2.

FEVER NEARLY RUINS BUSINESS

"I had three weeks in which to secure a contract," writes Mr. N. V. Rao, business man from Bandra. "Then I went down with fever. Although my progress was satisfactory I despaired of getting back to business. I couldn't eat, vomited, lost weight. Then my doctor advised Horlicks. The change was miraculous. My strength came back. The fever weakness left me. Two days before my time expired I signed the contract. My business was saved, thanks to Horlicks."

Mr. N. V. Rao, Bandra.

Buy Horlicks today—available everywhere.

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

Established 1919.

Head Office, APOLLO STREET, Fort, Bombay.
Branches:—177/79, Kalbadevi Road, Near Cotton Exchange, Bombay RAJ-KOT (Civil Station).
CAPITAL PAID UP Rs. 89,90,000.
RESERVE FUND Rs. 7,75,000.
Chairman—Sir HORMUSJEE CO. WASHI DINSHAW, Kt., M.V.O., O.B.E.
Managing Director—Sir PHIROZE SHETHNA, Kt., O.B.E.
Current Deposit Accounts opened and Interest allowed at 1 per cent. per annum on daily balances upto Rupees One Lac.
Fixed Deposits for long and short periods received on favourable terms.
Savings Bank Accounts, interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on minimum monthly balances. Withdrawals allowed twice a week. Operations by cheques allowed.
Advances made on approved securities.
All kinds of Banking business transacted.
B. M. PHARGAVA, Secretary.

N. Y. K. LINE

Passage Rates from Bombay SINGLE RETURN.

	Cabin 1st	Cabin 2nd	Cabin 3rd	Food
Colombo	7-0	5-0	12-0	9-0
Singapore	19-0	12-0	30-0	18-0
Hongkong	26-0	17-0	46-16	30-0
Shanghai	30-0	19-0	50-0	30-0
Kobe	35-0	22-0	50-0	30-0
Yokohama	36-0	23-0	50-0	30-0
Reduced Through Rates to San Francisco, Los Angeles, Vancouver and Seattle on application.				
PASSAGE RATES FROM COLOMBO				
	Naples	Marseilles	London	
1st	A 64	66	72	
	B 54	56	62	
	C 49	51	57	
2nd	A 44	46	49	
	B 35	36	40	
	C 30	31	34	
Reduced 3rd class Students Rates from Colombo to Europe on application.				
For particulars of passage and sailing etc., please apply to—				
NIPPON YUSEN KAISYA, Agents, 100, Hornby Road, Bombay.				

Move Of Canadian And Br. Capitalists To Manufacture Aluminium In India

Venture Involving Rs. 1,20,00,000 To Establish "Really National Indian Industry"

IT IS RELIABLY UNDERSTOOD THAT THE ALUMINIUM LIMITED GROUP, THE LARGE CANADIAN PRODUCERS OF ALUMINIUM, AND THE BRITISH ALUMINIUM COMPANY, LTD., HAVE FORMED JOINT PLANS FOR THE PRODUCTION AND ROLLING OF ALUMINIUM IN INDIA.

The companies will be registered in India in the near future having a total capital of approximately Rs. 1,20,00,000. It is believed that substantial participation in both capital and management will be offered to Indian interests, and the aim and ideal is to establish a really national Indian industry.

The possibilities of developing an aluminium industry have been engaging the attention of businessmen in India for the last few years.

It will be recalled that last winter a commission of experts sent by these two world-wide corporations toured India, and it appears that the decision to establish a large-scale factory in India for this 'key-industry' has been reached as a result of its findings.

Even in the restricted field in which aluminium is held in India at present the annual turnover is not less than one crore of rupees but there is very great scope for increasing this volume.

It is pointed out that apart from domestic utensils, aluminium is used in electrical goods, motor-car engines, railway coaches, motor bodies, and aeroplanes and the establishment of the proposed factory in India would have considerable strategic value.

The site of the factory is not yet known, but deposits of bauxite, the ore from which aluminium is manufactured, free from impurities and in sufficient quantities to be economically workable are known to exist in many parts of India.—A. P.

INDIANS IN FIJI & MALAY

Dr. Kunzru To Meet Leaders To Study Problem First-hand

POONA, July 28.

"I will take advantage of my visit to Australia to tour Fiji and Malay and study the condition of Indian settlers there," said Dr. Hridaynath Kunzru, President of the Servants of India Society, interviewed by the Associated Press.

Dr. Kunzru, who arrived on July 21 in Poona, the headquarters of the Servants of India Society, is leaving the city for Madras to-night, en route to Australia, to attend the British Commonwealth Relations Conference, to be held at Sydney from September 3 to 17. Dr. Kunzru heads the Indian delegation to the Conference, the other two delegates being Mr. Ghiasuddin M.L.A. (Central) and Dr. Kalidas Nag of the Calcutta University.

He particularly expressed grave concern at the fate of the 85,000 Indians in Fiji who are mostly agriculturists holding leases of land either from the Colonial Sugar Refining Company or the local Fijian chiefs, as these leases would expire very shortly and it was likely that they might not be renewed at all. Then again there was the important problem of education for Indians there. Dr. Kunzru would spend a fortnight in Fiji.

Referring to the condition of Indians in Malay, Dr. Kunzru stated that whatever good that the Rt. Hon. Shastri's visit to Malay might have done to the Indians there, has been again undone. In Malay there were seven lakhs of Indians, all of them employed as labourers on rubber plantations. In consequence of Mr. Shastri's visit and the subsequent agitation and representations, their wages had been raised but now under the pretext of prevailing slump in rubber, the wages had been lowered again. Dr. Kunzru pointed out that the price of rubber was always fluctuating and it was a matter for investigation as to whether the present slump in rubber was of a permanent character, or at least one of long duration.

TO MEET INDIAN LEADERS IN FIJI AND MALAY.

Dr. Kunzru proposes to spend a fortnight in Malay too. In both Fiji and Malay he proposes to meet the leaders of Indian community and study their problems first hand and also exchange views with the local official and non-official community.

On his return to India about the middle of January next, Dr. Kunzru proposes to place before his countrymen the results of his tour of Fiji and Malay.

Dr. Kunzru will stay in Madras for three days and from there proceed to Colombo. He will spend about ten days in Ceylon to study the Indian problem there arising out of the recent ordinance denying franchise to Indian labourers living in rural areas.

In this connection, Dr. Kunzru pointed out that the recently published report by Sir Ernest Jackson had proved that the allegation of Indian labourers competition with Singhalese labour was baseless. But the Singhalese repudiated the report and persisted in their agitation.

Dr. Kunzru proposes to visit some of the estates in Ceylon and meet leaders of Indian and Singhalese communities and discuss the problem with them.

Super-Tax In Cochin State

Legislature Passes Bill

(From Our Correspondent.)

ERNAKULAM, (By Mail).

One of the important Bills which the Government introduced in the Budget session of the Cochin Legislative Council which is now in session, is the Super-tax Bill. Both the Congress and the State Congress Parties in the House supported the measure which was passed into Law.

By the Super-tax Bill it is proposed to impose a Super-tax on incomes in the State. It will be levied in cases where the total income exceeds Rs. 50,000 in a year—and in the case of a company for every rupee of such excess, one anna in the rupee will be charged. There is an ascending scale fixed in the case of every individual, Hindu undivided family, Marumakkathayam Tharavad, unregistered firm and other association of individuals not being a registered firm or company according to the income and the maximum rate payable is 3-1/2 annas in the rupee. The levy of Super-tax will not cast any burden on most of the taxpayers proposed to be affected by it.

SIR SHANMUKAM AND COMMUNAL JUSTICE

(From Our Correspondent.)

ERNAKULAM, (By Mail).

Speaking at a public meeting this week, Sir Shanmukam Chettiar, the Dewan of Cochin, once more emphasised his faith in communal representation in the public services and observed that he had always kept before him the fundamental articles of his faith that in the situation of India at present in spite of the theories of Nationalism, it is inevitable that administrators should try to satisfy aspirations of various communities. But the Dewan added that the bullying and hectoring attitude of important communities would not pay, but only retard the progress in the direction of communal justice and harmony and repeated that in spite of malicious criticism in certain quarters, he would carry out his faith undaunted and unflinching.

SIR M. YAKUB ON COMMUNAL UNITY

(From Our Correspondent.)

ERNAKULAM, (By Mail).

Sir Mohamad Yakub, Commerce Member to the Government of India, was presented with an address by the North Travancore Muslim Association during the week when he visited Cochin.

Replying to the address Sir Mohamad referred to the inter-communal harmony and cordiality existing in this part of the country and remarked: "This is a great achievement indeed and I am sure the wise policy of the Cochin and Travancore States and particularly the far-sightedness and tolerant attitudes of the two Dethans, Sir Shanmukam and Sir C. P. Ramaswami Aiyar, are to a large extent responsible for this result."

ghalee communities and discuss the problem with them.

Dr. Kunzru will spend a few weeks in Japan on his way from Fiji to Malay, and on his return voyage spend two weeks in Burma.—A. P.



Dr. B. Sanjiva Rao, professor of Chemistry, Central College, Mysore who attended the International Conference of Chemistry at Rome arrived in Bombay by Wednesday's mail boat.

BRISK WORK IN BARODA ASSEMBLY

Two Days' Sitting Disposes Of 5 Bills And 60 Resolutions

(From Our Correspondent.)

BARODA, (By Mail).

At the resumed session of the State Legislative Assembly, held under the presidency of Dewan Sir V. T. Krishnamachari, the House disposed of 37 resolutions, and five bills.

Mr. Ramandra Amin put forth the resolution urging Government to stop protective duty imposed in Mehsana and Amreli Districts for the development of Okha Port.

The President, at the outset, made an important statement clarifying the position of the Government viz., free trade in British India and Baroda according to the Customs agreement. The Government, he said recently imposed duties on certain articles to check smuggling. Mr. Amin stressed the need of immediate action in the matter to relieve people from present hardships and popular members were very firm on the point. After much discussion, the Government agreed to send the Revenue Commissioner, and the Director of Commerce, Industries and Labour very early to Mehsana to examine the question on the spot and assured the House that the matter would be expedited.

PARSI DIVORCE.

After discussions of some more resolutions, bills were taken up. Messrs. Dimsa Daboo, Favrli Vakil and other Parsi delegates, who were specially called to help in the discussions regarding a bill to amend the Parsi Marriage and Divorce Act, put up a very strong plea to apply literally the changes effected in a similar legislation in British India and the Government accepted the proposal. A bill to amend the Marriage and Divorce Registration Act, which made the registration of a marriage under it a sufficient proof for the marriage, was referred to the Select Committee.

HINDU MONOGAMY BILL.

Or three popular bills one was postponed, one was not pressed for as the principle was accepted and Mr. Dwarkanath Setnji sought permission to introduce the Hindu Monogamy Bill and he put a very strong case to accept the principle on the plea of elevating the status of women in Hindu society and of granting equal privileges to the fair sex. A Select Committee was appointed for the purpose, the house accepting the main principle of the bill. The House passed resolutions regarding uniform legislation and rules for all Municipalities, granting free ships to Ranipara students studying in Baroda College and for changing time of elections of Prant Panchayats.

Mr. Maganbhai Patel urged Government to take steps to stop merchants from taking "Lagas" from peasants besides commission and charity, as it was an economic drain and affected the poor peasants. The Government promised to consider the matter.

The Government also agreed to publish reports of important Select Committees dealing with public questions.

Mr. Babubhai Desai advocated co-operative farming as a curative measure to increase the productive capacity of the peasants. The Government while accepting the principle expressed doubts about its practicability at the present stage and assured whole-hearted co-operation in any such activity, if started by a popular organisation.

After a vote of thanks to the Chair, the House dispersed. It was really a speedy disposal of business viz. the discussion of 60 resolutions and five bills during the course of two days.

BARODA BAN ON MIYANAS

Ahmedabad Miana Association's Protest

(From A Correspondent).

AHMEDABAD, (By Mail).

A meeting of the Managing Committee of the Miana Association, Ahmedabad, held on Tuesday last, near Daryakhan's Roza to protest against the order of the Baroda State banning Miyanas of Malla state to enter its territory. Mr. Syed Ahmed Uralzee presided. A resolution was passed protesting against this order issued by the Baroda State against the innocent Miyanas of the Malla State in Kathiawar prohibiting them from entering the State whether they had pass permits or not, and giving power to Police as well as any citizen of the State to arrest any Miyana found within the Baroda State territory and requesting H. H. the Maharajah of Baroda State to annul this order. The meeting also requested the Gujarat Provincial Congress Committee, the Kathiawar Rajkiya Parishad, Baroda State Praja Mandal and other Institutions of the like nature to protest against this order of the Baroda State. The meeting also requests all the Miyanas, wherever they are residing, to hold protest meetings and protest against this order of the Baroda State.

OBSTRUCTION TACTICS AT CONGRESS MEETING

(From Our Correspondent.)

AJMER, (By Mail).

In pursuance of the appeal issued by the president of the P. C. C. a public meeting was convened on Sunday night under the auspices of the Ajmer T. C. C. Before the secretary of the T. C. C. Mr. Bishambhar Nath Bhargava could stand up and initiate the proceedings Mr. Durga Prasad Chowdhary, proposed for the presidency of the name of Sri Narsingh Dass, against whom resolutions have been passed in the past by the Town and the Provincial Congress Committees. On being seconded by another person of his party Sri Narsingh Dass soon occupied the presidential chair.

Thereupon the Secretary of the T. C. C. raised objection and said that as the meeting was organised by the T. C. C. and only the office-bearers of the T. C. C. were authorised to conduct the proceedings, and its president, Maghana Abdul Shakoor who was present there should preside over it, the election of the president was unconstitutional.

The Secretary of the T. C. C. was compelled to declare the meeting as dissolved and the office-bearers followed by other Congressmen left the hall.

EVANS FRASER'S

Sale

THE LAST WEEK OF OUR SALE

MONDAY, AUGUST 6th
FINAL REDUCTIONS
IN ALL DEPARTMENTS

EVANS FRASER & CO.
THE FORT HOUSE, BOMBAY.

FROM THE RUGGED HUT TO AN APARTMENT



WISE, indeed, was the woodsman who thatched a hut to protect himself and his family from the rigors of oppressive Nature. But the modern apartment gives us more—spaciousness, beauty and ventilation. The progressive generations have turned from huts to apartments.

A Life Office that looks greedily for premiums from its Policyholders, ignorant of the

storms of life, is not doing all that it can. Huts are hardly safe in stormy weather. In no other Life Office are the fundamentals of Protection, Safety and Comfort so happily blended—as in WARDEN. You need FREE financial aid in a sudden illness, medical, nursing, or surgical—often expensive. WARDEN provides for this and many other life's hazards—as permanent disability, accident etc. With a service so sympathetic and liberal, no wonder WARDEN'S annual premium income has increased by 595% in two short years.



The WARDEN

INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED

Head Office: AHMEDABAD
Branches: 235, Hornby Road, Bombay • 21, Old Court House St., Calcutta
100, Budhwar Pst. Poona • 5, Erubachi Chetty St., Madras
Sub Branches and Agencies all over India

Devika Rani

COMES AGAIN ON THE SILVER SCREEN
IN ALL HER GLAMOUR

WITH

ASHOK KUMAR

IN BOMBAY TALKIES'

LATEST ATTRACTION

Vachan

Another Great Picture from the Producers of Many Great Pictures
—Full of Unique Entertainment with all that is needed to make it PERFECT!

New Story!
Brilliant Cast!!
Eye-filling Scenes!!!

SWEETEST SONGS!
SPECTACULAR DANCES!!
STUPENDOUS SETTINGS!!!

THE GREATEST
TREAT OF
THE YEAR!!!!

Distributors for Bombay Presidency, C. P., C. I. and Southern India:
Messrs. RAMNIKLAL MOHANLAL & CO.

Watch further Announcements for Date of Release!

COMING
VERY SHORTLY AT

ROXY
TALKIES

TRADE AND FINANCE

Absence Of Demand
For MoneyCALL MONEY QUOTES
AT 1/4 PER CENT.

Government Securities Steady

STEEL SHARES IN LIMELIGHT

Weekly Market Reviews

(From Our Special Correspondent)
BOMBAY, July 29.
MONEY

There was a continued absence of demand for funds during the week under review, day-to-day loans being quoted at 1/4 per cent. Government Deposits and Banks Deposits show a rise of Rs. 71.01 lacs and Rs. 149.92 lacs respectively according to the statement of the Reserve Bank of India made upto July 22, 1938. "Deposits" with the Imperial Bank of India reveal a rise of Rs. 17.25 lacs and "Loans and Advances" show an increase of Rs. 26.65 lacs according to the statement of the affairs of the Bank on July 22, 1938. Applications for three months Treasury Bills amounted to Rs. 2.85 crores, of which Rs. 1-1/2 crores were accepted at an average rate of Rs. 6-11-0 per cent. per annum as compared with Rs. 0-12-11 per cent. last week. Maturities amounted to Rs. 2 crores. Government have borrowed from the Reserve Bank of India Rs. 4 lacs under "Ways and Means". Six months fixed deposits were payable at 1-1/4 per cent.

GOVT. SECURITIES
Gilt-edged ruled quietly steady during the period under report, 3-1/2 per cent. Sterling Stock, after remaining unchanged at £94-5/8 throughout the week, closed 1/8 under at £94-1/2, while 3-1/2 per cent. Rupee Paper remained steady at Rs. 99-4. Among dated bonds, 2-3/4 per cent. 1948-52 changed hands at Rs. 100-7, 4 per cent. 1960-70 loan at Rs. 112-14 and 5-1/2 per cent. 1938-40 loan at Rs. 100-14, whilst 3 per cent. 1963-65 new loan was done at Rs. 98-4. Other scrips were almost static; 4 per cent. 1941 bonds closed unchanged at Rs. 103-5, 3 per cent. 1951-54 loan at Rs. 102-12 and 3-1/2 per cent. 1947-50 loan at Rs. 106-6, 4 per cent. 1943 bonds remained pegged around Rs. 108-10, 4-1/2 per cent. 1955-60 around Rs. 119-6 and 5 per cent. 1939-44 loan around Rs. 103-7, 5 per cent. 1940-43 loan was quoted at Rs. 118-2.

EXCHANGE
Sterling exchange was steady at the opening, sellers of spot T.T.

quoting 1s. 5-57/64d. and buyers 1s. 5-59/64d. Fair amount of business for export of gold coins and some showing of merchandise export bills gave a steadier tone to the market. Towards the close, sellers of spot T.T. quoted 1s. 5-29/32d. and buyers 1s. 5-15/16d.

On the London foreign exchange market, the sterling/dollar rate, after opening at 491.88 cents, rose to 492.75 cents, closing at 492.31 cents, while the premium on three months' forward dollars widened slightly from 0.66 cents to 0.69 cents at the finish. The sterling/franc rate, after declining from frs. 178.19 to frs. 177.96, closed at frs. 178.13. The discount on three months' forward dollars gradually narrowed from frs. 2.53 to frs. 2.18 at the close. The guilders fluctuated between 8.95-5/8 and 8.95-1/16 for spot, while the premium on three months' forward guilders was unchanged at 1.68 cents all through, but narrowed at the close to 1.46 cents. The belga oscillated between 29.12 and 29.08-1 and the Italian lira between 93.63 and 93.34-3/4. Among the Far Eastern exchange, the Shanghai dollar and the yen were stationary around 8-7/8d. and 1s. 2d. throughout the week.

GOLD
The local gold market, after opening steady, turned quieter towards mid-week in the absence of buyers and the quotation for ready gold declined from Rs. 35-11-6 to Rs. 35-8-6 closing slightly higher at Rs. 35-9-3. The price for spot gold in London also declined from 141s. 6-1/2d. to 141s. 4d. but closed a little higher at 141s. 5d. Small business for export of gold coins was done earlier in the week, but the demand eased off mid-week, making for quieter conditions at the close. Locally, the price of sovereigns declined from Rs. 23-0-6 to Rs. 22-15-0 at the close both for spot and forward deliveries. August delivery gold was quoted at even rates with the spot, while September settlement was quoted at a premium of 1-1/2 ples over spot. Local stocks of gold are estimated at about 1,50,000 tolas, arrivals from up-country at about 10,000 tolas

a day, while the offtake is unchanged at 1,500 tolas a day. Gold bullion and coins worth Rs. 1,17,266 were imported during week, while last week's shipment to London per s.s. "Ranchi" is valued at Rs. 45.77 lacs. The highest and lowest rates touched during the week were: Rs. 35-11-6 and Rs. 35-8-6 for spot, Rs. 35-11-9 and Rs. 35-8-6 for August settlement, and Rs. 35-12-0 and Rs. 35-8-6 for September settlement.

SILVER

Silver market showed marked fluctuations during the week. The quotation for spot silver, after opening at Rs. 51-0, gradually improved to Rs. 51-14-6 mid-week in sympathy with London, but later declined and closed at Rs. 50-14-6. Public interest in the silver market was revived after a considerable lapse of time and the upswing was partly actuated by buying of call option on a large scale. In London, the price of spot silver steadily improved from 19-1/2d. to 19-13/16d. mid-week, but later declined and closed at 19-5/16d. while two months' forward delivery was quoted at a discount of 1/8d. all through. In the local market, ready silver was quoted at a premium of one anna over August settlement and two annas over September settlement. Stocks of silver are estimated at about 3,000 bars, while the offtake is about unchanged at 40 bars a day. Imports during the week amounted to Rs. 16,000 in silver coins. The highest and the lowest rates touched during the week were: Rs. 51-14-6 and Rs. 50-12-6 for spot, Rs. 51-12-6 and Rs. 50-12-0 for August settlement, and Rs. 51-11-6 and Rs. 50-10-0 for September settlement.

SHARES

On the stock market, prices continued to follow the upward trend and quotations of almost all the speculative counters were marked up in spite of profit-taking sales. Towards mid-week, it appeared as though realising sales would predominate the market, but a fresh wave of buying stimulated by steadier conditions in outside markets enabled professional operators to absorb profit-taking with ease. Although the closing quotations were not the highest touched during the week, the market closed with a steady undertone.

Steel shares were again in the limelight; Tata Iron Defds. on balance recorded a net gain of over 125 points from Rs. 1,160 to Rs. 1,285, closing at Rs. 1,275, while Ordys. made headway from Rs. 249 to Rs. 268, closing little lower at Rs. 265. Similar movements characterised the cotton mill group which also evinced a steady rise; Bombay Dyeing was marked well high 45 points up from Rs. 885 to Rs. 930, but closed lower at Rs. 916, while Centuries gained from Rs. 285 to Rs. 311 and closed with a reaction to Rs. 298, Central Indias, after improving from Rs. 250 to Rs. 267, declined again to Rs. 263 at the finish; Kohinoors likewise forged ahead from Rs. 287 to Rs. 300, closing at Rs. 294, while Colaba Lands showed a consistent rise from Rs. 161 to Rs. 175 at the end. Among Hydro-electrics, Andhra Valleys suffered a perpendicular fall of 50 points from Rs. 1470 to Rs. 1420, but later found good support at Rs. 1435; Bombay Trams, on the other hand, were fairly steady during the week, the quotation rising from Rs. 114 to Rs. 116, closing lower again at Rs. 115; Tata Hydros, after opening weak at Rs. 149-8, steadily gained ground and closed at Rs. 154; whilst Tata Power, after a steep fall of over 50 points at the start from Rs. 1380 to Rs. 1330, improved mid-week to Rs. 1365, but reacted and closed at Rs. 1345. Bank and Railway shares were practically in the background; Bank of India after remaining listless at Rs. 142-12, closed at Rs. 139-8xd; Central Banks ranged narrowly between Rs. 31-4 and Rs. 31; while Reserve Banks were fairly well maintained around Rs. 117-4. Imperial Bank Fully Paid fluctuated between Rs. 1555 and Rs. 1550 and Partly Paid between Rs. 383-2 and Rs. 382-8. Ahmed. Prantji Railways were unchanged at Rs. 985 all through, while Tapti Valleys changed hands at hardening rates, the quotation improving from Rs. 737-8 to Rs. 742-3 at the end. In the miscellaneous group, Associated Cements improved from Rs. 110-8 to Rs. 112-8 and Belapur Sugars from Rs. 159-8 to Rs. 166; while Bombay Burmas after improving from Rs. 540 to Rs. 562 mid-week, relapsed to Rs. 553 at the close. Scindia Steams ranged between Rs. 21 and Rs. 20-4.

CALCUTTA

Following the lead of outside markets, jute shares in the Calcutta stock market continued to evince a steady tone with a moderate turnover.

OUTLOOK OF JUTE TRADE

Slight Decline In Prices

Calcutta, July 27.
Information received by the Indian Central Jute Committee from the Argentine and neighbouring countries, on conditions affecting the jute industry during the past month, and this is reflected in a slight decline in prices.

In line with general trade conditions, business in jute products has been dull during the past month, and this is reflected in a slight decline in prices. During the month of May, stocks received an important addition by the arrival of two steamers from India. The first, the s.s. Tymeric brought a full cargo of jute and jute goods from the Argentine and Uruguay; the second, the Glen MacNair, brought the following to Buenos Aires:—
776 bales jute, 6,501 bales of sacking, 40 bales of yarn, 266 bales of bags.

Imports of raw jute into Chile are not shown as a separate item in the published returns of the Chilean Customs, and applications to the Bureau of Statistics for information on the subject have thus far met with no response. For the year 1935, the value of the imports of raw jute has been estimated at dol 280,000 gold pesos, or say approximately £11,350. There is nothing on which to base a more recent figure.

The principal jute products used in Chile are bags for nitrates, grains, potatoes, baous, salt, guano, ores and cement; hessians for baling wool and for building purposes; cloth (i.e. coloured jute cloth) for cheap curtains, in small quantities.

CONSUMPTION
Imports of raw jute mainly go into the manufacture of bags and hessians. The principal factory consumes approximately 4,000 tons of jute per annum. It has a capacity for making 5 million bags yearly. There are two smaller factories, manufacturing chiefly hemp twines and ropes.

The annual consumption of bags is approximately 7 1/2 millions, of which grain takes say 5 millions, ores 2 millions, and cement etc. a half million. It is not regarded as probable that these figures will be exceeded during the next few years.

JUTE BAGS
Jute bags for nitrates are free from duty; but for other purposes there is a protective duty of dol 0.27 gold pesos (say 2 3/4d.) per gross kilogram, which would militate against any increase in sales of jute bags other than for nitrates; and a considerable quantity of nitrates is now shipped in bulk.

There is no local production of jute, but from 2,500 to 3,500 tons of Chilean fibre are produced each year. Chilean hemp is sold in Liverpool at from £30 to £35 per ton, whilst jute can be imported at from £14 to £18 per ton. The hemp is therefore exported, and Indian jute brought in for bag making. It is evident that lower prices would hardly increase consumption of jute, and higher prices would only check importation if they became comparable with locally produced hemp.

U. S. A.
Imports and Exports of Jute and Jute goods during the first three months (Jan-Mar) are—

	1938	1937
(tons)	(tons)	(tons)
Imports:—		
Raw Jute	24,489	28,583
Jute Butts	7,339	9,810
Waste Cloth and Bagging	4,114	4,729
Burlap (Hessians)	58,968	81,229
Bags and Sacks	6,272	6,863
Exports:—		
Jute Bags	1,750	2,204
U. S. A. Hessian Stock and Consumption excluding Pacific Coast business (in millions of yds.)		
April	1938	1937
May	1938	1937
June	1938	1937
Stock	306	358
Consumption	52	84
	47	65
	50	65

Canada:—Canada does not consume much raw jute. Jute manufactures are generally imported by the bag, carpet, textile and paper manufactures. The following statistics have been collected from establishments, whose main products are jute and cotton bags. This will show the activity of the jute and cotton bag industry but the figures should not be taken as the total of Canada for bags are also produced to some extent in other industries.

UNITED KINGDOM
Import and Export figures of the United Kingdom for five months (January-May) are given below:—

	1938	1937
Imports:—		
Raw Jute (tons)	88,600	117,348
Jute piecings (000 sq. yds.)	90,163	82,768
Sacks and bags (wt)	314,028	502,631
Exports (of the U.K.):—		
Jute Yarn (000lbs)	7,085	11,740
Jute piecings (000 sq. yds.)	31,742	63,201
Sacks and bags (wt)	365,385	445,671
Exports of imported goods:—		
Raw Jute (tons)	1,624	11,129
Sacks and bags (wt)	19,591	59,543

Big orders for the Dundee manufacturers:—From the Railways: An order, on behalf of the Railways for one million sand-bags, has been allocated over all the contractors in the industry by the Jute Advisory Panel and also 200,000 yds. of 34 cloth for sand-bags. This is of course, over and above the present existing Government contract. From the Government:—Mr. Samuel Hoare, the Home Secretary, stated in the House of Commons that already 32,000,000 sand-bags had been acquired for trench purposes in London and elsewhere, and that further orders for 275,000,000 sand-bags were in the process of being placed.

ITALIAN JUTE INDUSTRY
12,270 metric tons of raw jute was imported into Italy during the first quarter of 1938 as against 12,820 during the same period of 1937.

Imports of Raw jute in metric tons:—
1938 1937 1936
January March 30,346 26,352 32,179
Stocks of Raw Jute (in metric tons) in Hamburg and Bremen:—
1938 1937 1936
15th April 7,259 2,762
30th April 7,326 2,487

Condition in May, 1938: Buyers showed more interest. Business though, not large has been constant. Orders for a considerable quantity of sugar bags had

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, July 28.

GOVT. SECURITIES
3 1/2 per cent Paper 99/4
4 per cent 1960/70 112/14
5 per cent 1945/55 118/2

BANKS
Bank of Baroda 115
Bank of Hindustan 32/14
Bank of India 139
Central Bank 31/2
Imperial Bank P.P. 155
Imperial Bank P.P. 382/8
Indian Overseas Bank 43
Reserve Bank 51/7
Union Bank 5/7

TEXTILES
Ahmed. New Textiles 520
Ambica 234/6
Arun 395
Bhaskar 158/8
Bharatkhand 2720
Bombay Dyeing 915
Buckingham and Carnatic 198
Century India 282/8
Colaba 172/8
Delhi Cloth and Gen. Mills 355
Elgin 212/8
Gokak 158/8
Hukumchand 190
Indore 57/8
Jubilise 21/4
Khatia Makaniji 288/12
Kohinoor 472/8
Laxmi Cotton 200
Madhusudan 111/4
Morarji 145/10
Mysore 99/12
Nandlal Bhandari 90
New Great 237/8
Raipur 637/8
Rajapur 255
Sajan 97/8
Sholapur 2075
Simplex 91/4
Swaradhi 231/4
Vishnu 1165

HYDRO ELECTRICS
Andhra Valley Ord. 1435
Tata Hydro Ord. 151/4
Tata Power Ord. 1335

ELECTRICS
Ahmedabad Electric 137/8
Ajmer Electric 12/4
Bombay Suburban 14/4
Bombay Tram 115
Surat Electric 176/4

MISCELLANEOUS
Air Services of India 6N
Alcock Addwode 310
Associated Cements 109/12
Belapur 161/4
Bombay Burma New 190
Bombay Burma Old 550
Bombay Steam 22/2
Bombay Telephone 84/4
Br. B. Petrol 3/4
Burma Corporation 7/9
Dalmia Cement 10/4
Indian Bleaching 135
Industrial Investment Tr. 40/4
Indian Radio Ord. 405
Indian Radio Defd. 502/8
Indra Copper 2/8
Indian Iron 33
Mysore Sugar 22/12
Port Canning 67
Premier Construction 68/12
Rohda Industries 29/10
Scindia Stearn 20/10
Shivrajpur 45/4
Tata Oil 31/4
Tata Steel Ord. 289
Tata Steel Defd. 1302/8

JUTES.
Birla Jute 14/12
Howrah 48/6
Hukumchand 7/1
Kankarnah 472
Kankarnah 362
Lawrence 368
Reliance 63/3

Alexandria Cotton
Alexandria, July 28.

SAKEL—
November 13.70-25.
January 13.80-20.
ASHMOUNI—
August 10.45-17.
October 10.55-14.
GIZA—
November 13.42.
January 13.34-23.

been placed and bags and cloth were well enquired for. Occupation of mills was not unfavourable. Spinners and manufacturers were therefore not inclined to press their clients for new business by reducing prices. Prices remained unchanged during the month.

TURKEY
Experiments on jute cultivation in Turkey have not proved successful. At present one factory is manufacturing 600 tons of bags per annum from imported jute yarn and efforts are being made to replace jute by Turkish hemp. A second factory is under construction and will use only Turkish hemp, if possible. But if that be impossible, jute yarn will be used. Stocks of jute manufacture in Turkey are considered to be normal. Imports of jute and jute goods into Iraq:—

1936 1937

1. Fabrics and other material of flax linen (including jute cloth and dress linen goods) Total in thousand sq. metres

From India 130 99
From Iraq nil nil

2. Waxed cloths and other fabrics of flax covered with a coating of asphalt or tar etc. (including tarpaulins)

From India 5,934 8,368
From Iraq 122 35

3. Bags and Sacks Total, bags (in 000s)

From India 4,104 3,738
From Iraq 3,591 3,188

4. Tents, Awnings and Sails for ships Total value (I.D.)

From India 5,576 6,123
From Iraq 2,448 2,147

Stocks of jute goods in the Straits Settlements:—

On 30th June, 1937 April, 1938

Guinnies (in bales) 603 363
Jute Twine (in bales) 480 526
Jute Cloth (in bales) 10 4
Imports of Jute goods into British Malaya:—

SIAM.
Siam does not import raw jute. Sacking bags which are the only important jute manufacture imported are required for handling rice and its consumption depends mainly on the state of rice trade. A leading British importing firm gives the annual import figure for guinnies at 35,000-40,000 bales and the normal stock figure as 4,000 bales with 2,000 and 10,000 as limits.

DELAY IS DANGEROUS
End it with NOVUM

After years of research Dr. Lessor of Paris, has discovered an infallible remedy for menstrual delays. Makes your course run smooth. Keeps your period regular. An ideal remedy for natural birth-control. IF NOVUM is taken 4 days before "Time" or within 8 days after, family limitation is assured. Absolutely harmless. Recommended by Doctors and Nurses all round the world. Informative literature and open formula on request. Price per bottle of 21 Capsules, Rs. 12-6-0. SUPER CONCENTRATED NOVUM for immediate results in very obstinate cases of menstrual delays, often acts in a few minutes. Price per bottle of 60 Pills, Rs. 21, (Postage and Packing Free).

WARNING SHOULD NOT BE USED IN PREGNANCY OTHERWISE ABORTION WILL OCCUR

AT ALL CHEMISTS OR DIRECT FROM
HERING & KENT
REAR HOUSE, OPP. LLOYD'S BANK,
HORNBY 14 TORY, BOMBAY.

CHILDREN
LOVE
Glaxo
BISCUITS

Glaxo Biscuits are delicious and very nourishing, too. They are made by Peek Frean for the makers of the famous Glaxo Milk Food. These biscuits are packed in airtight tins to preserve their freshness in difficult climates.

PEEK FREAN

make also CHEESELETS · GOLDEN PUFF
ASSORTED CREAM · MILK (in airtight cartons)
Sole Agents:—Herbertsons, Ltd., Bombay & Calcutta.

No relief?

It is the most reliable and speedy cure for Gonorrhoea, urinary and kidney troubles, Burning Pains, discharge, swelling etc. Relieves in 24 hours. Santalex is a complete treatment in itself. Literature on application.

Santalex is a Scientific compound of Santal, Cubebs, Copaiba, Cinnamon, Methylen Blue, Cassia, Terpinol, Bromo-Camphor, etc.

PRICE
Rs. 4/-
PER BOX OF
40 CAPSULES

SANTALEX MANUFACTURING CO.
CARLTON WORKS, LONDON S.E. 15
& P.O. BOX 88, KARACHI

Santalex
for GONORRHOEA

Stockists: Kemp and Co. Ltd. All Branches, Popular Pharmacy; Perry & Co., Chimanlal Chumilal & Co., Princess St., N. Chimanlal & Co., Princess St., Bombay.

LONDON SHARE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, July 28.

Messrs. Lewis and Jones, Bombay, have received the following quotations by cable from their London Agents:—

Latest prices & Names

London Nigerian Tin Mills Ltd 0 6 3

Guest, Keon and Nettelfield 1 4 9

Turner and Newall 3 19 6

Associated Electric Industries 1 19 6

Attok Oil 60 0 0

Barsi Light Railways 60 0 0

Automatic Telephone and Eloc Ordinary 2 2 3

Castledale (Klang) Rpbber 0 2 10 1/2

Beira Railways 1 6 0

United Br Oilfields of Trinidad 0 12 7 1/2

Mamoni International Marine 1 8 8

Western Union Telegraph dol 34.00

General Electric Ordinary 3 17 6

Fairway Aviation Co Ltd 0 5 3

Parak Hydro Electric Ordinary 0 1 6

For International Rly of C

America dol 4.25

Malayalam Plantations 1 9 6

British Burma Petroleum 0 5 3

Soudan Plantation Syndicate 11 3

British South Africa (Chartered) 1 7 6

Pahang Consolidated Ord 0 16 6

Indian Copper Corp ord 0 3 9

Brazilian Traction Light and Power dol 13.25

Marlu Gold Mining Areas Ltd 0 14 4 1/2

New Goldfields of Venezuela Ltd 0 3 1 1/2

Trust of Bank and Insur-
ance Shares 0 19 9

Trust of Bank Share Units 0 18 9

Trust of Insurance Share Units 1 19 0

British Treasury Bills (3 months) 0 10 5 1/2



During convalescence after severe illness when the whole system is run down, nerves are on edge and appetite poor, no finer tonic can be taken than BURGOYNE'S EASTON'S SYRUP.

Doctors in all parts of the World recommend this reliable tonic, for its stimulating and strengthening properties never fail. Its efficaciousness is evident from the first dose and a single bottle will bring about a renewal of energy, vitality and power.

It is also invaluable for counteracting the strain of overwork or prolonged nervous tension. Order it to-day, but be sure to specify BURGOYNE'S EASTON'S SYRUP and thus secure the genuine product made under the careful supervision of expert chemists.

Other Burgoyne Products include:
PARISH'S
CHEMICAL FOOD
COD LIVER OIL
EUCALYPTUS & MENTHOL
PASTILLES
IODISED
SARSAPARILLA
EUCALYPTUS OIL

Obtainable in 4-oz. bottles from all
dispensaries, pharmacies and dealers.

**BURGOYNE'S
EASTON**

LATEST

Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON UNCHANGED

Sharp Advance In Tin

GOLD ACTIVE ON DOLLAR APPRECIATION

NEW YORK COTTON

Steady quietness prevailed in New York cotton owing to want of fresh development. The sentiment, however, improved as lower levels attracted good local support.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Stock Exchange was quiet with the irregular price movement as week-end considerations restricted initiative. Home rails were easy but Oils were firm. Among commodities Jute improved and Rubber was steady. Metals were firm and prices looked higher compared with yesterday's quotations.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER 1938	New York, July 29
Previous closing	8.57
To-day's opening	8.56
Difference	-.01
To-day's closing	8.57
Difference	nil.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1938	Liverpool, July 29
Previous closing	4.80
To-day's opening	4.80
Difference	nil.
To-day's closing	4.78
Difference	-.02

BROACH EXPECTATION

July August	Rs. 153.4
April May 1939	Rs. 166.8

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, July 29
The New York cotton was quietly steady with any fresh incentive lacking but subsequently displayed improved sentiment with lower levels attracting better support.
The trading in October began at 8.56 i.e. one point lower than the last close. Prices declined on lower Liverpool cables and scattered liquidation but soon after the market rallied on local support with the price rising to 8.56.

BOMBAY COTTON

Late Trading

Bombay, July 29
To-night Broach April May opened at Rs. 166.4 and then it improved to Rs. 166.12. New York opening advice were lower. Broach declined to Rs. 166 on some selling and liquidation, but finally closed at Rs. 166.8.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, July 29
The following were the opening range:
October (8.53/8.53) 8.56/8.55
December (8.72/8.71) 8.65/8.64
January (8.73/8.73) unquoted

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, July 29
American October (4.83) 4.79
American January (4.83) 4.86
Egyptian November (7.14) 6.81
Egyptian January (6.94) 6.99

COMMODITIES

LONDON MARKETS

London, July 29
There were no sales in Teas to-day.

JUTE

First marks C.I.F. Continent New Broch July August (£19 3/4 value) £19 1/2 buyers
Dunlop August (£21 3/4) £21 3/4
Lightning August (£20 1/2) £20 1/2

RUBBER

Spot (7 13/16 buyers) 7 13/16 buyers
Forward October December (7 15/16 paid and value) 8 paid and sellers

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay July August (£11 1/4 sellers) £11 1/4 sellers
Linseed Calcutta July (£12 7/16 sellers) £12 7/16 sellers
Linseed La Plata July (£11 7/16 sellers) £11 3/8 sellers
Groundnuts Comoranda August (£10 7/8 sellers) £10 15/16 sellers
Tin (£192 3/4 buyers) £193 1/4 sellers
Barely steady £195 3/4 buyers £196 1/4 sellers. Firm
Lead (£14 3/4 buyers) £14 13/16 sellers. Easy
Electrolytic Copper (£46 1/2 to £46 3/4) £46 1/4 to £47 1/4
Iron (112) 112

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotation
Liverpool, July 29
Liverpool wheat market closed to-day at October 67

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, July 29
U S Common New Stock (dol 58 1/8) dol 58 1/8
General Motors (dol 41 1/4) dol 43 7/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 35) dol 35 7/8
U S Steel Preference (unquoted) dol 35 1/8

3 1/2% GOVT. PAPER

Closing Quotations

Bombay, July 29
The 3 1/2 per cent Government paper closed finally at Rs. 99 1/4 at 5 p.m.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

Bombay, July 29
The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed today at 294 1/2
Closing quotations on the previous days were—
Wednesday July 20 294 5/8
Thursday July 21 294 5/8
Friday July 22 294 5/8
Monday July 25 294 5/8
Tuesday July 26 294 5/8
Wednesday July 27 294 1/2
Thursday July 28 294 1/2

INDIAN LOANS

Bombay, July 29 3-30 p.m.
3 per cent Indian (£99 1/2) 299 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£94 1/2) 294 1/2
£112 1/2 £112 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian 1958-59 (£116 1/4) £116 1/4
4 per cent Indian 1949-59 (£107 3/4) £107 3/4
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£110) £110
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1945-59 (£103 1/2) £103 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent Australian Loan 1945-70 (£105 3/4) £105 3/4

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£75 5/8) £75 5/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£103 5/8) £103 5/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£104 7/8) £104 7/8
5 per cent Funding Loan (£114 1/4) £114 1/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£102 7/8) £102 7/8
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£112 1/2) £112 1/2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, July 29
London stock exchange was devoid of much activity owing to approaching holiday.
Glittered securities kept quiet. Three and half per cent quoted at 294 1/2 i.e. unchanged.

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (14-6) 14-6
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (57-8) 57-8
Hydro Electric (5 1/4) dol 5 1/4
Electric & Mechanical (13-3) 13-3
Prinching Johnson (32-6) 32-6
Imperial Chemical (31-4 1/2) 31-7 1/2
Woolworth New Ordinary (65-0) 65-0
San Paul 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1930 (£31 1/4) £31 1/4
Dunlop Rubber (27-1 1/2) 27-1 1/2
Unilever Ordinary (38-6) 38-6
Ford Motors (18-6) 18-6
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£53 5/8) £53 5/8
British American Tobacco Ordinary (105-10) 105-10
Carreiras A (£7 5/8) £7 5/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (141-3) 141-3
P. and O. S. N. Company Deferred (21-1 1/2) 21-1 1/2
Distillers (98-9) 98-9
Bedfordshire (4-3) 4-3
British Coal (2-9) 2-9
J. and P. Coates Ordinary (38-6) 38-6
Courtaulds Ordinary (28-1 1/2) 28-9
Fine Cotton Spinners (4-0) 4-0
Vickers Limited Ordinary (21-3) 21-3
Inter Nickels (dol 50 1/2) dol 51 5/8
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (48-1 1/2) 48-9

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (19-4 1/2) 19-4 1/2
Donoro Tea (37-6) 37-6
Empire of India (27-6) 27-6

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£8 1/2) £8 1/2

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (29-10 1/2) 29-10 1/2
Gule Kelampungan (25-0) 25-0
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (30-6) 30-9

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (37-6) 37-6
Rio Corporation (11-6) 10-9
Rio Tinto (£14 1/2) £14 3/4
East Rand Proprietary (55-0) 56-3
Rand Mines (£29) £29

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£16 3/8) £16 1/2
Associated Portland Cement (81-3) 80-0
Trinidad Leaseholds (103-1 1/2) 105-0
Sun Nigel (£11) £11
Spring Mines Split Shares (28-1 1/2) 28-9
Union Corporation (£9) £9

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (26-10 1/2) 26-10 1/2
Anglo Iranian (106-10 1/2) 106-10 1/2
Burma Oil (92-8) 94-4 1/2
Mexican Eagle (6-4 1/2) 5-4 1/2
Shell Transport (93-4 1/2) 93-9
Royal Dutch (£38 3/8) £38 3/4

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£41 1/2) £38 1/4
London Midland and Scott Ordinary (£24 1/2) £14 1/2
London North Eastern Def (£2 3/8) £2 5/8
Southern Def (£14 3/8) £14 3/8
London Transport 5 per cent (£129 1/4) £129 1/4
London Transport 'C' Stock (£74 1/4) £74 1/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Home Rails Lower: Oils Firm

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, July 29
On the Stock Exchange holiday calm was very evident, but the undertone was good in sympathy with overnight rally in Wall Street. Glittered securities were higher where they were following disappointing Great Western Interim statement. Oils were firm. Industrials were narrowly irregular.
The undertone was generally satisfactory in commodities and tin advanced sharply when moderate revival of buying interest found sellers reserved.
Wall Street opened quietly firmer.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Jutes And Speculative Issues Very Active

CALCUTTA, July 29
In share market Jutes section ruled very firm. Speculative issues recorded considerable rise and other stocks also showed better movement. In coals rather less business was done due to over activity in jute and miscellaneous section. In tea limited business was done at very firm rates. In miscellaneous, Indian Iron and Steel, chief leader of the section, recovered further advances to-day on strong support and advance business took place, but at the close easier feeling was again noticed in it. Other interesting features were British Burma Petroleum and Steel Corporation both ordinary and preference shares.
The following were the closing quotations:—
Government securities: 3 per cent Government paper 28 1/3 small lot; three per cent new loan 1963/65 98 5/8; 3 1/2 per cent Government paper 98 1/4; 5 per cent loan 1945/55 116 1/2 small lot; 5 1/2 per cent loan 1938/40 109 1/2.
Banks: Reserve 117; Central 31 1/2; C. d. v. Imperial 377 3/4 ex div.
Cottons: Kesoram 7/8; Elgin Mills ordinary 117 small lot; New Victoria ordinary 115.
Coals: Aldi 4/15; Amalgamated 24/4; Bhalgora 5/1; Burra 14/4; Bokaro and Ramgarh 17/4; Deoli 7/4; Equitable 36/12; New Manohar 24/4; New Tel. Turya 2/12; Pench Valley 33/8; Ranegunge 33/7; South Karanpura 5/10; Talcher 1/8.

Jutes: Agarpara pref 188; ordinary 16/4; Anglo India 327 small lot; Bally; Barnagore 132; Belvedere 345; Caledonia 355; Craig annas 13; Clive 23 small lot; Dalhousie 316; Fort William 218 small lot; Gouropore 565; Hukmchandra 7/2; India 273; Howrah 46/11; Kamahatty 465; Kankannar 369; Kinninnor 581; Lansdowne 155; New Central 270; National 21/10; Nuddee 38/8 small lot; Reliance 62; Union 372.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corporation 7/2; Consolidated Tin 6; Indian Copper 2/9; Rhodesia Copper 1/9; Tavoy Tin 1/12; Dalmia Cement ordinary 9/14 small lot; Bengal Chemical pref 168 1/8 c. div.; Rawalindi Electric 22/12; Arthur Butler 10/12; Burn and Co ordinary 25/18; Britannia Eng 1/12; Hukmchandra T. Steel ordinary 8/6 do defd 2/4; Indian Galvanizing 18 3/4; Indian Iron & Steel ordinary 55/8; Kumardhobi Eng. ordinary 3/4; Marshalls 2/2; Saran Eng 5/13; Steel Corp 7/13; do pref 85; B. I. Corporation ordinary 3/4; Calcutta Safe Deposit 7/2; Dunlop Rubber ordinary 16/7; do second pref 98 small lot; Great Eastern Hotel 187 small lot; Indian Cables 13/1; Indian Wood Products 25/4; Rohtas Industries pref 131; British Burma Petroleum 42; Orient paper 6/1; Titeghur paper A ordinary 15/3; do second pref 10/1; Humayun Property ordinary 8; do defd 1/7; Midnapore Zemindary 83; Assam Saws 1/1; Borooah Timber 116/8; Sugar Rangoon Cane and Sugar 8/4.

Teas: Baradighi 39/4; Hattikhira 19/4; Kileot 44/4; Looah 4/2; Nagasurree 885; Pahargomah 200 small lot; Tongani 4/2; Tezpur 5.

Debtures: 1 1/2 per cent 1936/56 Debentures 102; 5 1/4 per cent 1938/50 Rohtas Industries 100/8.

A. P.

KARACHI PRODUCE MARKET

To-day's closing quotations

Sind Cotton January 15 3 3
Punjab January 13 7 3
Desi American January 18 6 0
Tone: Dull
September 20 5 9
October 21 0 9
November 21 3 6
Tone: Dull
Gram July 24 2 0
September 23 3 3
October 23 11 3
Toria July 35 6 0
September 35 10 6
November 36 2 6
Cottonseed July 15 15 5
September 16 5 0
January 16 5 6

BOMBAY FIRE AND GENERAL INSURANCE

Resignation Of Managing Agents Accepted

The third ordinary general body meeting of the Bombay Fire and General Insurance Company was held on Friday afternoon, in the Bombay Life Building with Sir Hormusjee Cawaji Dinshaw in the Chair.
The Annual Report and Accounts were submitted to the meeting. The report revealed the fact that the Bombay Life Assurance Co. Ltd. had relinquished its holding in this company, and its nominees resigned from the Board of Directors. A new directorate was formed, and the work of the company was carried on. During the first half of the year, business fell, but there was improvement during the latter half. The Chairman, in the course of

his speech, felt confident that the new Insurance Legislation which was to come into force shortly, would check severe competition, which existed to-day.

The meeting accepted the resignation of the Bombay Assurance Agencies Ltd., as the Company's Managing Agents.

The meeting elected Sir Hormusji Dinshaw, Messrs. A. Geddis, R. W. Bullock, S. P. Mistry, Manobhai Dongersee, F. E. Barucha and F. S. Mehta as directors of the company.

INDIAN COTTON PROBLEMS

Central Committee's Extension Of Schemes

The Indian Central Cotton Committee, which recently met in Bombay, considered several subjects of importance to the cotton growers and cotton industry in general. The meeting, which was the Committee's usual half-yearly monsoon meeting, was presided over by its President, Sir Bryce Burt, Vice-Chairman of the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research.

EXTENSION OF SCHEMES.

Among the more important schemes, for the extension of which provisional sanction was accorded by the Committee, were the Madras Nadam Cotton Breeding Scheme, the Punjab Root Rot Scheme, the Hyderabad Botanical Scheme, the scheme for the extension and marketing of V. 434 cotton in the Central Provinces and Berar, the Baroda (Navsari Storage) Scheme and the B. D. 8 Scheme in the Bombay Presidency. Proposals for the extension of the Central Provinces Botanical Scheme also came up for consideration, but it was felt that a general botanical scheme on the lines of the past years was no longer necessary, and the Committee, on the recommendation of the Agricultural Research Sub-committee, approved of the replacement of the existing scheme by two specific cotton breeding schemes, viz. (1) The Provinces Cotton Breeding Scheme at Nagpur and (2) The Berar Cotton Breeding Scheme at Akola. Among the new schemes provisionally sanctioned were a scheme for the distribution and marketing of Buri 107 cotton in the Central Provinces, the scheme for the extension of B. D. 8 cotton in Baroda State and the scheme for the maintenance of a nucleus of pure seed of improved strains of cotton in the Central Provinces.

Consideration of a scheme for ginning, pressing and marketing of Jayawant cotton in the Karnataka at a cost of Rs. 23,300 was deferred until the Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories (Bombay amendment) Act was made applicable to the Karnataka area.

Approval was accorded to the suggestion of the Local Sub-committee that the Government of India should be requested to include "Cotton" in the schedule under the Agricultural Produce (Grading and Marketing) Act, 1937. The first cotton to be thus marked, if the recommendation of the Committee is accepted, will be 1027 A. L. F.

The Committee approved generally of the Bill introduced by the Madras Government for the licensing of cotton ginning and pressing factories, except the clause permitting cotton to be mixed provided it was marked as such.

The work done at the Technological Laboratory was reviewed, and the purchase of new machinery was provisionally sanctioned, including a plant for the control of humidity and temperature at the Laboratory throughout the year.

In view of the general interest shown by the trade in the Reviews of the State of Foreign Trade in Indian Cotton issued monthly by the Committee, it was decided to make the review a sale publication so as to widen its sphere of usefulness.

STANDARD YIELD FIGURES.
In order to test the reliability of existing standard yield figures for cotton, the Committee accepted the recommendation of the Cotton Forecast Improvement Sub-committee that the major cotton growing provinces and States should put up proposals for carrying out crop-cutting experiments on a randomised basis for a series of years in a single district. On the basis of specimen enquiries conducted by the Committee in selected areas it was decided to recommend the adoption of the new lower figure of 450,000 bales for extra-factory consumption of cotton. In place of the previous conventional estimate of 750,000 bales. The Committee desired, however, that it should be made quite clear that the new All-India village consumption figure of 450,000 bales was still a rough estimate and a high degree of statistical accuracy was not claimed for it.

FOR LONDON
Hakozaki Maru 2-8-38 N Y Kaisha
Somali 2-8-38 P and O S N
Ranpura 6-8-38 P and O S N
Narkunda 19-8-38 P and O S N
Ormara 6-8-38 M M
Rawalpindi 20-8-38 P and O S N
Strathnaver 30-7-38 P and O S N
FOR LIVERPOOL
City of Hongkong 10-8-38 James Finlay
Cilicia 5-8-38 Anchor Line
FOR HAMBURG
Kybfels 31-7-38 L Edwards
Ehrenfels N F L Edwards
FOR NEW YORK
City of Florence 5-8-38 F F Campbell
FOR SAN FRANCISCO
Hoegh Silverlight 11-8-38 Volkart Bros
FOR PORT SAID
Livanos 1-8-38 L Dreyfus
FOR CHINA AND JAPAN
Ching Maru 10-8-38 N Y Kaisha
Jeypore 3-8-38 P and O S N

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVED

Bombay, July 29
Scindia S N ss Jalaputra of 3113 reg tons, Captain N D Anderson, arrived from Calcutta via Colombo, Tuticowin, Alleppey and Cochin with general cargo.
B I S N ss Barala of 1899 reg tons, Captain E Shepherd arrived from Basra via Persian Gulf Ports and Karachi with passengers and general cargo.
P and O S N ss Jeypore of 3209 reg tons, Captain F Ahier arrived from Karachi with general cargo.
B I S N ss Gambada of 3252 reg tons, Captain P Wright arrived from Karachi via Bedi Br with general cargo.
T Morrison ss Kohinur of 3240 reg tons, Captain T B Dunster arrived from Calcutta via Madras, Colombo and Malabar Coast Ports with coal and general cargo.
P and O S N ss Strathnaver of 13361 reg tons, Captain E E H Sterling arrived from Brisbane via Australian Ports and Colombo with passengers and general cargo.

SAILED

O S Kaisha ss Yefuku Maru of 4222 reg tons, Captain T Takeshita sailed for Kobe via Singapore with passengers local and same bottom cargo.
Scindia S N ss El Hind of 3225 reg tons, Captain J Williams sailed for Calcutta via Madras, Vizagapatam, Muscat and local cargo.
B I S N ss Ozards of 3030 reg tons, Captain W F Punt sailed for Bhavnagar in water ballast.

LOADING

The following vessels booked for loading on 29-7-1938:
S S Riva (L T) for Saigon Singapore and Bangkok.
S S Amsterdam (L D) for Port Said (for orders).

STEAMERS IN DOCKS

ALEXANDRA DOCK

Bombay, July 29
5 Jeypore 3209 Japan 3-8 M M
5 Yefuku Maru 4222 Kobe 29-7 O S
K Kaisha
11 Gambada 3252 Port Said N F L Dreyfus
14 G. I. Livanos 2866 Port Said 1-8 L Dreyfus
15 Ormara 2978 Antwerp 6-8 M M
17 Kenya 4646 Durban 2-8 M M

VICTORIA DOCK

5 Cambay Star 320 Malabar Coast 28-7 S Hassam

PRINCE'S DOCK

A El Hind 3225 Calcutta 29-7 Scindia S N
B Barala 1899 Basra N F M M
D E Naringa 4118 Rangoon 31-7 M M
F Ozarda 3038 N F, 29-7 M M
G Oostappel 348 Malabar Coast 30-7 Merchant S N
M Yarsova 1955 Basra 19-8 M M
K Rizwan 3306 N F 15-8 T Morrison
O Bankura 1896 Basra 3-8 M M

Steamers Expected

FROM LONDON

Naigora 3-8-38 M M
Chitral 4-8-38 P and O S N
Soudan 12-8-38 P and O S N
Cathay 11-8-37 P and O S N
Carthage 18-8-38 P and O S N
Comorin 25-8-38 P and O S N
FROM LIVERPOOL
City of Durban 2-8-38 K Nixon
Britannia 26-8-38 Anchor Line
FROM HAMBURG
Reichenfels 1-8-38 L Edwards
Wildenfels 15-8-38 L Edwards
FROM GOTHENBURG
Tungsha 10-8-38 L Edwards
FROM NEW YORK
Steel Rangoon 2-8-38 M M
Tampa 4-8-38 L Edwards
City of Florence 3-8-38 F F Campbell
FROM TRIESTE
Conte Rosso 15-8-38 L Triestino
Sumatra 6-8-38 M M
FROM GENOA
Conte Biancamano 1-8-38 L Triestino
Riva 3-8-38 L Triestino
FROM CHINA AND JAPAN
Hakozaki Maru 10-8-38 N Y Kaisha
Ranpura 5-8-38 P and O S N
Melbourne Maru 23-8-38 N Y Kaisha
Kidderpore 30-7-38 P and O S N
Somali 31-7-38 P and O S N

FROM BASRA

Varela 30-7-38 M M
Vasna 6-8-38 M M
Bamora 4-8-38 M M
Hoegh Silverlight 6-8-38 Volkart Bros

FROM MIRI

British Yeoman 1-8-38 Anglo Iranian Oil

FROM SYDNEY

Narkunda 13-8-38 P and O S N
Strathmore 27-8-38 P and O S N

FROM DURBAN

Karanja 20-8-38 M M
Takiwa 6-8-38 M M

FROM JEDDAH

Alavi 31-7-38 T Morrison

FROM RANGOON

Golconda 3-8-38 M M
Jalarashmi 30-7-38 Scindia S N

FROM KARACHI

China, aru 1-8-38 N Y Kaisha
Kybfels 31-7-38 L Edwards

Sailing Dates

FOR LONDON

Hakozaki Maru 2-8-38 N Y Kaisha
Somali 2-8-38 P and O S N
Ranpura 6-8-38 P and O S N
Narkunda 19-8-38 P and O S N
Ormara 6-8-38 M M
Rawalpindi 20-8-38 P and O S N
Strathnaver 30-7-38 P and O S N

FOR LIVERPOOL

City of Hongkong 10-8-38 James Finlay
Cilicia 5-8-38 Anchor Line

FOR HAMBURG

Kybfels 31-7-38 L Edwards
Ehrenfels N F L Edwards

FOR NEW YORK

City of Florence 5-8-38 F F Campbell

FOR SAN FRANCISCO

Hoegh Silverlight 11-8-38 Volkart Bros

Increased Long Liquidation In New York Cotton Market

FAVOURABLE WEATHER OVER U. S. A. COTTON BELT

Traders Await Bureau Report

BOMBAY, July 29.

The New York cotton market was in a waiting mood on Thursday pending the Bureau report or new incentive with a favourable weather map contributing to the decline of 9 to 11 points.

The New York cotton market opened steady but was very inactive. Prices declined on lower Liverpool cables combined with moderate hedging and Liverpool selling. The market then reacted on renewed strength of the Stock market which promoted local and New Orleans buying. Spot demand was quiet while there was very little forward business in new crop so far. Textiles were inactive. Finally increased liquidation appeared with the session closing barely steady.

NEW YORK MARKET.
At the opening October was quoted 3 points down at 8.53 and improved to 8.55 which was the highest level reached at noon. Later on there was increased selling and October declined to 8.57 which was the lowest level. The market closed at a net decline of 9 to 11 points. Spot cotton prices closed 9 points down at 8.57, per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.
The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet and closed at a loss of 7 to 9 points. Spot cotton prices declined 7 points at 8.22, per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.
The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a rise of 3 points with October 4.55. The market responded to higher overseas advices, Bombay buying and trade calling. Later on the market was adversely influenced by favourable weather, decline in Egyptians, scattered liquidation and stopless selling which met with American straddle buying. The market closed at a net decline of 2 points. Midding American Spot cotton prices closed one point down at 5.63, per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.
There was increased selling in Egyptian cotton Giza futures closed 14 to 12 points down and Uppers lost 7 to 3 points.

The Alexandria cotton market was easy with heavy selling. Sakels futures closed 25 to 20 lower and Ashmouni contracts declined 17 to 13 points.

ADVISE BUYING.
Messrs. P. Ghysal and Co. state:—Little change has taken place in the cotton market since we last wrote. Prices have kept remarkably steady in spite of numerous cables to the effect that buyers awaiting some fresh incentive to induce them to enter the market again. A temporary re-action in our opinion is overdue and if it takes place we advise our clients to buy.

It is too early yet to gauge the results of the U. S. Spending programme, but if it is considered in conjunction with the reports we have frequently heard of late the world's inventories are at a low ebb and require replenishing. We think that another advance in the price of cotton is justified.

We have now received details as to how the adjustment payments on the 1938 crop will be calculated, which are as follows:—

Those growers, who comply with the 1939 production control programme, will receive the difference between the average price, at which they sell their cotton between August 1st and December 31st, and 75 per cent. of the average parity price for cotton as determined by the Government for the same five months. If, therefore, the average parity price is 16 Cents and the average sale price at which a grower sells his cotton is 10 Cents he would receive an adjustment payment of 2 Cents, being the difference between 10 Cents and 12 Cents, i.e. 75 per cent. of the parity price. It is believed that the sum of \$212,000,000 is appropriated for the adjustment payments on certain stipulated commodities including cotton, but if the sum required for the actual payments turns out to be in excess of this figure then the adjustment payments will be correspondingly reduced.

A steady demand for ready cotton has continued throughout the week, but apart from this there has been no special feature in the local market. Tenders for J/August have now totalled 39,900 and the difference between the two Branch contracts has narrowed to Rs. 13-3/4.

We advise purchases of Branch A/May in all weak markets.

PRIVATE CABLES
(12-2 p.m.) 8.55-01
N. Y. October Highest 8.55-01
(12-2 p.m.) 8.55-01
N. Y. October Lowest 8.55-01
(12-2 p.m.) 8.55-01
N. Y. October Highest 8.55-01
(12-2 p.m.) 8.55-01

LONDON SEEDS
London, July 28.
Linsend La Plata Hull c.i.f. 11/8-9
ton July sellers 11/8-9
Linsend Calcutta London c.i.f. 12/8-9
ton July sellers 12/8-9
Linsend Bombay London c.i.f. 12/17-6
ton July sellers 12/17-6
Rapesed Toria Hull/Cont c.i.f. 11/13-9
ton July/Aug. sellers 11/13-9
Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f. 11/5-0
ton July/Aug. sellers 11/5-0

LONDON PRODUCE.
London, July 28.
Wheat Rosario Santa Fe parcels 30/3
August sellers 30/3
Wheat Barletta Russo parcels 30
July sellers 30
Wheat South Australian parcels 30/3
July sellers 30/3

LINSEED OIL
London, July 28.
Linsend oil London per cwt. 23/1 1/2
naked August sellers 23/1 1/2
Linsend oil London per cwt. 22/10 1/2
naked Sept-Dec. sellers 22/10 1/2

NEW YORK COFFEE
New York, July 28.
Fair Rio Coffee No. 7 quality 6 1/8
Spelter hard (Indian Brand) 12 1/2 to 15

Weather Over U. S. Cotton Belt
Eastern:—Generally fair to partly cloudy.
Central:—Partly cloudy. Thunder showers.
Western:—Partly cloudy. Thunder showers.

Cotton Tenders
Bombay, July 29.
Broad 3000
Total 42900

Cotton Room Rates
Bombay, July 29.
Extra Spr-fine Sup Fine FG Good
M. G. 127 124 121 118
Bengal U.P. 127 124 121 118
Punjab 127 124 121 118
Rajputana 127 124 121 118
Omra No. 3 149 146 143 140
C. P. No. 1 160 157 154 151
C. P. No. 2 154 151 148 145
Broach No. 2 158 155 152 152
Punjab-Ame. 183 180 177 174
Surat 212 209 206 203
Rajpipla 204 201 198 195
Navari 218 215 212 209

Ready Cotton Quotations
Bombay, July 29.
Bengal Superfine 128/30
Bengal Fine 125/27
Bengal F.G. 125/25
C. P. 1 151/53
C. P. 2 145/45
Arvi 146/48
Amraoti 140/42
Ellichpur 144/46
Berar 142/44
Khandesh 130/35
Jalna/Sailu 132/36
Burwah/Sanavad 140/43
Khandwa 140/43
Harda/Khirkiya 140/43
Mathia 122/27
Malkapur 138/42
Broach 153/58
Punjab 4 F. 173/78
Punjab 289 F. 198/208
Sindh N.T. 272/74
Kampala 260/63
Jinja 213/15
Navari 213/15

Indian Cotton Figures
RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.
Bombay, July 29.
Since 1st Sept.
In full-pressed Bales.
New York, July 28.
October 8.57-09
December 8.55-09
January 8.57-09
February 8.57-09
March 8.57-09
April 8.57-09
May 8.57-09
June 8.57-09
July 8.57-09
Middling Spot 8.57-09

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New York, July 28.
October 8.57-07
December 8.57-07
January 8.57-07
February 8.57-07
March 8.57-07
April 8.57-07
May 8.57-07
June 8.57-07
July 8.57-07
Middling Spot 8.57-07

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS
New York, July 28.
Bales.
Day's receipts to U.S. Ports 9,000
Day's exports to Great Britain Nil
Day's exports to the Continent Nil
Day's exports to China and Japan 3,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON
Liverpool, July 28.
July 4.78-03
August 4.78-02
September 4.78-02
October 4.80-02
November 4.82-02
December 4.85-02
January 4.87-02
February 4.89-02
March 4.91-02
April 4.92-02
May 4.94-02
June 4.95-02
July 4.96-02
Middling Spot 5.03-01
10-12 a.m. quotations 4.36
1/4; lowest 126; closing 126.
T/Mandi for Branch A/May 1939
May 8.74 Rs. 31 1/4 at Cross Rate 4.31 7/8.

Cotton Straddles
APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES
New York.
Oct 122 Dec 124 Jan 126 March 130
May 133 July 135 at Cross Rate 4.91 7/8
Bombay-Liverpool:—
Branch J/A. 1938 153—Liverpool July 1938 4.77 Rs. 54 3/4 at Exchange 1/6.
Bombay-Liverpool:—
Branch A/M. 1939 166—Liverpool May 1939 4.32 Rs. 48 at Exchange 1/6.
Bombay-New York:—
Branch A/M. 1939 166—New York May 8.74 Rs. 31 1/4 at Cross Rate 4.31 7/8.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES
Bombay, July 28.
Branch J/A 1938 op 153 7/8; highest 155; lowest 153 3/4; closing 153 3/4.
Branch A/M. 1939 op 167 7/8; highest 168 1/2; lowest 167 1/4; closing 167 1/4.
Omra D/Jan. op 143 3/4; highest 150 1/8; lowest 143 1/4; closing 143 1/4.
Bengal D/Jan. op 126 1/4; highest 126 1/4; lowest 126; closing 126.
T/Mandi for Branch A/May 1939
May 8.74 Rs. 31 1/4 at Cross Rate 4.31 7/8.
T/Mandi for Branch A/May 1939
(24-3-39) Rs. 22 1/2

LONDON RUBBER
London, July 28.
Smoked sheets standard ribbed
per lb. sellers 7 7/8

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, July 29.
Following a decline of 9 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened at Rs. 166 1/2 for Branch A/M. delivery and declined to Rs. 166 1/2 on scattered selling. Later there was small covering and prices rallied to Rs. 166 1/2. Business was restricted and the market was featureless.
Liverpool market opened unchanged but later on was quoted 2 points down which induced selling in the local market and prices declined to Rs. 165 1/2. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—
F. G. M. G. 152 14 0
Broad Apr/May 1938 166 0 0
Fine M. G. 147 14 0
Omra Dec/Jan. 1939 124 12 0
Bengal Dec/Jan. 1939 124 12 0

Cotton Tenders
Bombay, July 29.
Broad 3000
Total 42900

Cotton Room Rates
Bombay, July 29.
Extra Spr-fine Sup Fine FG Good
M. G. 127 124 121 118
Bengal U.P. 127 124 121 118
Punjab 127 124 121 118
Rajputana 127 124 121 118
Omra No. 3 149 146 143 140
C. P. No. 1 160 157 154 151
C. P. No. 2 154 151 148 145
Broach No. 2 158 155 152 152
Punjab-Ame. 183 180 177 174
Surat 212 209 206 203
Rajpipla 204 201 198 195
Navari 218 215 212 209

Ready Cotton Quotations
Bombay, July 29.
Bengal Superfine 128/30
Bengal Fine 125/27
Bengal F.G. 125/25
C. P. 1 151/53
C. P. 2 145/45
Arvi 146/48
Amraoti 140/42
Ellichpur 144/46
Berar 142/44
Khandesh 130/35
Jalna/Sailu 132/36
Burwah/Sanavad 140/43
Khandwa 140/43
Harda/Khirkiya 140/43
Mathia 122/27
Malkapur 138/42
Broach 153/58
Punjab 4 F. 173/78
Punjab 289 F. 198/208
Sindh N.T. 272/74
Kampala 260/63
Jinja 213/15
Navari 213/15

Indian Cotton Figures
RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.
Bombay, July 29.
Since 1st Sept.
In full-pressed Bales.
New York, July 28.
October 8.57-09
December 8.55-09
January 8.57-09
February 8.57-09
March 8.57-09
April 8.57-09
May 8.57-09
June 8.57-09
July 8.57-09
Middling Spot 8.57-09

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New York, July 28.
October 8.57-07
December 8.57-07
January 8.57-07
February 8.57-07
March 8.57-07
April 8.57-07
May 8.57-07
June 8.57-07
July 8.57-07
Middling Spot 8.57-07

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS
New York, July 28.
Bales.
Day's receipts to U.S. Ports 9,000
Day's exports to Great Britain Nil
Day's exports to the Continent Nil
Day's exports to China and Japan 3,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON
Liverpool, July 28.
July 4.78-03
August 4.78-02
September 4.78-02
October 4.80-02
November 4.82-02
December 4.85-02
January 4.87-02
February 4.89-02
March 4.91-02
April 4.92-02
May 4.94-02
June 4.95-02
July 4.96-02
Middling Spot 5.03-01
10-12 a.m. quotations 4.36
1/4; lowest 126; closing 126.
T/Mandi for Branch A/May 1939
May 8.74 Rs. 31 1/4 at Cross Rate 4.31 7/8.

Cotton Straddles
APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES
New York.
Oct 122 Dec 124 Jan 126 March 130
May 133 July 135 at Cross Rate 4.91 7/8
Bombay-Liverpool:—
Branch J/A. 1938 153—Liverpool July 1938 4.77 Rs. 54 3/4 at Exchange 1/6.
Bombay-Liverpool:—
Branch A/M. 1939 166—Liverpool May 1939 4.32 Rs. 48 at Exchange 1/6.
Bombay-New York:—
Branch A/M. 1939 166—New York May 8.74 Rs. 31 1/4 at Cross Rate 4.31 7/8.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES
Bombay, July 28.
Branch J/A 1938 op 153 7/8; highest 155; lowest 153 3/4; closing 153 3/4.
Branch A/M. 1939 op 167 7/8; highest 168 1/2; lowest 167 1/4; closing 167 1/4.
Omra D/Jan. op 143 3/4; highest 150 1/8; lowest 143 1/4; closing 143 1/4.
Bengal D/Jan. op 126 1/4; highest 126 1/4; lowest 126; closing 126.
T/Mandi for Branch A/May 1939
May 8.74 Rs. 31 1/4 at Cross Rate 4.31 7/8.
T/Mandi for Branch A/May 1939
(24-3-39) Rs. 22 1/2

LONDON RUBBER
London, July 28.
Smoked sheets standard ribbed
per lb. sellers 7 7/8

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, July 29.
Yesterday London gold prices advanced one penny at 27-1/2. The local market opened at Rs. 178 1/2 and Dollar Sterling cross rate was 4.91 7/8. London silver prices declined 1/8 to 19 1/2. The continent sold. India bought at the decline and the market was steady. Later on there was little Indian enquiry at fixed rates. New York silver was unchanged at 42 3/4 cents and Montreal futures declined 10 points. Shanghai T. T. on London was quoted 8 3/4. The local market was quietly steady with a limited turnover.
GOLD
Ready 35 9 6
Shrawan delivery 35 9 9
Shrawan Teji-mandi 0 2 0
Bhadarwa delivery 35 9 9
Bhadarwa Teji-mandi 0 4 3
SILVER
Ready 50 14 0
Shrawan delivery 50 14 0
Shrawan Teji-mandi 0 9 0
Bhadarwa delivery 50 13 0
Bhadarwa Teji-mandi 1 2 0

LONDON GOLD
London, July 28.
Spot 19 5/16
Forward 19 3/16

LONDON SILVER
London, July 28.
Gold Bars Fine per oz. 274-1/2
C. P. 2 194 10 0

Montreal Silver
Montreal, July 28.
July 42-40
September 42-30
December 42-30

LONDON METALS
London, July 28.
Copper 147 6 9
Lead 214 2 6
Tin 2194 10 0

Bombay Metals
Bombay, July 29.
Standard copper cash (buyers) 241/0
Standard copper 3 months 241/5
Electrolytic copper 246/10
Yellow metal sheets Rs. 38/0
Copper sheets Rs. 45/12
Tone:—Steady.

Precious Metals
Bombay, July 29.
The following are weekly quotations for the Precious Metals:
Platinum 100 per cent Rs. 46 per tola
Platinum 97 per cent Rs. 45 per tola
Platinum 25 per cent Rs. 14 per tola
Palladium 100 per cent Rs. 40 per tola
Iridium 100 per cent Rs. 200 per tola
Osmium 100 per cent Rs. 70 per tola
Ruthenium 100 per cent Rs. 80 per tola
Rhodium 100 per cent Rs. 250 per tola

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled
London, July 28.
August 210-18-9
September 210-18-9

Groundnuts And Seeds
Bombay, July 29.
Groundnuts Aug.— 29 1 0
Lowest 29 2 0
Closing 29 2 6
Groundnuts Feb.— 30 5 0
Lowest 30 11 0
Closing 30 11 6
Cottonseeds Sept.— 19 2 6
Lowest 19 1 0
Closing 19 0 6
Cottonseeds Jan.— 20 2 0
Lowest 19 14 6
Closing 19 14 6

Argentine Linseed
London, July 28.
July 211-8-9 Hull.

Liverpool Wheat
Liverpool, July 29.
July 60 5/4d.
October 67 1/8d.
December 64 7/8d.

Chicago Wheat
Chicago, July 28.
September 0.67 7/8
October 0.69 7/8
November 0.72 1/2

Bombay Sugar
Bombay, July 29.
Ready Java Rs. 15-4-0.
Shipment Sept. Rs. 5-7-0.
Shipment Oct.-Dec. Rs. 5-8-0.
Kesar Rs. 12-13-0.
Sarayu 12-5-0
Java Spot F. 5.90.

New York Sugar
New York, July 28.
September 1.82
March 1.91
May 1.95

LONDON SUGAR
London, July 28.
August 5s. 3 1/2d.

AMERICAN COTTON CROP
Liverpool, July 29.
Temperatures between 80 and 95, light to moderate rainfall in Louisiana, Arkansas and Oklahoma.
Forecast: Entire Belt partly cloudy.

GOVT. SECURITIES

Bombay, July 29.
3 1/2 per cent 1948/52 Loan 100/6
3 per cent 1951/54 Loan 102/12
3 per cent 1954 Bonds 103/4
3 per cent 1956 Bonds 98/4
1/2 per cent G.P. Notes (Cash) 99/6
1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 106/8
4 per cent 1948 Bonds 108/10
4 per cent 1950/52 Loan 112/4
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan 119/10
3 per cent U.P. Bonds 97/8
5 per cent 1939/44 Loan 103/7
5 per cent 1940/43 Loan 106/12
5 1/2 per cent 1939/40 Loan 100/14
FAX FREE
5 per cent 1945/55 Loan 118/2
4 1/2 per cent 1953/63 Mysore 112/4
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 124/4
1 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore 101/2
CORPORATION DEBENTURES
1/2 per cent 1974 B.P.T. 110/12
4 per cent 1974 M. Deb. 110
4 per cent 1974 M. Deb. 110
4 per cent 1974 M. Deb. 110
4 per cent 1974 M. Deb. 110
Note:—Tone steady. Rates practically unchanged.

MONEY MARKET
Bombay, July 29.
B.C. RATES—
T.T.D. 1/5 27/32
LONDON—
Bank's selling T.T.D. 1/5 29/32
Bank's buying T.T.D. 1/5 15/16
Near
5/2 Nov-March
Bank's buying D.D. 1/5 31/32
Bank's buying 3 months 1/5 to Oct
1/32 Nov-March
NEW YORK
Bank's selling T.T. 273 1/4
Bank's buying T.T. 270 1/2
PARIS
Bank's selling T.T. 1,318
Bank's buying T.T. 1,343
JAPAN
Bank's selling T.T. 78 5/8
Bank's buying T.T. 77 3/4
AMSTERDAM
Bank's selling D.D. 66 3/8
J.A.V.A.
Bank's selling D.D. 66 1/4
HONGKONG
Bank's selling D.D. 85
SINGAPORE
Bank's selling D.D. 51 3/4
SINGAPORE
Bank's selling D.D. 157 1/4
CEYLON
Bank's selling D.D. 90 1/4
NEW YORK/LONDON 4.91 7/8 28th inst.
Japan/London 1/2 1/4 28th inst.
Hongkong/London 1/2 28th inst.
Shanghai/London 1/2 28th inst.
London/Berlin 12 3/4 28th inst.
London/Belgium 19 3/8 5/8 28th inst.
London/Amsterdam 8.55 1/2 28th inst.
London/Italy 8.47 28th inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.
Gold 27-1-5 28th inst.
Silver London Ready 7/16 27th inst.
Silver London Ready 7/16 27th inst.
Silver London Forward 19 5/16 27th inst.
Silver New York Ready 43 27th inst.
Silver New York Ready 43 28th inst.
London Discounts 3 months 9/16 per cent 28th inst.
London Discounts 6 months 5/8 per cent 27th inst.
London Discounts 6 months 5/8 per cent 28th inst.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—
Call 1/4 per cent.
3 months 3/4 per cent.
6 months 1 per cent.
Tone:—Easy.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS
London, July 28.
Call Loan London 1/2
3 per cent 81 1/2
3 1/2 per cent 1954/55 103 1/2
4 per cent 1948/53 107 7/8
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55 112 1/2
5 per cent 1942/47 110
3 per cent 1949/52 89 1/2
2 1/2 per cent British Consols 75 5/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan 102 7/8
4 per cent Funding Loan 1950/90 114 1/8
Indian Iron and Steel New
Ordinary 47/8

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS
Bombay, July 29.
Yarn No. 6 1/2s.— 108 0 0
August 108 0 0
October 108 0 0
December 108 0 0
Yarn No. 10 1/2s.— 113 0 0
August 113 0 0
October 113 0 0
December 114 0 0
Yarn No. 20 1/2s.— 153 0 0
August 153 0 0
October 154 0 0
December 154 0 0

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURNS
London, July 28.
This week.
Total Bullion 327,500,000
Public Deposits 11,200,000
(A) Other deposits 151,400,000
Government securities 115,800,000
(B) Other securities 30,700,000
Notes and Coin 34,200,000
Notes in Circulation 493,300,000
Ratio of Reserve to Liabilities
(A) Other deposits include
bankers 116,400,000
(B) Other securities include
discount and advances 9,500,000
Total deposits 162,600,000
Total securities 146,500,000

Cotton Arrivals
Receipts into Bombay
on 27th July 3,758
Receipts into Bombay
to date since 1-8-1937 2,453,218
Receipts into Bombay
same time last season 3,075,349
Decrease 622,131

Pay In—Aug. 8

Sharp Rise And Fall In Steel Shares

PROFESSIONAL REALISING AT THE ADVANCE

Market Temporarily Overbought And Subject To Natural Adjustment

BOMBAY, July 29.
Yesterday the Wall-Street Market rallied on improved demand and U. S. Steel shares advanced dollars 1-3/8, while Anaconda Copper gained dol. 1-1/4.

The Local Market was cheerful to-day with month-end finding extensive short interest. The presence of the large short interest is mainly responsible for the recent firmness and to-day Tata Steel shares were pushed up to a new high level.

As pointed out before Bulls are making the most of the situation and various constructive rumours are daily appearing on the floor with a view to induce outside support.

But as pointed out before the market was getting technically weak and was entitled to unexpected reaction. This happened to-day during the later part of the session when it was rumoured that Steel shares would be removed from the Forward List. This was a mere 'guy' from a fertile brain, but at the last moment some longs had to liquidate speculative holdings as there was no intention of taking delivery.

Judging the situation, it appears that we have seen top prices for the time being as Bulls have succeeded in taking maximum benefits from short sellers. Bulls are equally aware of the attendant dangers of pushing up prices to undue levels. Thus we believe that prices will decline further before a fresh upward move and intending buyers will do well to wait for lower levels.

Tata Steel Bids. opened to-day at Rs. 1,320 and after advancing to Rs. 1

Insure with
The Nagpur Pioneer
Insurance Co., Ltd.
For Agency
Please Apply—
Branch Secretary
Gustad Chambers,
Sir Pherozeshah Mehta
Road, Fort, Bombay.

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

BOMBAY'S LEADING
HIGH CLASS HINDUS
LODGING & BOARDING HOUSE
JOSHI HINDU
LODGE
ZAVARI BAZAAR,
Opp Muli Jetha Market
Bombay 2
Tel No 2739c
Telegram: Joshi Lodge.

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JULY 30, 1938

INDIAN AMBULANCE UNIT FOR CHINA

Congress President To Present National Flag
Which Will Be Flown Over The Car During
Work On The Front

WARDHA, July 27.

The Congress Chinese Ambulance Unit Committee which met here recently, has provisionally decided that the Unit should sail for China on August 15, by M. V. "Conte Rosso".

The Committee has selected the personnel of the Unit that is to proceed from India under the leadership of Dr. M. Atal, who is reaching Bombay from Europe with medical appliances on August 1, by the M. V. "Conte Biancamano." They are Dr. M. B. Cholkar from Nagpur, Dr. D. S. Kottnis from Sholapur, Dr. H. Mukerjee from Calcutta and Dr. D. Mukherjee, also from Calcutta.

Among those that attended the meeting of the Committee were Babu Subhas Chandra Bose, Mr. J. Kripalani, Mr. G. P. Huthersingh, Dr. Jivraj Mehta and Dr. Sunil Bose.

It appears that the Secretary of the Committee received no less than 700 applications from all over India, East Africa, Mauritius, Syria, and England. About 100 of them were from practising doctors of whom two were women doctors. Two women nurses also applied, one of them being an American Canadian, who had worked for ten years in London and is at present working in Calcutta. 200 of them are from medical assistants and compounders, the rest coming from volunteers and students. From among the latter, many have been sending letters to the Secretary imploring him to select them as members of the Unit.

It is interesting to note that a retired captain of the British Army, at present in Bengal, is also among the applicants. Three Indian young men, who are expert aviators, have also applied to be selected as members of the Unit.

The Committee in selecting the above four doctors was guided by the fact of their experience they had, their preparedness to meet death if necessary, and capacity to carry on work under adverse circumstances.

JOURNALIST TO ACCOMPANY.

The Committee also got an offer from Indian journalist, who wanted to accompany the Unit, as information officer, who would supply news to India about happenings in China, especially the doings of the Congress Ambulance Unit on the War Front. The Journalist has offered to pay all his expenses, and it is gathered that the committee has accepted the offer, and in all probability, the journalist will accompany the Unit.

Enquiries show that the Committee has been able to collect over Rs. 25,000, more than the amount asked for by the Congress President. It is considered likely that, after hearing from the Unit, after it reaches there, the Committee might decide to send another batch.

The present Unit is to stay in China, as at present arranged for a year. The Committee has made it clear to those selected to form the Unit that it does not undertake any responsibility for the maintenance of their dependents or relatives in India. Efforts are, however, being made to insure the lives of these members.

The Ambulance Unit is taking with it all the necessary medical appliances, including an X-Ray apparatus. The ambulance car and a truck have already been ordered to be despatched to China from America direct, and these two will cost about Rs. 8,000. The X-Ray apparatus will cost Rs. 2,500. The medical appliances will cost Rs. 6,000 and the passage Rs. 2,000. The remaining amount will be used for the maintenance of the Unit in China.

TRI-COLOUR TO FLY.

As at present arranged, a public meeting will be held in Bombay on the 14th of August, with the Congress President Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, in the chair to give a "send-off" to the Unit. The members of the Unit will be presented special badges and the Congress President will present a tri-coloured flag to Dr. M. Atal, the leader of the Unit to be flown over the ambulance car, while working on the War Front.—A. P.

SUBHAS REACHES CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, July 29.

Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, Congress President, returned from Wardha this morning by the B. N. R. Bombay Mail after attending the meetings of the Congress Working Committee.

He was received at the station by representatives of various organisations, and was garlanded on behalf of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee and the Reception Committee of the Howrah District Students' Conference, which will be opened by him tomorrow.—A. P.

PADMA RISING RAPIDLY

Several Houses Collapse
In Faridpur District

FARIDPUR, July 28.

The Padma river is rising rapidly. Several parts of Faridpur district have been already flooded, causing damage to crops. In Pangsia and Baliakandi villages a number of houses are reported to have collapsed. The floods have also caused distress in the Gopalganj sub-division.

A District Relief Committee, with the District Judge as president, has been formed to relieve the distress, the District Congress Committee is also organising relief.

In Faridpur town many streets are under water which has also entered several houses.—A. P.

BRONZE STATUE OF COCHIN MAHARAJA

Viceroy To Be Requested
To Unveil It

COCHIN, July 28.

It is learnt that the bronze statue of His Highness the Maharaja of Cochin, which is now being made in England, will be completed and taken to Cochin in about a couple of months' time. It has been decided to put up the statue in a central place on the foreshore in Ernakulam.

It is understood that His Excellency Lord Linlithgow, the Viceroy, will be requested to unveil the statue when he visits Cochin in January next.—United Press.

Public Debt Of Japan Increasing Every Year

NEW DELHI, July 28.

In a note on "Public Debt of Japan," published in the "Public Finance series of the League of Nations," the following statement occurs:

"The total national debt has been increasing continually each year. On March 31st 1937, the increase represented about 84 per cent. above the situation on March 31st, 1928. This increase was mainly due to the increase in internal loans."

New issues of internal loans were made for financing purchases of private railways, construction and improvement of State Railways, various public works, funding and redemption of certain foreign loans, covering war expenditure in connection with the Manchurian events and the deficits on the general budget.

Foreign debt was decreased to some extent each year by means of regular redemption, but increased in 1931 owing to the issue of a 5 1/2 per cent sterling loan and gold bonds of 1930 utilised mainly for conversion, and again in 1934, by taking over sterling debentures of the South Manchuria Railway Company.



Mr. Purushotamdas Tricumdass (right), the well-known Bombay Congress Socialist leader, arrived in Bombay on Thursday after touring Europe. He had also visited the Spanish war-front to gather first-hand information.

LIFE INTEREST PRINCIPLE

Thakors And Petty Estates
Owners Anxious

TILAKWADA, July 28.

Mr. Krishnnalal P. Shah, writes: Since the application of the Life Interest Principle, the property of the Talukas is technically deemed to be of the Talukas and not of the Thakors. The Thakors may enjoy the income of the Taluka as long as they live, and therefore, the Thakors are sure of their permanent income, because any act on their part would not affect the interest in their Talukas.

But with regard to the partitionable estates having an income of below Rs. 5,000 and the primogeniture estates, having an income of below Rs. 2,500, the rule has been materially altered by the recent notification of the India Government. This rule withdraws the protection of the Life Interest Principle and consequently their interest is made liable to attachment in the execution of the Civil Court decrees.

Though the right of purchase of this interest is strictly confined to the specified particular Thakors, yet the Talukdars are agitated over the question as to whether such petty estates may cease to exist. This notification has caused the anxiety to the concerned, because many a Thakor of such petty estates is greatly indebted and the decrees of the Civil Court passed against them are not unknown.

Therefore it is very likely that such small estates will perhaps merge into the neighbouring big ones.

ELECTRIC FANS IN THIRD CLASS CARRIAGES

GORAKHPUR, July 27.

With a view to provide greater comfort to passengers, the Bengal North Western Railway have recently introduced electric fans in the Third Class compartments in one of the carriages that runs between Gorakhpur and Allahabad as an experimental measure.—A. P.

LATE MIR SIR MUHAMMAD NAZIM KHAN OF HUNZA

SIMLA, July 25.

Mir Sir Muhammad Nazim Khan, K.C.S.I., K.C.I.E., whose death on the 23rd July 1938 is reported, was installed as "Tham" of Hunza in 1892 after his brother, Tham Saifdar Ali, had fled to Chinese Turkestan following on the Hunza-Nagar expedition of 1891.

Throughout the long period of 46 years, during which the Mir occupied the gaddi of Hunza, he remained constantly loyal to his suzerain, His Highness the Maharaja of Kashmir, and to the British Government. In 1895 he assisted in the operations for the relief of the British garrison at Chitral when a small British force was besieged by a large number of tribesmen.

The late Mir attended the Coronation Durbars at Delhi in 1903 and 1911. Mir Sir Muhammad Nazim Khan was a wise ruler and a keen sportsman, being a particularly good polo player. He was created a C.I.E. in 1903, a K.C.I.E. in 1921 and a K.C.S.I. last year.

Question Of Freedom, First And Foremost

Linguistic Provinces Problem To Be Considered
Later: Congress Cabinet's Assurance To
Andhra M. S. Deputation

BOMBAY, July 29.

Mr. M. Thirumal Rao, M. L. A. (Central), Secretary, Andhra Mahajana Sabha Deputation, has issued the following statement:—The Congress Working Committee after hearing our deputation has assured us that the question of linguistic provinces will be taken up after the main political problem is satisfactorily solved.

One ought not to belittle the value of the promise made and commitment entered into in the resolution passed by the Congress Working Committee.

While the whole country reposed confidence in the matter of winning Swaraj for us, the Andhras can rest assured that the Congress high command will implement its accepted principles on linguistic provinces. I appeal to all friends to give up avoidable suspicions and criticism that will be taken advantage of by our opponents.

As for the suggestion of Sir K. V. Reddi, former acting Governor of Madras that members of the Madras Assembly should resign on this issue, the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee has set its face against all such proposals. Sir K. V. Reddi has grown enthusiastic in asking Congress ministry to create a crisis, while he was sober as long as he was in office. The people can well judge the purpose of his advice.—A. P.

ACCOUNTS COMMITTEE DISCUSSIONS

Home And Commerce Dept.
Grants Considered

SIMLA, July 25.

Grants relating to the Commerce and Home Departments came up for consideration before the Public Accounts Committee to-day.

The Committee examined the Approximate Accounts in detail and discussions related mainly to budgeting and accounting questions.

In regard to the Bengal Pilot Service and the Light Houses and Lightships Departments, both of which have commercial accounts but are run on a self-supporting basis in the interest of shipping and are not intended to do more than pay their way, the necessity for the reserve for repairs in addition to the reserve for depreciation was questioned. The Committee considered that special circumstances were required to justify the maintenance of these additional reserves and desired that the question should be looked into.

BIG HAUL OF CIGARETTE RETTE LIGHTERS

MADRAS, July 28.

It is understood that Mr. W. D'Souza, Preventive Officer of the Madras Customs, made a big haul of cigarette lighters worth Rs. 20,000 from the s.s. "Rohana" which now lies in the Madras Harbour.

Two persons of the ship are remanded in custody. Three big gunny bags full of these cigarette lighters were seized and are now in the custody of the Customs.—United Press.

Indore Leader On Hunger- Strike

INDORE, July 27.

Sgt. Hazarilal Jadia, a prominent member of the Indore Praja Mandal and Indore Congress Committee has gone on hunger-strike after a ruling by Mr. Dravid Vice-President Indore Town Praja Mandal declaring the launching of Satyagraha to break the anti-public meetings notification out of order.

The Indore State Praja Mandal had in a meeting held on 1st July, clearly declared that the launching of Satyagraha for the purpose mentioned above was not ultra-vires of the Praja Mandal Constitution. The Ruling against Satyagraha was given on a point of order raised by Mr. Bhanudas Shah a member of the Mandal, who was some time back, debarred by the State from taking active part in State politics and majority of members staged a walk out to protest against the ruling.

The hunger-strike has created a sensation in the town and an emergent meeting of the Indore Praja Mandal is being held on the 29th inst. to consider the situation arising out of Mr. Dravid's ruling and Mr. Jadia's hunger-strike.

AHMEDABAD HOTEL- KEEPERS' DIFFICULTIES

Servants Refuse To Serve
Harijans: Police Patrol
Near Hotels

AHMEDABAD, July 29.

Though hotel-keepers have not formally declared a hartal to-day, most of the hotels are closed and locked from behind.

The hotel-keepers appear to be in a predicament, as most of their usual customers have deserted their hotels and servants have refused to serve Harijans visiting the hotels.

The Police are moving about to prevent the collection of crowds near the hotels. Hotel-keepers are taking legal opinion as to how to meet the situation.

Meanwhile, one of the ways suggested is that they should return their licences voluntarily before their cancellation.—A. P.

DISTRICT JUDGE'S REVOLVER STOLEN

BAREILLY, July 27.

Theft of a five-chambered revolver, rifle and revolver cartridges, a camera and a fishing reel belonging to Mr. Radice, Additional District Judge, Nainital, have been reported.

The articles were later recovered from the possession of a sweeper, an ex-convict, who has been taken in custody.—A. P.

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE

THE CALENDAR

